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## **NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING**

## **TO: ALL STOCKHOLDERS**

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be an annual meeting of the stockholders of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the "Company") on **9 May 2024 (Thursday)** at **3:00 p.m.**, to consider the following:

#### **AGENDA**

1.	Call to Order
2.	Proof of Notice of Meeting
3.	Certification of Quorum
4.	Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting of Stockholders held on 11 May 2023
5.	Approval of 2023 Operations and Results
6.	Ratification of all Acts of the Board of Directors and Management from the date of the
	last Annual Stockholders' Meeting to the date of this meeting
7.	Election of Directors for 2024 to 2025
8.	Appointment of External Auditors
9.	Other Matters
10.	Adjournment

To provide stockholders ease and flexibility in attending the annual stockholders' meeting, the meeting will be conducted virtually, and can be accessed at the link which will be provided to stockholders after successful registration.

Attached are the rationales for the above agenda items for reference.

In accordance with the rules of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE), the close of business on **22 March 2024** has been fixed as the record date for the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of, and vote, at said meeting and any adjournment thereof.

Stockholders may attend the meeting and/or cast their vote *in absentia* by registering via e-mail at **corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph** on or before 5:00 p.m. on 29 April 2024. Upon verification of their registration credentials, an e-mail from the Corporation will be sent containing instructions on how the registered online participants may access and watch the livestream of the annual stockholders' meeting and/or cast their votes on matters to be taken up during the meeting using the e-voting platform to be set up for the purpose. The e-voting platform will be accessible until 10:00 a.m. of 09 May 2024. Participants may send in questions or comments via e-mail. Please see attached Guidelines for Participating via Remote Communication and Voting in Absentia.

Stockholders may also send their duly accomplished proxies to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at 2704 East Tower, Tektite Towers, Ortigas Center, Pasig City or via electronic copy by sending an e-mail to corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph on or before 5:00 p.m. on 29 April 2024. For corporate stockholders, the proxies should be accompanied by a Secretary's Certification on the appointment of the corporation's authorized signatory.

Validation of proxies is set on 8 May 2024. The votes already cast using the e-voting platform by that time will also be tallied on said date.

Quezon City, Metro Manila, 25 March 2024.

JASON C. NALUPTA
Corporate Secretary

#### RATIONALE FOR AGENDA ITEMS:

# Agenda Item No. 4. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting of Stockholders held on 11 May 2023

A copy of the Minutes of the 11 May 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting is available at the Corporation's website at <a href="http://crownpvc.com.ph/pdfupload/ASM%20MINUTES%202023.pdf">http://crownpvc.com.ph/pdfupload/ASM%20MINUTES%202023.pdf</a>. Stockholders will be asked to approve the Minutes of the 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

## Agenda Item No. 5. Approval of 2023 Operations and Results

A report on the highlights of the performance of the Company for the year ended 2023 will be presented to the stockholders together with the Audited Financial Statements (AFS) for 2023. The AFS were reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, and have been audited by the external auditor, Punongbayan & Araullo (P&A), which rendered an unqualified opinion on the same. Highlights of the 2023 Operations and Results are discussed in the "Management Discussion and Analysis of Operation Performance and Financial Condition" portion of the attached condensed Annual Report. A summary of the 2023 AFS shall also be presented to the stockholders. Stockholders will be given an opportunity to raise questions regarding the operations and report of the Company.

# Agenda Item No. 6. Ratification of all Acts of the Board of Directors and Management from the date of the last Annual Stockholders' Meeting to the date of this meeting

All actions, proceedings, and material contracts entered into, as well as resolutions made and adopted by the Board of Directors and of Management since the Stockholders' Meeting held on 11 May 2023 until the date of this meeting, shall be presented for confirmation, approval, and ratification.

## Agenda Item No. 7. Election of Directors for 2024 to 2025

With the exception of two independent directors whose terms have reached the prescribed limit for independent directors (nine years), the majority of the incumbent members of the Board of Directors, as reviewed, qualified, and recommended by the Corporate Governance Committee, have been nominated for re-election. Nominated for election as independent directors are Mr. Joel L. Tan-Torres and Mr. Rogerio B. Panlasigui. Their qualifications have likewise been passed upon by the Corporate Governance Committee and their nominations for election to the Board was endorsed by the said committee. Their expertise and qualifications based on current regulatory standards and the Company's own norms will help sustain the Company's performance that will, in turn, benefit the stockholders. The profiles of the Directors are further detailed in the Company's Information Statement. If elected, they shall serve as such from 9 May 2024 until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified.

## Agenda Item No. 8. Appointment of External Auditors

The Audit Committee has pre-screened and recommended, and the Board has endorsed for the consideration of the stockholders, the re-appointment of P&A as the Corporation's External Auditors for 2024. P&A is one of the leading auditing firms in the country and is duly accredited by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The stockholders will also be requested to delegate to the Board the authority to approve the external audit fee for 2024.

#### PROXY FORM

The undersigned stockholder of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the "Company") hereby appoints \_\_\_\_\_or in his absence, the Chairman of the Meeting, as attorney and proxy, with power to substitute, represent, and vote all shares registered in his/her/its name as proxy of the undersigned stockholder, at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Company on 09 May 2024, and at any of the adjournments thereof, for the purpose of acting on the following matters:

1.	Election of Direct		ominees listed below	<i>r</i> .	
	Walter H. Villanue		orninees listed below	·•	
	Eugene H. Lee Vill	anueva			
	Nicasio T. Perez				
	Derrick P. Villanue				
	Hans Joseph T. Pe	erez			
	Daphne V. Yu Fernando S. Lopez	z (Independen	at Director)		
	Joel L. Tan-Torres				
	Rogerio B. Panlasi				
	•		,		
			hority for all nominee		
	1.3.	Withhold aut	hority to vote for the	nominees listed belo	OW:
2.			evious Annual Stoc	kholders' Meeting.	
		_YesNo_	Abstain		
2	Approval of the 2	022 Appual E	Poport		
ა.	Approval of the 2				
				rd of Directors and	Management from the date
of	the last Stockholde				
		_YesNo_	Abstain		
5.	Appointment of P	unongbayan	& Araullo as exteri	nal auditor.	
٠.	Appointment of t			iai additori	
				authorized to vote	upon such other matters as
	ay properly come b				
		_YesNo_	Abstain		
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					Printed Name of Stockholder
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					Date

THIS PROXY FORM SHOULD BE RECEIVED BY THE CORPORATE SECRETARY (IN HARDCOPY TO THE OFFICE OF THE CORPORATE SECRETARY AT 2704, EAST TOWER, TEKTITE TOWERS, ORTIGAS CENTER PASIG CITY OR SOFTCOPY SUBMITTED THROUGH THE ASM ONLINE REGISTRATION PORTAL) AT LEAST TEN DAYS BEFORE THE DATE SET FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CORPORATION'S BY-LAWS.

# SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

,			_, Filipino, c	of legal age, and	with office addre	ess at,
do her	eby certify that	:				
1.	l am virtue of the l	the duly elected (the "Corporation aws of the Republic of the	"), a corpor		ized and existing	Secretary of g under and by
2.		e records, during the la				
A po in	opointed, as the sia Chemicals ostponed or ad CROWN, and	ED, thatbe e Corporation's Proxy (the Corporation ("CROWN"), fourned therefrom, with fu to act upon all matters a adjournments thereof, in	e "Proxy"), to whether the ill authority to and resolution	attend all meeti meeting is regu o vote the share on that may com	ngs of the stockh ılar or special, or s of stock of the ( e before or be p	olders of Crown at any meeting Corporation held resented during
		ED, FINALLY, That CRO continuing validity of thi				
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#### **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 20-IS**

## Information Statement Pursuant to Section 20 of the Securities Regulation Code

- **1.** Check the appropriate box
  - [ ] Preliminary Information Statement
  - [ \sqrt{] Definitive Information Statement
- 2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter: **CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION**
- 3. Province, country, or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: Metro Manila
- 4. SEC Identification Number: 159950
- 5. BIR Tax Identification Number: <u>025-000-240-902</u>
- 6. Address of principal office: <u>Km. 33 MacArthur Highway</u>. <u>Bo. Tuktukan</u>. <u>Guiguinto</u>. <u>Bulacan</u>. <u>Philippines</u>
- 7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (02) 3413-8031 to 36
- **8.** Date, time, and place of the meeting of security holders:

Date : 09 May 2024 (Thursday)

Time : **3:00 p.m.** 

Venue : Video Conferencing in accordance with SEC Memorandum Circular

No. 6, Series of 2020

- **9.** Approximate date on which the Information Statement is to be sent or given to security holders: **08 April 2024**.
- **10.** Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):

Title of Each Class

Number of Shares of

Common Stock
Outstanding

Common Stock,

P1.00 par value 630,800,000 (as of 22 March 2024)

11. Are any or all of Registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [√] No [ ]

If so, disclose the name of the Exchange : <u>The Philippine Stock Exchange. Inc.</u>

Class of securities listed : Common Shares

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE NOT REQUESTED TO SEND US A PROXY.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

## Date, time, and place of meeting of security holders

Date - 09 May 2024 (Thursday)

Time - 3:00 p.m.

Place - Videoconferencing in accordance with

SEC Memorandum Circular No. 6, Series of 2020

The approximate date on which the Information Statement will be sent or given to security holders is on **08 April 2024**.

The complete mailing address of the principal office of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the "Company") is: **Km. 33 MacArthur Highway, Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto, Bulacan, Philippines**.

## **Dissenters' Right of Appraisal**

The matters to be voted upon in the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on **09 May 2024** are not among the instances enumerated under Sections 41 and 80 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines ("Revised Corporation Code") under which a stockholder may exercise his appraisal rights. A stockholder shall have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of his shares in the following instances:

- In case any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting
  the rights of any stockholders or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect
  superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of
  corporate existence;
- 2. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in the Revised Corporation Code;
- 3. In case of merger or consolidation; and
- 4. In case of investment of corporate funds for any purpose other than the primary purpose of the Corporation.

There are no matters or actions to be taken up at the meeting that may give rise to a possible exercise by stockholders of their appraisal rights.

# Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon

No person who has been a director or officer or nominee for election as director of the Company or associate of such persons, have substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any matter to be acted upon, other than the election of directors for the year 2024 to 2025.

The Company is not aware of any director or security holder who intends to oppose any action to be taken by it during the stockholders' meeting.

#### CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

## **Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof**

- As of 22 March 2024, the Company has 630,800,000 common shares outstanding and each share is entitled to one vote.
- 2. The record date with respect to the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of and vote at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting is **22 March 2024**.
- 3. With respect to the election of nine directors, each stockholder may vote such number of shares for as many as nine persons he may choose to be elected from the list of nominees, or he may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of his shares multiplied by nine shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he shall see fit, provided that the total number of votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by nine.
- 4. Security ownership of certain record and beneficial owners and management.
  - a. Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

The following persons or groups are known to the Company as directly or indirectly the record or beneficial owners of more than 5.00% of the Company's voting securities as of **22 March 2024**:

Title of Class	Name and address of Record Owner and relationship with Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with Record Owner	Citizenship	No. of Shares Held	% of Class
Common	Nicasio T. Perez West Triangle Homes, Quezon City Shareholder	Same as Record Owner (includes shares held by Mr. Perez's wife)	Filipino	97,024,422	15.38%
Common	Walter H. Villanueva Corinthian Gardens, Quezon City Shareholder	Same as Record Owner	Filipino	70,920,000	11.24%
Common	Estate of Tita P. Villanueva Corinthian Gardens, Quezon City Shareholder	Same as Record Owner	Filipino	47,280,000	7.50%
Common	<b>Derrick P. Villanueva</b> Royal View Mansion, San Juan City <i>Shareholder</i>	Same as Record Owner (includes shares held by Mr. Villanueva's wife and minor children)	Filipino	39,136,293	6.20%
			TOTAL	254,360,715	40.32%

Apart from the foregoing, there are no other persons holding more than 5.00% of the Company's outstanding capital stock.

a. Security Ownership of Management

The following table shows the shares beneficially owned by the directors and executive officers of the Company and the percentage of shareholdings of each of them as of **22 March 2024**:

Title of Class	Name and address of Record Owner and relationship with Issuer	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizen- ship	% of Class
Common	Walter H. Villanueva Chairman of the Board, President, Head – Pipes Group, and General Manager – PVC Roof Division and Director	70,920,000 (direct)	Filipino	11.24%
Common	Nicasio T. Perez Chief Finance Officer - OIC Vice President – Treasurer and Director	47,280,000 (direct)	Filipino	7.50%
Common General Manager – PVC Pipes Division and Director		31,239,293 (direct)	Filipino	4.95%
Common Eugene H. Lee Villanueva  Director		500,108 (direct)	Filipino	0.08%
Common	Daphne V. Yu Director	5,068,188 (direct)	Filipino	0.80%
Common	Hans T. Perez General Manager - PPR/HDPE Division and Director	2,464,422 (direct)	Filipino	0.39%
Common	Marie Therese G. Santos Lead Independent Director	1,000 (direct)	Filipino	-nil-
Common	Ernesto R. Alberto Independent Director	1,000 (direct)	Filipino	-nil-
Common	Fernando S. Lopez Independent Director	10,000 (direct)	Filipino	-nil-
Common	Jason C. Nalupta Corporate Secretary	-nil-	Filipino	-nil-
Common	Ann Margaret K. Lorenzo Assistant Corporate Secretary	Filipino	-nil-	
Common	Mario Graco N. Dalunan		Filipino	-nil-
			TOTAL	24.96%

# b. Voting Trust Holders of 5.00% or More

The Company knows of no person holding more than 5.00% of shares under a voting trust or similar agreement.

# **Changes in Control**

There are no existing provisions in the amended Articles of Incorporation and amended By-Laws of the Company, which may cause delay, defer, or in any manner prevent a change in control of the Company.

# **Directors and Executive Officers**

The names, ages, and periods of service of all incumbent Directors and Executive Officers of the Company are as follows:

## **Directors:**

Name	Age	Nationality	Present Position	Period of Service in the Company
Walter H. Villanueva	69	Filipino	Chairman of the Board	22 years

Eugene H. Lee Villanueva	67	Filipino	Director	34 years
Nicasio T. Perez	66	Filipino	Director	34 years
Derrick P. Villanueva	41	Filipino	Director	14 years
Hans Joseph T. Perez	34	Filipino	Director	10 years
Daphne V. Yu	40	Filipino	Director	Less than a year
Marie Therese G. Santos	66	Filipino	Lead - Independent Director	9 years
Ernesto R. Alberto	61	Filipino	Independent Director	9 years
Fernando S. Lopez	72	Filipino	Independent Director	1 year

## **Executive Officers:**

Name	Age	Nationality	Present Position	Period of Service in the Company (officer since)
Walter H.	69	Filipino	Chief Risk Officer	2020
Villanueva			President	2019
			General Manager of PVC Roof Division	2017
			Head of Pipe Group	2014
Nicasio T. Perez	66	Filipino	Chief Finance Officer – OIC	2023
			Vice-President / Treasurer	1992
			General Manager – PVC Pipes	2014
Derrick P.	41	Filipino	Division	
Villanueva	41	Filipino	Assistant General Manager- PVC	2009
			Pipes Division	
			Risk Management Officer and	
Hone Joseph T			General Manager – PPR	2017
Hans Joseph T. Perez	34	Filipino	/HDPE Pipes Division	
relez			Assistant General Manager-	2014
			PPR/HDPE Division	
Marie Grace N.	42	Filipino	Compliance Officer	2020
Dalupan			AVP-Finance	2019
Jason C. Nalupta 52 Filip		Filipino	Corporate Secretary and Chief Information Officer	2012
Ann Margaret K. Lorenzo	35	Filipino	Assistant Corporate Secretary	2017

#### Board of Directors

With the exception of Ms. Santos and Mr. Alberto, all the incumbent members of the Board of Directors were also nominated herein, as certified by the Corporate Governance Committee composed of Mr. Ernesto R. Alberto (Chairman), Ms. Marie Therese G. Santos (Independent Director), Mr. Fernando S. Lopez (Independent Director), Mr. Derrick P. Villanueva, and Mr. Hans Joseph T. Perez, for re-election as members of the Board of Directors for 2024 to 2025. Ms. Santos and Mr. Alberto have reached the maximum prescribed limit for independent directors (nine years).

The Company's Corporate Governance Committee endorsed the nominations for the three candidates for independent directors. These nominations were given in favor of Mr. Fernando S. Lopez by Mr. Walter H. Villanueva, Mr. Joel L. Tan-Torres by Mr. Derrick P. Villanueva, and Mr. Rogerio B. Panlasigui by Mr. Nicasio T. Perez. The nominees are not related to the nominating stockholders.

To describe the business experiences of the Company's candidates for election as directors for the past five years, we have outlined hereunder their professional and business affiliations.

# Walter H. Villanueva, 69, Filipino, Chairman of the Board, President, General Manager – PVC Roof Division, Chief Risk Officer

Mr. Walter H. Villanueva is concurrently a director and stockholder of Asean Timber Corporation, Husky Plastics Corporation, WT Derrick Realty Corporation and Guiguinto Integrated Wood Industries Corporation. He is likewise the Chairman or President and General Manager of these companies. From 2005 to present, Mr. Villanueva served as the Vice President for Sales and Marketing and the General Manager for the Pipe Group of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation. He was appointed by the Board of Directors on July 19, 2019 as President of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation, effective August 1, 2019. He was also appointed by the Board of Directors as Chief Risk Officer effective July 10, 2020.

Mr. Villanueva holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Marketing from the University of the Philippines Diliman.

## Nicasio T. Perez, 66, Filipino, Director and VP-Treasurer

Mr. Nicasio T. Perez is concurrently a director and stockholder of Asean Timber Corporation and Guiguinto Integrated Wood Industries Corporation. He likewise serves as Treasurer of Asean Timber Corporation and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Guiguinto Integrated Wood Industries Corporation. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce from the University of Sto. Tomas.

## Derrick P. Villanueva, 41, Filipino, Director and General Manager – PVC Pipes Division

Mr. Derrick P. Villanueva was the Assistant General Manager – PVC Pipes Division position from July 2009 to December 2013 before he was promoted to General Manager for the same division on January 1, 2014. He is concurrently a director and stockholder of WT Derrick Realty Corporation and Husky Plastics Corporation. Mr. Villanueva holds a Diploma in Chemical Sciences from the British Columbia Institute of Technology and a Bachelor of Science degree in Entrepreneur Management from the University of Asia and the Pacific. He also finished his Regis-Ateneo MBA at the Ateneo Graduate School of Business last November 2022.

#### Hans Joseph T. Perez, 34, Filipino, General Manager – PP-R/HDPE Pipes Division

Mr. Hans T. Perez assumed his position as Assistant General Manager of the PP-R /HDPE Pipes Division in 2014. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce major in Business Management from the De La Salle University. In 2017, he was promoted to the position of General Manager of the same division. He was designated by the Board as Risk Management Officer on September 29, 2017. On May 29, 2020, he was elected as Director of the company.

## Eugene H. Lee Villanueva, 67, Filipino, Director

Mr. Eugene H. Lee Villanueva is concurrently a director and stockholder of Husky Plastics Corporation. He is an MBA Candidate in the Ateneo De Manila University and holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Pre Medicine from the University of the Philippines Diliman. He retired as President of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation effective August 1, 2019.

## Daphne V. Yu, 40, Filipino, Director

Ms. Daphne V. Yu is currently a director and broker in RE/MAX Capital. She has been in the real estate field since 2011. She first gained experience in Century Properties Group then eventually forming her own real estate brokerage, the President of Property Source PH, in 2014.

Ms. Yu obtained her BS Management Engineering Degree from Ateneo de Manila in 2004.

# Fernando S. Lopez, 71, Filipino, Independent Director

Mr. Fernando S. Lopez is currently a director and the Treasurer of A. Magsaysay Inc. and Subsidiaries. He also holds the position of President of Fairex Trading (Asia) Corp. and Magsaysay Houlder Insurance Broker Inc.

Mr. Lopez obtained his Bachelor's Degree on Accountancy from University of the East and is a Certified Public Accountant.

The business experience and affiliations of the two new candidates for election as independent directors are as follows:

## Joel L. Tan-Torres, 66, Filipino, Independent Director

Mr. Joel L. Tan-Torres is concurrently a director and stockholder of Tantor Management Corp. and Golden Towers Ventures, Inc. He also serves as an advisory board member of Elsal Ventures. Mr. Tan-Torres obtained his Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Accountancy and his Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of the Philippines.

## Rogerio B. Panlasigui, 67, Filipino, Independent Director

Mr. Rogerio B. Panlasigui is currently a director and the President and Chief Executive Officer of Intervest Projects, Inc. and Intervest Insurance Agency, Corp. He obtained his Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the Ateneo de Manila University. Mr. Panlasigui also earned his Master's degree in Business Economics from the University of Asia and Pacific.

\* Independent Director – the Company has complied with the Guidelines set forth by SRC (Securities Regulation Code) Rule 38 regarding the Nomination and Election of Independent Directors. The procedures for the nomination and election of independent director/s laid down in the Company's By-Laws are in accordance with the requirements of said Rule.

## **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

## Marie Grace N. Dalupan, 42, Filipino, AVP-Finance

Ms. Dalupan assumed her position as AVP-Finance of the Corporate Division in 2019. She was designated by the Board as Compliance Officer on May 29, 2020.

## Jason C. Nalupta, 52, Filipino, Corporate Secretary and Chief Information Officer

Jason C. Nalupta, Filipino is the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation. He is also currently the Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary of listed firms A. Brown Company, Inc., Asia United Bank, Belle Corporation, and Pacific Online Systems Corporation. He is also a Director and/or Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary of private companies Mercury Ventures, Inc., Total Gaming Technologies, Inc., Parallax Resources, Inc., SLW Development Corporation, Belle infrastructure Holdings, Inc. (formerly Metropolitan Leisure & Tourism Corporation), Belle Bay Plaza Corporation, Stage Craft International, Inc., FHE Properties, Inc., Stanley Electric Philippines, Inc., Glyphstudios,Inc., Grabagility, Inc., Loto Pacific Leisure Corporation, and Sta. Clara International Corporation.

He is a Partner at Tan Venturanza Valdez Law Offices specializing on corporate, securities, and business laws. Mr. Nalupta earned his Juris Doctor degree, as well as his Bachelor of Science degree in Management (major in Legal Management), from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1996 and 1992, respectively. Mr. Nalupta was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1997.

## Ann Margaret K. Lorenzo, 35, Filipino, Assistant Corporate Secretary

Ms. Lorenzo is the Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Corporation. She is concurrently the Corporate Secretary of the following companies: Repower Energy Development Corporation, Coal Asia Holdings, Inc., Arquee Corp., Green Asia Resources Corp., and GGO Realty Holdings, Inc. She is also the Assistant Corporate Secretary of Asia United Bank Corporation, Pacific Online Systems Corporation, Tagaytay Highlands International Golf Club, Inc., The Country Club at Tagaytay Highlands, Inc., Tagaytay Midlands Golf Club, Inc., The Spa and Lodge at Tagaytay Highlands, Inc., Joy-Nostalg Corporation, Jin Natura Resources Corp., Jin Navitas Resource, Inc., Catmon Felix, Inc., Yeoj Commoditas, Inc., Yeoj Socialis, Inc., Yeoj Turbulentus, Inc., Yeoj Universalis, Inc., Bayby Earth, Inc., Jaman Boracay Corporation, Jaman Cebu Corporation, Jaman Hari Corporation, Jaman Reyna Corporation, Jaman Tagaytay Corporation, Corellia Ventures Incorporated, Sacareen Ventures Incorporated, Iridium Ventures Incorporated, and Bluepanel Equities and Development Inc. Ms. Lorenzo is a Senior Associate at Tan Venturanza Valdez where she specializes in securities law, special projects, and data privacy. She also lectures at the Paralegal Training Program of the UP Law Center on corporate housekeeping and data privacy. She obtained her Bachelor of Arts degree in English Studies (cum laude) and Juris Doctor degree from the University of the Philippines in 2010 and 2014, respectively. She was admitted to the Philippine bar in April 2015.

## Significant Employees

No single person is expected to contribute more significantly than others do to the business since the Company considers the collective efforts of all its employees as instrumental to the overall success of the Company's performance. Other than standard employment contracts, there are no arrangements with non-executive employees that will assure the continued stay of these employees within the Company.

## **Family Relationships**

Mr. Walter H. Villanueva and Mr. Eugene H. Lee Villanueva are siblings.

Mr. Derrick P. Villanueva and Ms. Daphne V. Yu are children of Mr. Walter H. Villanueva.

Mr. Hans Joseph T. Perez is the son of Mr. Nicasio T. Perez.

Mr. Nicasio T. Perez is the brother-in-law of Mr. Walter H. Villanueva.

There are no other family relationships known to the Company among directors, executive officers, or persons nominated or chose by the registrant to become directors or executive officers other than the ones disclosed.

### **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

To the best of the Company's knowledge, there has been no occurrence during the past five years up to the date of this Information Statement of any of the following events that are material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, any nominee for election as director, executive officer, underwriter, or controlling person of the Company:

- 1. any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer, either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;
- any conviction by final judgment in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses:
- 3. being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities; and
- 4. being found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or other organized trading market or self-regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or commodities law or regulation, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

## **Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

No director or executive officer or any member of their immediate family has, during the last two years, had a direct or indirect material interest in a transaction or proposed transaction to which the Company was a party.

Related Party Transactions are discussed under Note 17 of the 2023 Audited Financial Statements.

## **Disagreement with Director**

No director has resigned nor declined to stand for re-election to the Board of Directors because of a disagreement with the Company on any matter relating to the latter's operations, policies, or practices since the date of the last Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

## **Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers**

## 1. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following summarizes the executive compensation received by the President and the top four (4) most highly compensated officers of the Company for 2021, 2022, and 2023. It also summarizes the aggregate compensation received by all the officers and directors, unnamed.

Name and Position	Year	Salaries	Bonuses	Others	Total
Walter H. Villanueva/					
Chairman/President/Head-					
Pipe Group/ General					
Manager – PVC Roof					
Division					
Tita P. Villanueva/	2023	₽ 19,771,896.00	₽ 22,135,061.40	₽ 1,512,606.94	₽ 43,419,264.34
SVP/Chief Financial Officer	2020	- 10,77 1,000.00	- 22,100,001.10	1,012,000.01	- 10,110,201.01
Nicasio T. Perez/VP-					
Treasurer					
Derrick P.					
Villanueva/General					
Manager-PVC Pipes					
Division					
Hans T. Perez/General					
Manager-PPR/HDPE					
Division					
Walter H. Villanueva/					
Chairman/President/Head-					
Pipe Group/ General					
Manager – PVC Roof					
Division					
Tita P. Villanueva/	2022	₽ 20,400,360	<del>P</del> 21,990,107.64	₽ 2,243,124.40	<del>P</del> 44,634,092.04
SVP/Chief Financial Officer	2022	20,100,000	21,000,101.01	2,210,121.10	1 11,001,002.01
Nicasio T. Perez/VP-					
Treasurer					
Derrick P.					
Villanueva/General					
Manager-PVC Pipes					
Division					
Walter H. Villanueva/					
Chairman/President/Head-					
Pipe Group/ General					
Manager – PVC Roof					
Division					
Tita P. Villanueva/	2021	₽ 22,901,454	₽ 1,264,607	₽ 5,793,996.66	₽ 29,959,607.66
SVP/Chief Financial Officer	2021	22,001,101	,201,007	. 5,755,555.66	20,000,001.00

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Nicasio T. Perez/VP-					
Treasurer					
Derrick P.					
Villanueva/General					
Manager-PVC Pipes					
Division					
Hans T. Perez/General	]				
Manager-PPR/HDPE					
Division					
CEO and the four (4) most highly compensated officers named above	Estimated 2024	₽ 19,771,896.00	₽ 22,135,061.40	₽ 1,512,606.94	₽ 43,419,264.34
	2023	₽ 20,613,896	₽ 22,135,061.40	₽ 3,962,838.30	₽ 46,711,795.70
Aggregate compensation	2022	₽ 20,400,360	₽ 24,355,287.64	₽ 3,185,124.40	₽ 47,940,772.04
paid to all officers and directors as a group	2021	₽ 24,552,648	₽ 1,381,070	₽ 7,628,996.66	₽ 33,562,714.66
unnamed	Estimated 2024	₽ 20,613,896	₽ 22,135,061.40	₽ 3,962,838.30	₽ 46,711,795.70

## 2. DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION

The By-Laws of the Corporation provide that "By resolution of the board, each director shall receive a reasonable per diem allowance for his attendance at each meeting of the Board. As compensation, the board shall receive and allocate an amount of not more than ten percent (10%) of the net income before tax of the Corporation during the preceding year."

Currently for Board meetings, the Chairman receives ₽ 25,000.00 and other directors receive ₽ 20,000.00 per meeting attended. For Committee meetings, the Committee Chairperson receives ₽12,000.00 and the members receive ₽10,000.00 per meeting attended.

For 2023, the Board received per diem allowance of P 1,372,000.00 and P 6,126,328.40 compensation (in the form of performance incentive). Net income before tax in 2022 was P 306,316,420.00.

## Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment and Change-in-Control Arrangements

There are no special employment contracts between the Company and its executive officers. Furthermore, there are no special retirement plans for executives. There is also no arrangement for compensation to be received from the Company.

## Warrants and Options Outstanding

As of **22 March 2024**, there were no outstanding warrants or options held by any of the Company's directors and officers.

There are no outstanding warrants or options held by directors and officers and consequently, there are no adjustments in the exercise price of said warrants or options.

## **Independent Public Accountants**

Punongbayan & Araullo (P&A) the Company's external auditors for 2023, will be recommended for reappointment as such for the current year. Representatives of P&A are expected to be present at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting to respond to appropriate questions and will be given the opportunity to make a statement if they so desire.

P&A audited the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. Their responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on their audit. The audits were conducted in

accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. The partner who handled the Company's external audit was Mr. John Endel Mata. Since the appointment of P&A in 2012, there has been no change in the auditor and there has been no event where P&A and the Company had any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, disclosure of financial statements, or auditing scope or procedure.

In Compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 8 Series of 2003, the assignment of Mr. Mata as P&A's engagement partner for the Company shall not exceed five years.

Punongbayan & Araullo billed the Company P 560,000.00, P 600,000, and P 640,000 for the examination of the financial statements for the calendar years December 31, 2020, 2021 and 2022 respectively, exclusive of 15% of professional fees for out-of-pocket expenses.

P&A did not render professional services to the Company for tax accounting, compliance, advice, planning, and any other form of tax services.

Under the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the policies and procedures for the audit rendered by the independent public auditors are to be taken up, discussed, and approved by the Company's Audit Committee, composed of Mr. Fernando S. Lopez as Chairman, Ms. Marie Therese G. Santos, Mr. Ernesto R. Alberto, Mr. Nicasio T. Perez, and Mr. Eugene H. Lee Villanueva as members.

The Audit Committee's decisions are based on the standards set forth by the Company for the purpose of audit or tax services, as the case may be. If the proposal submitted by the independent public auditor is within the standards set forth, then the proposal is forwarded to the Company's Board of Directors for approval.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

## **Action with Respect to Reports**

The Company will seek the stockholders' approval of the Minutes of the previous Stockholders' Meeting during which the following were taken up: (1) Call to Order; (2) Proof of Notice of Meeting; (3) Certification of Quorum; (4) Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting of Stockholders; (5) Approval of 2022 Operations and Results; (6) Ratification of all Acts of the Board of Directors and Management from the date of last Annual Stockholders' Meeting to the date of this meeting; (7) Election of Directors for 2023 to 2024; (8) Appointment of P&A as External Auditors; (9) Other Matters; and (10) Adjournment. The Minutes for the Annual Shareholders' Meeting for 2023 is annexed to this report.

The 2023 Operations and Results is contained and discussed in the Annual Report attached and made part of this Information Statement. Approval of the reports will constitute approval of the Audited Financial Statements as well as approval and ratification of the acts of management and of the Board of Directors for the past year.

## Matters Not Required to be Submitted

No action is to be taken with respect to any matter which is not required to be submitted to a vote of security holders.

## Amendment of Charter, Bv-Laws or Other Documents

No action will be taken with respect to any amendment to the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws.

## **Other Proposed Actions**

The following are to be proposed for approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

- 1. Minutes of the Previous Meeting of Stockholders;
- 2. 2023 Operations and Results;
- 3. Ratification of all Acts of the Board of Directors and Management from the date of the last

- Annual Stockholders' Meeting up to 09 May 2024;
- 4. Election of Directors for 2024 to 2025;
- 5. Appointment of P&A as External Auditors; and
- 6. Other Matters.

The acts of the Board of Directors and Management from the date of the last Annual Stockholders' Meeting up to 09 May 2024 that are for ratification are those items entered into in the ordinary course of business, with those of significance having been covered by appropriate disclosures such as:

- 1. Membership in the different committees of the Board of Directors;
- 2. Designation of authorized signatories for day-to-day transactions;
- 3. Designation of authorized representatives with various companies and entities;
- 4. Approval of 2023 Audited Financial Statements;
- 5. Opening of bank accounts and credit facilities;
- 6. Appointment of officers;
- 7. Approval of capital expenditures;
- 8. Approval of incentives of directors and officers;
- 9. Review of policies; and
- 10. Purchase or sale of motor vehicles.

Management reports, which summarize the acts of management for the year 2023, are included in the Company's Annual Report to be sent to the stockholders together with this Information Statement and submitted for the stockholders' approval at the meeting. Accordingly, approval of the Annual Report will constitute approval of the Audited Financial Statements as well as approval and ratification of the acts of management stated in the management reports during the period covered thereby.

## **Voting Procedures**

- 1. Actions to be taken at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting shall require the vote of the stockholders representing at least a majority of the Company's outstanding capital stock.
- 2. Stockholders may vote at all meetings either in person or by proxy duly given in writing in favor of any person of their confidence, and each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock standing in his name in the books of the Company. However, in the election of directors, each stockholder shall be entitled to cumulate his votes in the manner provided by law. For the purpose of this year's annual stockholders' meeting, which will be held only in virtual format, the stockholders may only vote through proxies or by remote communication (in absentia). The stockholders are encouraged to participate in the meeting by either of the following:
  - a. By submitting duly accomplished proxies to the Office of the Corporate Secretary at 2704 East Tower, Philippine Stock Exchange Centre, Ortigas Center, Pasig City or via electronic copy by emailing <a href="mailto:corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph">corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph</a> on or before 5:00 pm on 29 April 2024.

For corporate stockholders, the proxies should be accompanied by a Secretary's Certificate on the appointment of the corporation's authorized signatory.

- b. By registering your votes on the matters to be taken up during the meeting through the e-voting platform set-up for the purpose which can be accessed at **www.crownpvc.com.ph.** The e-voting platform will be open until 10:00 am of 09 May 2024.
- 3. For purposes of the 2024 Annual Stockholders Meeting, votes may only be sent via hardcopy proxies or electronically through the online voting platform or electronic sending of proxies via email.
- 4. With respect to the election of nine directors, each stockholder may vote such number of shares for as many as nine persons he may choose to be elected from the list of nominees, or he may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of his shares multiplied by nine shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he shall see fit, provided that the total number of votes cast by him shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him multiplied by nine.

# **Omitted Items**

Items 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, and 17 are not responded to in this report, the Company having no intention to take any action with respect to the information required therein.

# **SIGNATURE**

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we hereby certify that the information set forth in this report are true, complete, and correct.

This report is signed in Pasig City, on 25 March 2024.

JASON C. NALUPTA
Corporate Secretary

# CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### **BACKGROUND**

The Company was incorporated and registered with the SEC on February 10, 1989 as Crown Asia Compounders Corporation. On September 29, 2014, the SEC approved the change of the Company's name to "Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation". Its primary purpose is to engage in, operate, conduct and maintain the business of manufacturing, importing, exporting, buying, selling or otherwise dealing in, at wholesale and retail such goods as; plastic and/or synthetic resins and compounds and other allied or related products/goods of same/similar nature, and any and all equipment, materials supplies used or employed in or related to the manufacture of such products. Its registered address and principal place of business is at Km. 33 MacArthur Highway, Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto, Bulacan, Philippines.

The Company started commercial operations in 1990 with the trading of imported PE compounds and paraffin waxes. In the same year, the Company started the production and sales of PVC compounds at its plant in Guiguinto, Bulacan.

Capitalizing on its expertise in PVC formulation, CROWN expanded downstream into the manufacture of industrial plastic pipes under the CROWN® pipes brand for electrical, sanitary, potable water, and telecommunications applications.

In 1998, the Company began the production of unplasticized PVC flexible electrical pipes. Soon after, the Company's range of product lines expanded further with the introduction of PVC electrical conduit pipes and potable water pipes in 2000, and sanitary pipes and fittings in 2002.

In 2003, CROWN saw the opportunity to expand the application of its PVC compounds beyond wires and cables. It started to develop and market PVC compounds for use in packaging, IC tubes, films and bottles, as well as door and window profiles.

The Company also has expanded its lines to include pressure main distribution pipes and telecommunication conduit pipes in 2006.

On April 27, 2015, Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation was listed at the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE).

In August 2015, the Company started testing the manufacture of PPR and HDPE pipe products.

In February 2016, the Company started manufacturing its Enduro pipes.

Production of the company's PVC roofing commenced on October 2017 and started supplying projects in December 2017.

In 2018, the Company acquired ISO 9001-2015 for its Compounds and Pipes Divisions. It was also the year the company was listed by PSE as Shariah-compliant company.

In December 2018, the Board approved a P100million shares buy-back program for a period of up two (2) years, whichever comes first.

Moreover, the company was cited by Financial Times as Top 1,000 High-Growth companies in the Asia-Pacific Region in 2018 and 2019.

In 2020, the Company was also recognized by Forbes as one of the "200 Best Under a Billion" in Asia Pacific Region.

In December 2020, the Board concluded the Shares Buy-back program. Total of 20,161,000 shares were repurchased by the company.

In 2021, the CAC brand was introduced to the market for clean and comfort essentials which includes water closets, lavatories, bathroom faucets, and other accessories such as shower sets, bidets, towel racks and paper holders.

In the same year, the Company was cited as one of the Philippine's Growth Champions by The Philippine Daily Inquirer and Statista.

## **PRODUCT LINES**

# 1. PVC Compounds

## a. Wires and Cables

CROWN's Wire and Cable PVC compounds are developed to comply with PNS and International Standards like Restriction of Hazardous Substances ("RoHS"). CROWN has been able to provide high standard PVC compounds for specific applications including flame retardant compounds, high insulation resistance compounds, CT-rated and low smoke emitting compounds and sunlight/UV resistant compounds.

#### b. IC Tubes

CROWN's IC Tube PVC compounds are specially designed to protect IC chips.

#### c. Films

CROWN's Film PVC compounds are developed for cap seals, shrink films, labels, and other packaging applications.

## 2. PVC Pipes and Fittings

#### a. Crown Blue

Crown Blue is the Company's PVC potable pipes and fittings. The Company's potable pipes and fittings are assured to be extra strong and safe, high pressure resistant, non-corrosive, has smooth internal and external surfaces, and made from 100.00% virgin materials.

#### b. Crown Electrical

Crown Electrical is the Company's line for PVC electrical conduit pipes. The Company's electrical conduit pipes are assured to be self-extinguishing, highly flame-retardant, has excellent insulation resistance properties, uniform wall thickness, diameter, and color, smooth interior and exterior surfaces, and made from 100.00% virgin materials.

The Company offers two (2) types of electrical pipes, namely the Crown Supreme, which is the high impact thick wall electrical pipe, and Crown Hi-Tech, which is the thin wall electrical pipe.

## c. Crownflex

Crownflex is the Company's line for PVC flexible electrical pipes. The Company's flexible pipes are UV protected, characterized by its strength, convenience, flexibility, and high safety standard, especially against weather elements. It has uniform wall thickness and diameter and is impact and crash-resistant. It is made with high grade PVC material, self-extinguishing, highly resistant to flame, and has uniform material distribution to avoid breakage.

## d. Crown Sanitary

Crown Sanitary is the Company's line for Drain-Waste-Vent ("DWV") PVC sanitary pipe. The Company's DWV sanitary pipes are UV protected, characterized by its durability and quality, especially against weather elements. These pipes are available in three (3) categories, namely Series 500, which is thin wall, Series 600, which follows ASTM, and Series 1000, which also follows ASTM.

### e. Crown Pressure Main Blue and Wide-diameter Pipes

The Company's PVC pipe product used for high pressure waterworks, irrigation, and infrastructures. In buildings, it is the conduit by which water source from the government passes into the building reservoir or pipelines.

## f. Crown Telecom

The Company's PVC pipe product used as conduit by which telecommunications wiring passes through to reach the telecom outlet site.

## g. Crown Universal

Crown Universal is the Company's multi-purpose PVC pipe with thin wall. These pipes do not conform to BPS standards and are intended for temporary usage during the early stages of construction. These pipes are lower priced but are yet characterized by its strength and durability.

## h. Enduro Pipes

Durable pipes for the economically sensitive consumers for affordable housing projects.

## 3. HDPE Pipes and Fittings

CROWN HDPE is characterized by its toughness and flexibility, chemical resistance with thermal properties, weather and environmental stress resistance, non-corrosive properties, and high flow capacities.

The Company's brands under its HDPE pipe products are CROWN Fuerza with a PE 100 designation and CROWN Sigma with PE 80. These designations are based on the long-term strength of its materials, known as the minimum strength requirement (MSR).

## 4. PP-R Pipes and Fittings

PP-Rs or Polypropylene random copolymers are thermoplastic resins produced through the polymerization of propylene, with ethylene links introduced in the polymer chain. Because of its chemical features and fusion welding, PP-Rs are most reliable in plumbing and water supply plants, and ensures a substantially better seal tight system. They are also eco-friendly with no heavy metal content such as lead.

Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation is the first in the Pipe Industry to produce full range of PPR fittings.

## 5. PVC ROOF MATERIALS

The Crown Roofing is high impact-resistant and has the strength and durability that can withstand tough loads, will not easily flatten, get distorted, crack or break. It successfully passed both the impact resistance and flattening tests performed by QA engineering in line with accepted industry standards.

It is built with UV Protection, an important component that prevents premature aging, weakens the roofing material and cause brittleness. Climate variability exacerbate material degradation by increased dosage of harmful ultra-violet rays. Moreover, it is highly resistant to extreme weather conditions and will not crack or disintegrate when exposed to chemical compounds like acetone.

This contemporary roofing material is non-corrosive and do not rust, making them ideal for structures in areas near or by the sea. Their versatile applications cover commercial, industrial and manufacturing structures such as factories, warehouses, wharfs and seaports.

Crown responds to the country's housing needs and infrastructure development by providing an all-weather, cool roofing solution. The brand produces three roofing profiles, namely, corrugated, rib and tile types, in commercial lengths of 8, 10 and 12 feet. Volume requirements for long span cool roof in transportable length are accepted by special order.

## Management of Key Risks related to the Company

## Risks relating to the Company and its Business

# 1. Raw Material Cost and Availability

The Company's margins depend on the selling prices that the Company is able to charge for its products and the costs of the raw materials and other inputs that it requires to produce these products. The primary raw materials that the Company utilizes in the manufacture of its products include PVC resins, polymers, stabilizers, and plasticizers. The prices of these primary raw materials represent a substantial portion of the Company's manufacturing costs. The prices of these raw materials are influenced by factors that the Company cannot control, such as market conditions, general global economic conditions, production capacity in the markets, production constraints on the part of the Company's suppliers, fluctuations in oil or other commodity prices, infrastructure failures, political conditions, weather conditions, regulations and other factors.

To protect itself against adverse movements in the prices of raw materials, the Company maintains a raw materials inventory equivalent to around 45-60 days of production. In the event that any of the Company's suppliers is subject to a major production disruption or is unable to meet its obligations under existing supply arrangements, the Company can purchase such inputs from any of its other accredited local and foreign suppliers that the Company had already dealt with in the past. The Company also has a list of approved alternative materials that can substitute the raw materials it currently uses.

## 2. Operating or Process Failures and Quality Assurance

PVC pipes dominate the plastic pipes market with significant application in the construction and building industry. Given the increasing competition in plastic pipes market, the quality of the products will need to adhere to certain standards to ensure its reliability and effectiveness, such as ISO and BPS.

Any problems that the Company may incur in relation to the quality of its products can affect how the Company's customers perceive its products. This situation could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operations, and financial condition.

The Company has established quality assurance and control procedures for both its Compounds and Pipes Groups. It has dedicated quality assurance laboratories and competent and professional staff for each of its quality assurance departments in the Compounds and Pipes Group. In addition, for its Pipes Group, CROWN pipes undergo additional testing externally through the project-clients' technical consultants and/or accredited independent laboratories.

In the Company's continuing commitment to maintain the highest level of quality in its operations and products, the Company owns and continues to update its ISO certifications, certifying that CROWN operates a quality management system that has been assessed as conforming to ISO 9001:2008 for the manufacture and distribution of both compounds and PVC products. The company's Compounds Division and Pipe Group are already assessed as conforming to ISO 9001:2015.

## 3. **Power Shortages**

The Company has been relying primarily on mainstream power for the production of compounds, PVC pipes, PPR/HDPE pipes and PVC roof materials that requires a significant amount of stable power load for its operations.

Any downtime of the Company's operations over an extended period, due to power interruptions, would have adverse effect on the Company's business, operations, and financial condition.

At present, the Company has a standby generator set to partially address the prospective power shortage that will affect the country.

# 4. Imitation or Infringement of the Company's Intellectual Property Rights

In the event that the Company's trademarks under license are imitated or otherwise infringed, the Company's reputation and business may be adversely affected.

The Company has its legal team that can handle any infringement and take legal action should a litigation matter arise. Furthermore, the Intellectual Property Office closely coordinates with the National Bureau of Investigation (NBI), which apprehends infringement violators, thus the Company believes that infringement cases, if any, can be easily resolved.

# Risks relating to the Philippines

## 5. Change in Political or Social Instability in the Philippines

The Philippines has from time to time experienced political and social instability. The Philippine Constitution provides that, in times of national emergency, when the public interest so requires, the Government may take over and direct the operation of any privately-owned public utility or business.

The Philippines has a presidential system that changes the country's chief executive every six (6) years which may cause changes in the political, economic and social policies.

## a. Occurrence of Natural Calamities

The Philippines has experienced a significant number of major natural calamities over the years, including typhoons, volcanic eruptions and earthquakes.

The Company completed its flood control system in the Bulacan plant to ensure that production will not be disrupted and assets and inventories will be protected.

## **Properties**

The Company owns the following properties in Bulacan and Valenzuela covered by individual tax declarations.

#### Lands

Tax Declaration Number	Location	Area	Classification
2018-09014-01623	Bulacan	5,462.00 sq.m	Industrial
2018-09014-01624	Bulacan	892.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01626	Bulacan	3,214.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01628	Bulacan	6,415.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01634	Bulacan	2,888.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01704	Bulacan	11,935.00 sq.m.	Industrial
E-027-00381	Valenzuela	5,052 sq.m.	Industrial

# **Buildings and Improvements**

Tax Declaration Number	Location	Area	Classification
2018-09014-01625	Bulacan	140.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01627	Bulacan	2,184.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01629	Bulacan	1,150.50 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01635	Bulacan	1,980.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01636	Bulacan	500.00 sq.m.	Industrial/Residential
2018-09014-01705	Bulacan	2,835.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01706	Bulacan	468.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01707	Bulacan	3,276.00 sq.m.	Industrial
E-027-00344	Valenzuela	3,505.80 sq.m.	Industrial

The properties (lands, buildings and improvements) are neither subject of any mortgage, lien, or encumbrance nor limitations on its ownership or usage.

# Trademarks and Copyrights

The Company has various trademarks registered with the Intellectual Property Office, as follows:

CROWN's Trademarks Under License			
Registered Trademark	Registration Number	Date of Registration	Valid Until
TECHNOVINYL & CROWN DEVICE WITHIN THE CIRCLE	4-1997-123430	February 10, 2003	February 10, 2023
HI TECH WITH CROWN LOGO	4-2005-006473	October 23, 2006	October 23, 2026
PETROVIN & CROWN DEVICE	4-2006-010314	July 30, 2007	July 30, 2027
CROWN UNIVERSAL	4-2006-013658	August 13, 2007	August 13, 2027
ENDURO WITH CROWN DEVICE	4-2006-012499	August 20, 2007	August 20, 2027
CROWN	4-2006-013655	August 11, 2008	August 11, 2028
CROWN BLUE	4-2006-013656	August 11, 2008	August 11, 2028
CROWNFLEX	4-2006-013657	August 11, 2008	August 11, 2028
CROWN SUPREME	4-2006-013659	October 13, 2008	October 13, 2028
CROWN EXTREME	4-2010-011168	February 24, 2011	February 24, 2031
CROWN HYDRO-PLUS	4-2014-00003801	August 7, 2014	August 7, 2024
CROWN HYDRO-FLEX	4-2014-00003802	August 7, 2014	August 7, 2024
CROWN HYDRO-TECH	4-2014-00003804	September 18, 2014	September 18, 2024
CROWN RED AND GREEN	4-2014-00004482	December 11, 2014	December 11, 2024
CROWN FUERZA	4-2014-00007463	February 12,2015	February 12, 2025
CROWN SIGMA	4-2014-00007464	February 12, 2015	February 12, 2025
CROWN CorrWave	4-2017-011461	November 23,2017	November 23, 2027
CROWN ClearBright	4-2017-011460	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027
CROWN StrongRib	4-2017-011462	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027
CROWN SmartRoof	4-2017-011464	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027
CROWN TileTech	4-2017-011465	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027
CROWN HeatProtect	4-2017-011463	April 26, 2018	April 26, 2028

The Company has a team that handles renewal of trade registrations.

# DISAGREEMENT WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

P&A audited the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. Their responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on their audit. The audits were conducted in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing. The partner who handled the Company's external audit was Mr. John Endel Mata. Since the appointment of P&A in 2012, there has been no change in auditor and there was no event where P&A and the Company had any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, disclosure of financial statements, or auditing scope or procedure.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATION PERFORMANCE AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

### FY 2023 versus 2022

## 1. Results of Operations

Material Changes to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2023 compared to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2022 (increase/ decrease of 5.00% or more)

#### Revenues

Revenues decreased by 14% or by \$\mathbb{P}\$254.12M from \$\mathbb{P}\$1,706.82M in 2022 to \$\mathbb{P}\$1,506.70M in 2023. During the first quarter of the year, the Company's revenue was falling behind when compared to same period last year. 51% of the decline in the said quarter came from export sales of the Compounds Division. The situation for the said segment reversed as it slowly increased its sales. However, the increase in these periods were not enough to cover the sales loss in the first quarter. On the other hand, Pipes Division, had a slow turnout of sales as there was slowdown in the infrastructure project which is brought about by high interest rates.

#### Cost of Sales

Total Cost of Sales for the year was at ₽956.68M. Comparing this with 2022 cost of sales, it declined by ₽262.1M or by 22%. This is mainly driven by the decline in sales during the year. It can be noted that the decline in

## Other Income (Charges)

Total Other Income (Charges) comprising of foreign currency gains (loss), financial cost, finance income and other income increased by ₽5.2M or by 98% from ₽5.33M in 2022 to ₽10.53M in 2023. This is due to the amount of interest income earned from peso and dollar time deposits placed towards the end of 2022.

## Tax Expense

There was an increase in tax expense of P4.95M or 6% from P77.42M in 2022 to 82.37M in 2023. Despite the decline in sales, taxable income still increased due to reduction in production and operating costs.

## 2. Financial Condition

Material Changes to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2023 compared to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2022 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased by 46.75% or by ₽119.44M from ₽255.03M in 2022 to ₽374.24M in 2023. This is driven by collections from customers, increased advance payments made by clients, and lesser payments to raw material suppliers as purchases for the year dropped by 24%.

## Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and Other Receivables increased by 16.81% or by ₱49.50M from ₱294.42 in 2022 to ₱343.92M in 2023. This increase is due the generated credit sales during the year and slightly longer collection days as compared to last year.

## Prepayments and Other Current Assets

Prepayments and other current assets increased by 29.58% or by ₽34.49M from ₽116.58 in 2022 to ₽151.07M in 2023. This is mainly due to the short-term placements which were mostly placed in 2023.

## Property, plant and equipment - net

Property, plant and equipment – net increased by 26.03% or by ₽174.92 from ₽671.96M to ₽846.88M. This is significantly due to the revaluation of land that happens every 2 years, and the recognition of a land being

purchased on installment basis. While no transfer of title yet was made for the land being purchased, the provision in the Contract to Sell which states Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation can pre-use the land warrants the recognition of land in its books.

## Right of Use Assets - Net

Right of use asset decreased by 9.08% or ₽1.34M from ₽14.76M in 2022 to ₽13.42M in 2023. This is mainly due to the monthly depreciation of right of use asset.

## Post-Employment defined benefit asset

Retirement Asset decreased by 32.80% or \( \begin{align\*} \) 1.53M from \( \begin{align\*} \) 4.67M in 2022 to \( \begin{align\*} \) 3.14M in 2023. Based on the 2022 Actuarial Report for the Company's Employee Retirement Fund, the fair value of plan assets increased by \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} \) 1.43M. However, the present value of the retirement obligation also increased \( \begin{align\*} \begin{align\*} \) 3.37M. This caused the noted decline in the post-employment benefit asset.

### Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets increased by 193.34% or ₽24.78M from ₽12.82M in 2022 to ₽37.52M in 2023. This is mainly due to the advanced payments/downpayments made in November and December for the purchase of trucks and machines to be used in operations. The increase is also driven by the recognized deferred input VAT on the land being purchased on installment.

## Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables increased by 36.53% or ₽78.37M from ₽214.52M in 2022 to ₽292.89M in 2023. This is due the increase in advance payments made by customers and, the recognition of liability from the land being purchased on installment for entire installment period.

Mortgage Payable-Current

Mortgage payable decreased by 83.19% or ₽1.65M from ₽1.99M in 2022 to ₽0.33M in 2023 due to a vehicle mortgage that will be fully settled in 2024.

## Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities decreased by 34.73% or ₽1.50M from ₽4.33M in 2022 to ₽2.83M in 2023. This is due to the non-renewal of a warehouse lease contract in one of the Company's sales depots.

## Deferred Tax Liabilities - net

Net Deferred Tax Liabilities increased by 26.47% or  $\rightleftharpoons$ 19.09M from  $\rightleftharpoons$ 72.11M in 2022 to  $\rightleftharpoons$ 91.19M in 2023. The increase is mainly due to the revaluation of land properties of the Company.

## Revaluation Reserve

Revaluation Reserve increased by 21.83% or  $\rightleftharpoons$ 192.89M from  $\rightleftharpoons$ 883.56M in 2022 to  $\rightleftharpoons$ 1,076.45M in 2023. This is due to the revaluation of land properties of the Company which happens every 2 years.

## Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings increased by 21.83% or ₱192.89M from ₱883.56M in 2022 to ₱1,076.45M in 2023. The increase is due to the generated profit after tax during the year reduced by the ₱54.96M dividends paid in May and July 2023.

## 3. Key Performance Indicators

LIQUIDITY RATIOS			
Key Indicators	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Current ratio	5.20 : 1.00	5.95 : 1.00	
Acid test ratio	2.55 : 1.00	2.41 : 1.00	
Book value per share	3.30	2.88	
	SOLVENCY RATIOS	SOLVENCY RATIOS	
Key Indicators	December 31, 2023	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	
Debt to equity ratio	0.23 : 1.00	0.18 : 1.00	
Asset to equity ratio	1.23 : 1.00	1.18 : 1.00	
	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	
Key Indicators	December 31, 2023	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	
Earnings per share	0.41	0.37	
Return on assets	9.97%	11.03%	
Return on equity	12.30%	13.00%	
Gross profit ratio	36.50%	30.78%	
Net profit (after tax) ratio	16.45%	13.00%	

#### Notes:

- Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)
   To test the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts.
- 2. Acid Test Ratio (Quick Assets/Current Liabilities)
  Measures the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts from its most liquid assets without relying on inventory.
- 3. Book Value per Share (Equity/Shares Outstanding)

  Measures the amount of net assets available to stockholders of a given type of stock.
- 4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Equity)
  Measures the amount of total assets provided by stockholders.
- 5. Asset to Equity Ratio (Total Assets/Total Equity)
  Shows the relationship of the total assets to the portion owned by the stockholders.
  Indicates the Company's leverage, the amount of debt used to finance the firm.
- 6. Earnings per Share (Net Profit/Shares Outstanding) Reflects the Company's earning capability.
- 7. Return on Assets (Net Profit/Average Total Assets) Indicates whether assets are being used efficiently and effectively.
- 8. Return on Equity (Net Profit/Average Total Equity)
  Measures the ability of the company to generate profit from investment of stockholders.
- 9. Gross Profit Ratio (Gross Profit/Revenues)
  Measures the percentage of gross income to sales.
- Net Profit Ratio (Net Profit/Revenues)
   Measures the percentage of net income to sales.

### FY 2022 versus 2021

## 1. Results of Operations

Material Changes to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2022 compared to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2021 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

## Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin increased by 13% or by 63.46M from P478M in 2021 to P542M. This is due to the implemented price increases of Pipes and PPR products as well as decrease in the unit purchase price of major raw materials used in production.

## Other Operating Expenses

A significant increase in operating expenses was noted at 27% or P50.95M from P190.10M in 2021 to P241.04M in 2022. Contributing to this material change is the increase in salaries of employees arising from promotion and annual salary adjustments, travel and fuels costs, commission and marketing expenses to boost sales.

## **Finance Cost**

There was a 5% drop in finance cost due to the decrease in interest expense from our mortgage on vehicles and trucks. The mortgages have a 5-year term and were taken in the years 2018 and 2019. Full settlement will be in 2023 and 2024.

## Foreign Exchange Gains - net

Foreign exchange gains decreased by 33% due to the decrease in the Company's dollar denominated sales transactions during the year while US Dollar strengthens its value.

## Tax Expense

2022 tax expense increased by 8% or by \$\mathbb{P} 6.14\text{M}\$ due to higher taxable income as compared in 2021. There were tax credits arising from the change in the corporate income tax rate in 2020 which was carried over to 2021 resulting to lower 2021 tax expense.

## 2. Financial Condition

Material Changes to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2022 compared to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased by 135% or by P146.40M from P108.63M in 2021 to P255.03M in 2022. The increase in driven by the improvements in collections from customers. Also, the cost of raw materials decreased thereby reducing the amounts paid to suppliers.

# Trade and Other Receivables

Due to the improvements in customer collections, trade and other receivable decreased by 13% or P43.83M from P339.06 to P295.23M. Further, the company implemented a stricter credit evaluation for existing and new customers.

## Prepayments and Other Current Assets

Prepayments and other current assets decreased by 15% or by \$\mathbb{P}\$21.34M from \$\mathbb{P}\$137.92 in 2021 to \$\mathbb{P}\$116.58M in 2022 due to higher amount of input vat claimed and used against output vat during the year.

### Right of Use Assets - Net

Right of use asset decreased by 12% or ₽2.08M from ₽16.84M to ₽14.76M due to the monthly depreciation of right of use asset.

## Post-Employment defined benefit asset

Retirement Asset increased by 59% or 1.73M from \$\mathbb{P}2.94\$ to \$\mathbb{P}4.67M\$. Based on the 2022 Actuarial Report for the Company's Employee Retirement Fund, it is overfunded by \$\mathbb{P}4.67M\$. This was computed based on the financial assumption that the discount rate is at 7.22%.

## Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets decreased by 31% or ₽5.70M from Php18.52M to ₽12.82M. This is dues to the receipt of goods paid in advance to suppliers.

## Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables decreased by 31% or P97.30M from P311.80M to P214.50M due to the decrease in raw materials purchased during the year as well as the decline in the cost of raw materials.

## Mortgage Payable-Current

Mortgage payable decreased by 12% or ₽0.26M from ₽2.25M to ₽1.99M due to a vehicle mortgage that will be fully settled in 2023.

# Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities increased by 21% or  $\stackrel{?}{=}0.76M$  from  $\stackrel{?}{=}3.57M$  to  $\stackrel{?}{=}4.33M$ . This is due to the renewal of two lease contracts with lease terms of 2 and 3 years in 2022. Under PFRS 16, all leases are considered as finance lease. The lease liability for the entire lease contract duration is immediately recognized and will be reduced by the amount of monthly amortization.

## Income Tax Payable

Income Tax Payable increased by 98% due to higher taxable income in 2022 as compared to previous year. There was a tax credit arising from the change in the corporate income tax rate in 2020 which was applied in 2021 resulting to lower tax payable in 2021.

## Mortgage Payable

## **Retained Earnings**

Retained Earnings increased by 23% or ₽167.83M from ₽715.73M to ₽883.56M as a result of the generated profit after tax during the year reduced by dividends paid last April 19, 2022 and June 19, 2022 totaling to ₽61.06M.

## 3. Key Performance Indicators

LIQUIDITY RATIOS		
Key Indicators	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current ratio	5.95 : 1.00	3.99 : 1.00
Acid test ratio	2.41 : 1.00	1.39 : 1.00
Book value per share	2.88	2.60

	SOLVENCY RATIOS	SOLVENCY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Debt to equity ratio	0.18 : 1.00	0.26 : 1.00
Asset to equity ratio	1.18 : 1.00	1.26 : 1.00
	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	PROFITABILITY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Earnings per share	0.37	0.37
Return on assets	11.03%	11.21%
Return on equity	13.00%	14.12%
Gross profit ratio	30.78%	27.49%
Net profit (after tax) ratio	13.00%	12.88%

#### Notes:

- 11. Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)
  To test the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts
- 12. Acid Test Ratio (Quick Assets/Current Liabilities)

  Measures the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts from its most liquid assets without relying on inventory.
- 13. Book Value per Share (Equity/Shares Outstanding)

  Measures the amount of net assets available to stockholders of a given type of stock.
- 14. Debt to Equity Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Equity Measures the amount of total assets provided by stockholders
- 15. Asset to Equity Ratio (Total Assets/Total Equity)
  Shows the relationship of the total assets to the portion owned by the stockholders.
  Indicates the Company's leverage, the amount of debt used to finance the firm.
- 16. Earnings per Share (Net Profit/Shares Outstanding) Reflects the Company's earning capability.
- 17. Return on Assets (Net Profit/Average Total Assets)
  Indicates whether assets are being used efficiently and effectively
- 18. Return on Equity (Net Profit/Average Total Equity)

  Measures the ability of the company to generate profit from investment of stockholders
- Gross Profit Ratio (Gross Profit/Revenues)
   Measures the percentage of gross income to sales
- 20. Net Profit Ratio (Net Profit/Revenues)

  Measures the percentage of net income to sales

### FY 2021 versus 2020

## 1. Results of Operations

Material Changes to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2021 compared to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2020 (increase/ decrease of 5.00% or more)

#### Revenues

The Company ended the year of 2021 with total revenues of ₽1.74B. This is ₽0.62B or 55.75% higher as compared to the ₽1.12B generated revenues in 2020. Contributing 64.18% to this revenue growth is the performance of the Pipes Division wherein it increased its sales by 92.57% from ₽432.02 in 2020 to ₽831.95 in 2021. Furthermore, it surpassed its sale in 2019, the pre-pandemic year, by 73.21%.

## Cost of Sales

Cost of sales increased by 63.48% from  $\rightleftharpoons$ 0.77 billion in 2020 to  $\rightleftharpoons$ 1.26 billion in 2021. This is due to the increase in sales volume as well as the increase in the price of its raw materials.

# Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit increased by P133.03 million or 38.5% from P345.54.40 million to P478.57 million.

## Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses increased by £18.43 million or 7.87% from £171,67 million to £190.10 million. It must be noted that between March to May of 2020, the lockdown period, the Company has minimal to zero operations. Thus, there were operating and selling expense not incurred such as salaries, commissions, travel and transportation, and freight costs. In 2021, these costs were now consistently incurred and even increased due to the increase in sales.

## Other Income (Charges)

In 2021, the Company reported Other Income amounting to ₱7.11 million. This improved by ₱7.69 million from a loss of ₱0.58 million in 2020. Driving this favorable change is the ₱5.94 million increase foreign exchange gains from its export sales transactions.

# Tax Expense

Tax expense increased by ₽19.24 million or by 36.96% from ₽52.04 million to ₽71.28 million. This is due to the high growth in revenues arising from the increase demands for PVC products resulting to higher net profit before tax.

## 2. Financial Condition

Material Changes to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021 compared to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2020 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$\mathbb{P}79.56\$ million or 42.28% from \$\mathbb{P}188.20\$ million to \$\mathbb{P}108.63\$ million. This is due to the increased payments to suppliers arising from the increased purchases or raw materials to support the requirements of the Company's customers. This is also coupled with the rise in the cost of major raw materials. The Company also paid higher quarterly taxes this year as a result better performance in 2021.

## Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and Other Receivables increased by ₽63.06M or 22.85% from ₽276.01M to ₽339.06M. This is primarily due to the 55.75% increase in sales net of improvements in customer collections.

## **Inventories**

Inventory balances at the end of 2021 grew by #231.66 million or 49.37% from #2469.23 million to #2700.69 million. Purchases of raw materials increased during the year to beef up the requirements of production that will enable the Company to deliver customer orders. Also, there were price increases in major raw materials used in production.

## Prepayments and Other Current Assets

Prepayments and other current assets increased by ₽31.34 million or 29.41% from ₽106.58 million to ₽137.92 million. The is due to the increase in input vat from purchase of raw materials and supplies.

## Property, Plant and Equipment, net

The Company purchased machineries amounting to ₽39.95 million during the year to increase production capacity. Some of these assets were originally allocated to the Davao plant which was temporarily deferred due to mobilization limitations brought about by the pandemic. Also, the Company had its land properties revalued in 2021 thereby increasing its value by ₽119.10 million. This two are the reasons for the increase on the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment by ₽110.77 million or 19.57% from ₽566.03 million to ₽676.80 million.

## Right of Use Assets - Net

Right of Use Assets - net decreased by P4.18 million or 4.18% from P21.02 million to P16.84 million due to the monthly recognition of depreciation expense.

#### Post-Employment defined benefit asset

The Company recognized Post-Employment Defined Benefit Asset amounting to \$\mathbb{P}2.94\$ million in 2021 while in 2020, post-employment defined benefit liability was reported amounting to \$\mathbb{P}48,856.00\$. During year, the Company amended its retirement plan which resulted to an overfunding in the Company's Employee Retirement Fund. Thus, the recognition of post-employment defined benefit asset.

## Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets increased by  $\rightleftharpoons$ 8.8 million or 92.23% from  $\rightleftharpoons$ 9.63M to  $\rightleftharpoons$ 18.52 million. This is due to the recognition of deferred input vat from its fixed asset purchases during the year.

## Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables increased by P49.46 million or 18.85% from P262.34 million to P311.80 million. This due to the increased purchases of raw materials.

## Mortgage Payable-Current

Loans and Mortgage Payable-Current decreased by ₽0.23 million or 9.45% from ₽2.48 million to ₽2.25 million due to settlement of car loan amortization.

## Deferred Tax Liabilities - net

Deferred Tax Liabilities - net increased by ₽22.36 million or 45% from ₽49.69 million to ₽72.05 million primarily due to the revaluation increment on land.

## Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings increased by \$\mathbb{P}\$210.57 million or 41.68%. This is due to Net Profit after tax generated during the year amounted to \$\mathbb{P}\$224.31 million, reduced by the amount of cash dividends paid amounting to \$\mathbb{P}\$13.74 million.

# 3. Key Performance Indicators

LIQUIDITY RATIOS			
Key Indicators	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Current ratio	3.99: 1.00	3.66:1.00	
Acid test ratio	1.39 : 1.00	1.63 : 1.00	
Book value per share	2.60	2.09	
	SOLVENCY RATIOS	SOLVENCY RATIOS	
Key Indicators	December 31, 2021	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	
Debt to equity ratio	0.26 : 1.00	0.28 : 1.00	
Asset to equity ratio	1.26 : 1.00	1.28 : 1.00	
	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	PROFITABILITY	
		RATIOS	
Key Indicators	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Earnings per share	0.37	0.20	
Return on assets	11.21%	7.57%	
Return on equity	14.12%	9.87%	
Gross profit ratio	27.49%	30.92%	
Net profit (after tax) ratio	12.88%	10.85%	

## Notes:

- Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)
   To test the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts
- 2. Acid Test Ratio (Quick Assets/Current Liabilities)
  Measures the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts from its most liquid assets without relying on inventory.
- 3. Book Value per Share (Equity/Shares Outstanding)

  Measures the amount of net assets available to stockholders of a given type of stock.
- 4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Equity Measures the amount of total assets provided by stockholders.
- 5. Asset to Equity Ratio (Total Assets/Total Equity)
  Shows the relationship of the total assets to the portion owned by the stockholders.
  Indicates the Company's leverage, the amount of debt used to finance the firm.
- 6. Earnings per Share (Net Profit/Shares Outstanding) Reflects the Company's earning capability.
- 7. Return on Assets (Net Profit/Average Total Assets) Indicates whether assets are being used efficiently and effectively.
- 8. Return on Equity (Net Profit/Average Total Equity)
  Measures the ability of the company to generate profit from investment of stockholders
- Gross Profit Ratio (Gross Profit/Revenues)
   Measures the percentage of gross income to sales
- Net Profit Ratio (Net Profit/Revenues)
   Measures the percentage of net income to sales

# 2024 Plan of Operations

- 1. Manufacture new product
- Continue geographic expansion
   Broaden market segments

- Purchase of Property
   Enhance Data Privacy and Cyber Security
- 6. Succession Planning
- 7. Upgrade logistics equipment
- 8. Purchase additional machineries
- 9. Upgrade production facilities, tools, equipment and accessories
- 10. Expand production capacity in Valenzuela plant

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Financial Statements of the Company are incorporated herein by reference and attached as an integral part of this Information Statement.

# MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

## **Market Information**

The Company common shares were listed at the PSE on 27 April 2015 and traded in the First Board.

Full year high and low prices from January 01, 2023 to December 31, 2023 are as follows:

High P 1.62 Low P 1.46

High and Low Sales Prices for the following Quarter end dates are:

Quarter	High	Low
1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2021	<del>P</del> 2.51	₽1.75
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter 2021	₽1.94	₽1.45
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2021	₽1.89	₽1.45
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter 2021	₽1.83	<del>P</del> 1.64
1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2022	₽1.89	<del>P</del> 1.67
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter 2022	₽1.84	₽1.65
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2022	₽1.81	₽1.23
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter 2022	₽1.67	₽1.33
1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	<del>P</del> -1.63	<del>P</del> 1.47
2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter 2023	<del>P</del> -1.60	<del>P</del> 1.44
3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2023	<del>P</del> -1.59	₽1.46
4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter 2023	<del>P</del> -1.60	₽1.43

As at **31 December 2023**, based on closing price of **P 1.56** per share, the market capitalization of the common shares of the company was **P**925,596,840.00

Total shares outstanding as of **22 March 2024** was 630,800,000 shares, with a par value of ₽1.00 per share.

As of 22 March 2024, the High and Low Prices were at P1.78 and P1.75 with the Last Traded Price at P1.77.

The Top 20 shareholders as of 22 March 2024 are as follows:

	Name	Number of Shares Held	% of Total Outstanding
1.	PCD Nominee Corporation	226,705,798	35.94%
2.	Walter H. Villanueva	70,920,000	11.24%
3.	Christie T. Perez	47,280,000	7.50%
4.	Nicasio T. Perez	47,280,000	7.50%
5.	Tita P. Villanueva	47,280,000	7.50%
6.	Derrick P. Villanueva	31,239,293	4.95%
7.	Sofia P. Po	25,640,000	4.06%
8.	Meda T. Perez	24,860,000	3.94%
9.	Oscar T. Perez	23,640,000	3.75%
10.	Gloria P. Go	23,640,000	3.75%
11.	Elizabeth P. Lee Villanueva	11,820,000	1.87%
12.	Daphne V. Yu	5,068,188	0.80%
13.	Johanns Plana. Lee Villanueva	3,940,000	0.62%
14.	Natalie Lee Villanueva Penaranda	3,940,000	0.62%
15.	Warren Michael P. Lee Villanueva	3,940,000	0.62%
16.	Derrick P. Villanueva	3,689,000	0.58%

17.	Mark Peter T. Perez	3,564,422	0.57%
18.	Derrick P. Villanueva	3,183,000	0.50%
19.	Mariane Lourdes T. Perez	2,600,000	0.41%
20.	Marilene Angelina T. Perez	2.600.000	0.41%

#### **Votina Riahts**

At each meeting of the shareholders, every stockholder entitled to vote on a particular question or matter involved shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock standing in his name in the books of the Company at the time of closing of the transfer books for such meeting. The Company issued only one type of share, common shares, and all such common shares have equal voting rights.

#### **Dividends and Dividend Policy**

The Company is authorized to distribute dividends out of its surplus profit, in cash, properties of the Company, shares of stock, and/or securities of other companies belonging to the Company. Dividends paid in the form of cash or property is subject to approval of the Company's Board of Directors. Dividends paid in the form of additional shares are subject to the approval of the Company's Board of Directors and stockholders that own at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock of the Company. Holders of outstanding Common Shares as of a dividend record date will be entitled to full dividends declared without regard to any subsequent transfer of such shares.

On March 4, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved its dividend policy wherein it shall distribute to its stockholders as dividends, whether cash, property or stock, at least ten percent (10.00%) of the Company's net income after tax for the previous fiscal year, subject to the provision of sufficient funds for the implementation of the Company's business plan, operating expenses and budget, appropriation for expansion projects (as applicable), lenders' requirements, appropriate reserves and applicable laws.

From 2020 to 2023, the Company declared cash dividends as follows:

Cash Divid	Cash Dividend Payout: 2020 – 2022					
Year	Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Amount	Cash Dividends per Share	Dividend Payout Ratio
2020	May 29, 2020	June 26, 2020	July 22, 2020	24,443,640	₽0.04	17.92%
2021	May 7, 2021	May 25, 2021	June 15, 2021	13,739,378	₽0.0225	11.32%
2022	March 9, 2022	March 25, 2022	April 19, 2022	30,531,950	₽0.05	27.22%
		June 28, 2022	July 19, 2022	30,531,950		
2023	March 9, 2023	April 5, 2023	May 3, 2023	30,531,950	₽0.05	24.01%
		August 31, 2023	September 25, 2023	24,425,560	₽0.04	

#### **DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

Please refer to the portion of this Information Statement on "Directors and Executive Officers."

#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE MANUAL OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company was listed at the PSE on 27 April 2015. The Company's Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) shall be submitted on or before 30 May 2024, in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 15 Series of 2017.

# UNDERTAKING TO PROVIDE PRINTED COPIES OF THE INFORMATION STATEMENT AND ANNUAL REPORT

UPON WRITTEN REQUEST OF ANY SHAREHOLDER OF RECORD ENTITLED TO NOTICE OF AND VOTE AT THE MEETING, THE COMPANY SHALL FURNISH SUCH SHAREHOLDER WITH A COPY OF THE COMPANY'S INFORMATION STATEMENT (ON SEC FORM 20-IS) AND ANNUAL REPORT (ON SEC FORM 17-A) WITHOUT CHARGE. ANY SUCH WRITTEN REQUEST SHALL BE ADDRESSED TO:

#### ATTY, JASON C. NALUPTA

Corporate Secretary
CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION RM 508 PRESIDENT TOWER,
81 TIMOG AVENUE, QUEZON CITY
Email: jcn@tvvlaw.com Tel No.: 632-413-8032 to 36

Fax No.: 632-413-8032 Loc. 111

# **DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE REPORT (2023)**

# **BOARD**

Board	Name	No. of Meetings Held during the Year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Walter H. Villanueva	8	8	100.00%
Member	Tita P. Villanueva (deceased)	7	7	100.00%
Member	Nicasio T. Perez	8	8	100.00%
Member	Derrick P. Villanueva	8	8	100.00%
Member	Eugene H. Villanueva	8	8	100.00%
Member	Hans T. Perez	8	8	100.00%
Member	Marie Therese G. Santos	8	8	100.00%
Member	Ernesto R. Alberto	8	7	87.50%
Member	Fernando S. Lopez	8	8	100.00%
Member	Daphne V. Yu	1	1	100.00%

Daphne V. Yu assumed the position of director held by Tita P. Villanueva following the latter's passing.

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

Members	No. of Meetings Held during the Year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Marie Therese G. Santos	4	4	100.00%
Ernesto Maria R. Alberto	4	3	75.00%
Fernando S. Lopez	4	4	100.00%
Nicasio T. Perez	4	4	100.00%
Eugene H. Lee Villanueva	4	4	100.00%

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE**

Members	No. of Meetings Held during the Year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Fernando S. Lopez	3	3	100.00%
Ernesto Maria R. Alberto	3	3	100.00%
Marie Therese G. Santos	3	3	100.00%
Derrick P. Villanueva	3	3	100.00%
Hans Joseph T. Perez	3	3	100.00%

# RISK OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

Members	No. of Meetings Held during the Year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Ernesto Maria R. Alberto	4	3	75.00%
Marie Therese G. Santos	4	4	100.00%
Hans Joseph T. Perez	4	4	100.00%
Derrick P. Villanueva	4	4	100.00%
Fernando S. Lopez	4	4	100.00%

#### Guidelines for Participating via Remote Communication and Voting in Absentia

The 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting (ASM) of Crown Asia Chemical Corporation (the "Company") will be held on 09 May 2024 at 3:00 P.M. and the Board of Directors of the Corporation has fixed the end of trading hours of the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. on 22 March 2024 ("Record Date") as the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to notice of, to attend, and to vote at such meeting and any adjournment thereof. The Board of Directors of the Company has approved and authorized stockholders to participate in the ASM via remote communication and to exercise their right to vote in absentia or by proxy.

#### REGISTRATION

The conduct of the meeting will be streamed live, and stockholders may attend the meeting by registering until 29 April 2024, 5:00 p.m. via <a href="https://www.crownpvc.com.ph/investors">https://www.crownpvc.com.ph/investors</a> and by submitting the following requirements and documents to <a href="mailto:corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph">corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph</a>, subject to verification and validation:

#### Individual Stockholders

- Clear digital copy of the front and back portion of a valid government-issued identification card/s (ID/s), which include the passport, driver's license, SSS ID, senior citizen ID, among others in order to validate the registration of the shareholder
- Stock certificate number
- Active e-mail address/es
- Active contact number/s, with area and country codes
  - Multiple Stockholders or with joint accounts
- Clear digital copy of the front and back portion of a valid government-issued identification card/s (ID/s), which include the passport, driver's license, SSS ID, senior citizen ID, among others in order to validate the registration of the shareholders
- Stock certificate number/s
- Active e-mail addresses of the stockholders
- Active contact numbers, with area and country codes
- Digital copy of an authorization letter executed by all named holders, authorizing a holder to vote for and on behalf of the account

#### Corporate Stockholders

- Digital copy of the Secretary's Certificate (or equivalent for non-resident) attesting to the authority of the representative to vote for and on behalf of the corporation
- Clear digital copy of the front and back portion of a valid government-issued identification card/s (ID/s), which include the passport, driver's license, SSS ID, senior citizen ID, among others to validate the registration of the authorized representative
- Active e-mail address/es of the authorized representative
- Active contact number of an authorized representative, with area and country codes

- PCD Participants/Brokers
- Digital copy of the Secretary's Certificate (or equivalent for non-resident) attesting to the authority of the representative to vote for and on behalf of the PCD participant/broker
- Digital copy of the certificate of shareholdings issued by the PCD/broker
- Clear digital copy of the front and back portion of a valid government-issued identification card/s (ID/s), which include the passport, driver's license, SSS ID, senior citizen ID, among others to validate the registration of the authorized representative
- Active e-mail address/es of the authorized representative
- Active contact number of the authorized representative, with area and country codes

#### **ONLINE VOTING**

Log-in to the voting portal by clicking the link, and using the log-in credentials, sent to the email address of the shareholder to the Company.

Upon accessing the portal, the stockholder can vote on each agenda item. A brief description of each item for stockholders' approval are appended to the Notice of Meeting.

A stockholder has the option to vote "Yes", "No", or "Abstain" on each agenda item for approval.

For the election of directors, the stockholder has the option to vote for all nominees, withhold vote for any of the nominees, or vote for certain nominees only.

Once the stockholder has finalized his vote, he can proceed to submit his vote by clicking the "Submit" button.

The stockholder can vote only once, after successful registration. Once submitted, the votes cast shall be considered final.

#### **ASM LIVESTREAM**

The ASM will be broadcasted live and stockholders who have successfully registered will be provided access to participate via remote communication. Instructions on how to access the livestream will be sent to their emails upon registration.

#### **OPEN FORUM**

During the virtual meeting, after all items in the agenda have been discussed, the Company will have the Question and Answer Portion, during which, the meeting's moderator will read and where representatives of the Company shall answer questions and comments received from stockholders, as time will allow. Stockholders may send their questions in advance by sending an email bearing the subject "Questions for ASM 2024" to corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph on or before 10:00 am on 09 May 2024. Questions/comments received but not entertained during the Open Forum due to time constraints will be addressed separately by the Company via email.

# **COVER SHEET**

	1 5 9 9 5 0
	S.E.C. Registration Number
CROWN ASIA CHEMIC	
CORPORATION	
(Commonda Full	Marca 2
(Company's Full	Name)
K M   3 3     M C   A R T H U R	H     G H W A Y
BO TUKTUKAN GUIGI	JINTO BULACAN
NICASIO T. PEREZ	8 2 8 3 8 7 1 9
Contact Person	Company Telephone Number
1 2 3 1 SEC FORM 17	
Month Day FORM	A TYPE Month Day
riscal fear	Annual Meeting
Secondary Lice	ense Type, If Applicable
	mae Type, if Applicable
Dept. Requiring this Doc.	nended Articles Number/Section
6 5	Total Amount of Borrowings
Total No. of Stockholders	Domestic Foreign
To be accomplished by SEC	Personnel concerned
	•
File Number LO	<del></del>
Document I.D. Cas	hier
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STAMPS	

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# SEC FORM 17-A, AS AMENDED ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

1.	For the fiscal year: <u>December 31, 2023</u>					
2.	SEC Identification number: 159950					
3.	BIR Tax Identification No: <u>025-240-902-000</u>					
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter: CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS <u>CORPORATION</u>					
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization: Metro Manila					
6.	Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)					
7.	Address of issuer's principal office: Km 33 Mc Arthur Highway Bo. Tuktukan Guiguinto, Bulacan					
	Postal Code: <u>3015</u>					
8.	Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (632) 82838719					
9.	Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: Not Applicable					
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RS	A				
	Title of each Class  Number of shares of common					
	Common stock  Stock outstanding 610,639,000  Amount of Debt Outstanding as of December 31, 2023 P472,920,636					
11.	11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?					
	Yes [/] No []					
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:					

The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

# Total of 610,639,000 common shares with par value of P1.00 per share

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
  - 1. has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 there under or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 there under, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [/] No []

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [/] No []

13. Aggregate value of the voting stock held by public:

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates for 348,215,567 (public shares) as of December 31, 2023, computed based on the closing share price of P 1.56 per share as of December 31, 2023 is P543,216,284.52.

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#### Item 1. Business

The Company was incorporated and registered with the SEC on February 10, 1989 as Crown Asia Compounders Corporation. On September 29, 2014, the SEC approved the change of the Company's name to "Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation". Its primary purpose is to engage in, operate, conduct and maintain the business of manufacturing, importing, exporting, buying, selling or otherwise dealing in, at wholesale and retail such goods as; plastic and/or synthetic resins and compounds and other allied or related products/goods of same/similar nature, and any and all equipment, materials supplies used or employed in or related to the manufacture of such products. Its registered address and principal place of business is at Km. 33 MacArthur Highway, Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto, Bulacan, Philippines.

The Company started commercial operations in 1990 with the trading of imported PE compounds and paraffin waxes. In the same year, the Company started the production and sales of PVC compounds at its plant in Guiguinto, Bulacan.

Capitalizing on its expertise in PVC formulation, CROWN expanded downstream into the manufacture of industrial plastic pipes under the CROWN® pipes brand for electrical, sanitary, potable water, and telecommunications applications.

In 1998, the Company began the production of unplasticized PVC flexible electrical pipes. Soon after, the Company's range of product lines expanded further with the introduction of PVC electrical conduit pipes and potable water pipes in 2000, and sanitary pipes and fittings in 2002.

In 2003, CROWN saw the opportunity to expand the application of its PVC compounds beyond wires and cables. It started to develop and market PVC compounds for use in packaging, IC tubes, films and bottles, as well as door and window profiles.

The Company also has expanded its lines to include pressure main distribution pipes and telecommunication conduit pipes in 2006.

On April 27, 2015, Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation was listed at the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE).

In August 2015, the Company started testing the manufacture of PPR and HDPE pipe products.

In February 2016, the Company started manufacturing its Enduro pipes.

Production of the company's PVC roofing commenced on October 2017 and started supplying projects in December 2017.

In 2018, the Company acquired ISO 9001-2015 for its Compounds and Pipes Divisions. It was also the year the company was listed by PSE as Shariah-compliant company.

In December 2018, the Board approved a P100million shares buy-back program for a period of up two (2) years, whichever comes first.

Moreover, the company was cited by Financial Times as Top 1,000 High-Growth companies in the Asia-Pacific Region in 2018 and 2019.

In 2020, the Company was also recognized by Forbes as one of the "200 Best Under a Billion" in Asia Pacific Region.

In December 2020, the Board concluded the shares buy-back program. Total of 20,161,000 shares were repurchased by the company.

In 2021, the CAC brand was introduced to the market for clean and comfort essentials which includes water closets, lavatories, bathroom faucets, and other accessories such as shower sets, bidets, towel racks and paper holders.

In the same year, the Company was cited as one of the Philippine's Growth Champions by The Philippine Daily Inquirer and Statista.

# PRODUCT LINES

# 1. PVC Compounds

#### a. Wires and Cables

CROWN's Wire and Cable PVC compounds are developed to comply with PNS and International Standards like Restriction of Hazardous Substances ("RoHS"). CROWN has been able to provide high standard PVC compounds for specific applications including flame retardant compounds, high insulation resistance compounds, CT-rated and low smoke emitting compounds and sunlight/UV resistant compounds.

# b. IC Tubes

CROWN's IC Tube PVC compounds are specially designed to protect IC chips.

#### c. Films

CROWN's Film PVC compounds are developed for cap seals, shrink films, labels, footwear, bottles and other packaging applications.

# 2. PVC Pipes and Fittings

#### a. Crown Blue

Crown Blue is the Company's PVC potable pipes and fittings. The Company's potable pipes and fittings are assured to be extra strong and safe, high pressure resistant, non-corrosive, has smooth internal and external surfaces, and made from 100.00% virgin materials.

#### b. Crown Electrical

Crown Electrical is the Company's line for PVC electrical conduit pipes. The Company's electrical conduit pipes are assured to be self-extinguishing, highly flame-retardant, has excellent insulation resistance properties, uniform wall thickness, diameter, and color, smooth interior and exterior surfaces, and made from 100.00% virgin materials.

The Company offers two (2) types of electrical pipes, namely the Crown Supreme, which is the high impact thick wall electrical pipe, and Crown Hi-Tech, which is the thin wall electrical pipe.

#### c. Crownflex

Crownflex is the Company's line for PVC flexible electrical pipes. The Company's flexible pipes are UV protected, characterized by its strength, convenience, flexibility, and high safety standard, especially against weather elements. It has uniform wall thickness and diameter and is impact and crash-resistant. It is made with high grade PVC material, self-extinguishing, highly resistant to flame, and has uniform material distribution to avoid breakage.

#### d. Crown Sanitary

Crown Sanitary is the Company's line for Drain-Waste-Vent ("DWV") PVC sanitary pipe. The Company's DWV sanitary pipes are UV protected, characterized by its durability and quality, especially against weather elements. These pipes are available in three (3) categories, namely Series 500, which is thin wall, Series 600, which follows ASTM, and Series 1000, which also follows ASTM.

# e. Crown Pressure Main Blue and Wide-diameter Pipes

The Company's PVC pipe product used for high pressure waterworks, irrigation, and infrastructures. In buildings, it is the conduit by which water source from the government passes into the building reservoir or pipelines.

#### f. Crown Telecom

The Company's PVC pipe product used as conduit by which telecommunications wiring passes through to reach the telecom outlet site.

# g. Crown Universal

Crown Universal is the Company's multi-purpose PVC pipe with thin wall. These pipes do not conform to BPS standards and are intended for temporary usage during the early stages of construction. These pipes are lower priced but are yet characterized by its strength and durability.

# h. Enduro Pipes

Durable pipes for the economically sensitive consumers for affordable housing projects.

# 3. HDPE Pipes and Fittings

CROWN HDPE is characterized by its toughness and flexibility, chemical resistance with thermal properties, weather and environmental stress resistance, non-corrosive properties, and high flow capacities.

The Company's brands under its HDPE pipe products are CROWN Fuerza with a PE 100 designation and CROWN Sigma with PE 80. These designations are based on the long-term strength of its materials, known as the minimum strength requirement (MSR).

# 4. PP-R Pipes and Fittings

PP-Rs or Polypropylene random copolymers are thermoplastic resins produced through the polymerization of propylene, with ethylene links introduced in the polymer chain. Because of its chemical features and fusion welding, PP-Rs are most reliable in plumbing and water supply plants, and ensures a substantially better seal tight system. They are also eco-friendly with no heavy metal content such as lead.

Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation is the first in the Pipe Industry to produce full range of PPR fittings.

# 5. PVC ROOF MATERIALS

The Crown Roofing is high impact-resistant and has the strength and durability that can withstand tough loads, will not easily flatten, get distorted, crack or break. It successfully passed both the impact resistance and flattening tests performed by QA engineering in line with accepted industry standards.

It is built with UV Protection, an important component that prevents premature aging, weakens the roofing material and cause brittleness. Climate variability exacerbate material degradation by increased dosage of harmful ultra-violet rays. Moreover, it is highly resistant to extreme weather conditions and will not crack or disintegrate when exposed to chemical compounds like acetone.

This contemporary roofing material is non-corrosive and do not rust, making them ideal for structures in areas near or by the sea. Their versatile applications cover commercial, industrial and manufacturing structures such as factories, warehouses, wharfs and seaports.

Crown responds to the country's housing needs and infrastructure development by providing an all-weather, cool roofing solution. The brand produces three roofing profiles, namely, corrugated, rib and tile types, in commercial lengths of 8, 10 and 12 feet. Volume requirements for long span cool roof in transportable length are accepted by special order.

# Management of Key Risks related to the Company

# Risks relating to the Company and its Business

# Raw Material Cost and Availability

The Company's margins depend on the selling prices that the Company is able to charge for its products and the costs of the raw materials and other inputs that it requires to produce these products. The primary raw materials that the Company utilizes in the manufacture of its products include PVC resins, polymers, stabilizers, and plasticizers. The prices of these primary raw materials represent a substantial portion of the Company's manufacturing costs. The prices of these raw materials are influenced by factors that the Company cannot control, such as market conditions, general global economic conditions, production capacity in the markets, production constraints on the part of the Company's suppliers, fluctuations in oil or other commodity prices, infrastructure failures, political conditions, weather conditions, regulations and other factors.

To protect itself against adverse movements in the prices of raw materials, the Company maintains a raw materials inventory equivalent to around 45-60 days of production. In the event that any of the Company's suppliers is subject to a major production disruption or is unable to meet its obligations under existing supply arrangements, the Company can purchase such inputs from any of its other accredited local and foreign suppliers that the Company had already dealt with in the past. The Company also has a list of approved alternative materials that can substitute the raw materials it currently uses.

# Operating or Process Failures and Quality Assurance

PVC pipes dominate the plastic pipes market with significant application in the construction and building industry. Given the increasing competition in plastic pipes market, the quality of the products will need to adhere to certain standards to ensure its reliability and effectiveness, such as ISO and BPS.

Any problems that the Company may incur in relation to the quality of its products can affect how the Company's customers perceive its products. This situation could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operations, and financial condition.

The Company has established quality assurance and control procedures for both its Compounds and Pipes Groups. It has dedicated quality assurance laboratories and competent and professional staff for each of its quality assurance departments in the Compounds and Pipes Group. In addition, for its Pipes Group, CROWN pipes undergo additional testing externally through the project-clients' technical consultants and/or accredited independent laboratories.

In the Company's continuing commitment to maintain the highest level of quality in its operations and products, the Company owns and continues to update its ISO certifications, certifying that CROWN operates a quality management system that has been assessed as conforming to ISO 9001:2008 for the manufacture and distribution of both compounds and PVC products. The company's Compounds Division and Pipe Group are already assessed as conforming to ISO 9001:2015.

# Power Shortages

The Company has been relying primarily on mainstream power for the production of compounds, PVC pipes, PPR/HDPE pipes and PVC roof materials that requires a significant amount of stable power load for its operations.

Any downtime of the Company's operations over an extended period, due to power interruptions, would have adverse effect on the Company's business, operations, and financial condition.

At present, the Company has a standby generator set to partially address the prospective power shortage that will affect the country.

# Imitation or Infringement of the Company's Intellectual Property Rights

In the event that the Company's trademarks under license are imitated or otherwise infringed, the Company's reputation and business may be adversely affected.

The Company has its legal team that can handle any infringement and take legal action should a litigation matter arise. Furthermore, the Intellectual Property Office closely coordinates with the National Bureau of Investigation (NBI), which apprehends infringement violators, thus the Company believes that infringement cases, if any, can be easily resolved.

# Risks relating to the Philippines

# Change in Political or Social Instability in the Philippines

The Philippines has from time to time experienced political and social instability. The Philippine Constitution provides that, in times of national emergency, when the public interest so requires, the Government may take over and direct the operation of any privately-owned public utility or business.

The Philippines has a presidential system that changes the country's chief executive every six (6) years which may cause changes in the political, economic and social policies.

# Occurrence of Natural Calamities

The Philippines has experienced a significant number of major natural calamities over the years, including typhoons, volcanic eruptions and earthquakes.

The Company completed its flood control system in the Bulacan plant to ensure that production will not be disrupted and assets and inventories will be protected.

# Item 2. Properties

The Company owns the following properties in Bulacan and Valenzuela covered by individual tax declarations.

#### Lands

Tax Declaration Number	Location	Area	Classification
2018-09014-01623	Bulacan	5,462.00 sq.m	Industrial
2018-09014-01624	Bulacan	892.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01626	Bulacan	3,214.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01628	Bulacan	6,415.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01634	Bulacan	2,888.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01704	Bulacan	11,935.00 sq.m.	Industrial
E-027-00381	Valenzuela	5,052 sq.m.	Industrial

# **Buildings and Improvements**

Tax Declaration Number	Location	Area	Classification
2018-09014-01625	Bulacan	140.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01627	Bulacan	2,184.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01629	Bulacan	1,150.50 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01635	Bulacan	1,980.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01636	Bulacan	500.00 sq.m.	Industrial/Residential
2018-09014-01705	Bulacan	2,835.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01706	Bulacan	468.00 sq.m.	Industrial
2018-09014-01707	Bulacan	3,276.00 sq.m.	Industrial
E-027-00344	Valenzuela	3,505.80 sq.m.	Industrial

The properties (lands, buildings and improvements) are neither subject of any mortgage, lien, or encumbrance nor limitations on its ownership or usage.

# Trademarks and Copyrights

The Company has various trademarks registered with the Intellectual Property Office, as follows:

CROWN's Trademarks Under License				
Registered	Registration	Date of	** ** * * * * **	
Trademark	Number	Registration	Valid Until	
TECHNOVINYL &				
CROWN DEVICE WITHIN	4-1997-123430	February 10, 2003	February 10, 2023	
THE CIRCLE*				
HI TECH WITH CROWN	4-2005-006473	October 23, 2006	October 23, 2026	
LOGO	4-2003-000473	October 23, 2000	October 23, 2026	
PETROVIN & CROWN	4-2006-010314	July 30, 2007	Il., 20, 2027	
DEVICE	4-2000-010314	July 30, 2007	July 30, 2027	
CROWN UNIVERSAL	4-2006-013658	August 13, 2007	August 13, 2027	
ENDURO WITH CROWN	4-2006-012499	August 20, 2007	August 20, 2027	
DEVICE		August 20, 2007	August 20, 2027	
CROWN	4-2006-013655	August 11, 2008	August 11, 2028	
CROWN BLUE	4-2006-013656	August 11, 2008	August 11, 2028	
CROWNFLEX	4-2006-013657	August 11, 2008	August 11, 2028	
CROWN SUPREME	4-2006-013659	October 13, 2008	October 13, 2028	
CROWN EXTREME	4-2010-011168	February 24, 2011	February 24, 2031	
CROWN HYDRO-PLUS	4-2014-00003801	August 7, 2014	August 7, 2024	
CROWN HYDRO-FLEX	4-2014-00003802	August 7, 2014	August 7, 2024	
CROWN HYDRO-TECH	4-2014-00003804	September 18, 2014	September 18, 2024	
CROWN RED AND	4-2014-00004482	December 11, 2014	December 11, 2024	
GREEN			December 11, 2024	
CROWN FUERZA	4-2014-00007463	February 12,2015	February 12, 2025	
CROWN SIGMA	4-2014-00007464	February 12, 2015	February 12, 2025	
CROWN CorrWave	4-2017-011461	November 23,2017	November 23, 2027	
CROWN ClearBright	4-2017-011460	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027	
CROWN StrongRib	4-2017-011462	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027	
CROWN SmartRoof	4-2017-011464	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027	
CROWN TileTech	4-2017-011465	December 17,2017	December 17, 2027	
CROWN HeatProtect	4-2017-011463	April 26, 2018	April 26, 2028	

The Company has a team that handles renewal of trade registrations.

# Item 3. Legal Proceedings

There are no pending legal proceedings to which the Company is a party or of which any of its properties is the subject up to the time of the preparation of this report.

# **Involvement in Legal Proceedings**

To the best of the Company's knowledge, there has been no occurrence during the past five (5) years up to this date of any of the following events that are material to an evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director, any nominee for election as director, executive officer, underwriter, or controlling person of the Company:

- any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general
  partner or executive officer, either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two (2) years prior
  to that time;
- any conviction by final judgment, including the nature of the offense, in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses;
- being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities; and
- being found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or other organized trading market or self-regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or commodities law or regulation, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

# Item 4. Submission Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the period covered by this report.

# Item 5. Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholders Matters

1. The Company common shares were listed at the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on April 27, 2015 and traded in the First Board.

Full year high and low prices from January 01, 2023 to December 31, 2023 are as follows:

High	P 1.62			
Low	P 1.46			

As at December 31, 2023, based on closing price of P 1.56 per share, the market capitalization of the common shares of the company was P 925,596,840

- 2. Total shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023 was 610,639,000 shares with a par value of P 1.00 per share.
- 3. The top 15 shareholders as of the same date are:

Name		Number of Shares Held	% to Total Outstanding	
1.	PCD Nominee – Filipino	202,867,608	33.22%	
2.	Walter H. Villanueva	70,920,000	11.61%	
3.	Christie T. Perez	49,744,422	8.15%	
4.	Nicasio T. Perez	47,280,000	7.74%	
5.	Derrick P. Villanueva	39,086,293	6.40%	
6.	Sofia P. Po	25,640,000	4.20%	
7.	Meda T. Perez	24,860,000	4.07%	
8.	Gloria P. Go	23,672,211	3.88%	
9.	Oscar T. Perez	23,640,000	3.87%	
10.	Elizabeth P. Lee Villanueva	12,436,105	2.04%	
11.	Daphne V. Yu	5,068,188	0.83%	
12.	Natalie Lee Villanueva Penaranda	4,143,004	0.68%	
13.	Johanns Plana. Lee Villanueva	4,143,004	0.68%	
14.	Warren Michael P. Lee Villanueva	3,940,000	0.63%	
15.	PDC Nominee Corporation - Non- Filipino	3,678,190	0.60%	

# Dividends and Dividend Policy

The Company is authorized to distribute dividends out of its surplus profit, in cash, properties of the Company, shares of stock, and/or securities of other companies belonging to the Company. Dividends paid in the form of cash or property is subject to approval of the Company's Board of Directors. Dividends paid in the form of additional shares are subject to the approval of the Company's Board of Directors and stockholders that own at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding

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capital stock of the Company. Holders of outstanding Common Shares as of a dividend record date will be entitled to full dividends declared without regard to any subsequent transfer of such shares.

On March 4, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved its dividend policy wherein it shall distribute to its stockholders as dividends, whether cash, property or stock, at least ten percent (10.00%) of the Company's net income after tax for the previous fiscal year, subject to the provision of sufficient funds for the implementation of the Company's business plan, operating expenses and budget, appropriation for expansion projects (as applicable), lenders' requirements, appropriate reserves and applicable laws.

From 2020 to 2023, the Company declared cash dividends as follows:

Year	Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Amount	Cash Dividends per Share	Dividend Payout Ratio
2020	May 29, 2020	June 26, 2020	July 22, 2020	24,443,640	₽0.04	17.92%
2021	May 7, 2021	May 25, 2021	June 15, 2021	13,739,378	₽0.0225	11.32%
2022	March 9, 2022	March 25, 2022 June 28, 2022	April 19, 2022 July 19, 2022	30,531,950 30,531,950	₽0.05	27.22%
2023	March 9, 2023	April 5, 2023 August 31, 2023	May 3, 2023 September 25, 2023	30,531,950 24,425,560	₽0.05 ₽0.04	24.01%

# Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition

# FY 2023 versus 2022

Changes in Financial Condition and/or Results of Operations (Comparative balances for December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022)

Changes in Financial Condition	2023	2022	Change	% Change
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	374,244,448	255,027,375	119,217,073	46.75%
Trade and other receivables - net	343,924,123	294,422,081	49,502,042	16.81%
Inventories	716,917,605	705,687,384	11,230,221	1.59%
Prepayments and other current assets	151,067,824	116,582,436	34,485,388	29.58%
Total Current Assets	1,586,154,000	1,371,719,276	214,434,724	15.63%
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment - net	846,879,338	671,957,011	174,922,327	26.03%
Right-of-use assets - net	13,422,110	14,762,376	(1,340,266)	-9.08%
Post-employment defined benefit asset - net	3,139,156	4,671,133	(1,531,977)	-32.80%
Other non-current assets - net	37,594,241	12,816,124	24,778,117	193.34%
Total Non-current Assets	901,034,845	704,206,644	196,828,201	27.95%
TOTAL ASSETS	2,487,188,845	2,075,925,920	411,262,925	19.81%
TOTALASSEIS	2,467,100,043	2,073,723,720	411,202,723	19,8170
CURRENT LIABILITIES	(\$17.5%), salvanos Soverin			
Trade and other payables	292,885,547	214,516,411	78,369,136	36.53%
Mortgage and loan payables	333,679	1,984,626	(1,650,947)	-83.19%
Lease liabilities	2,827,692	4,332,370	(1,504,678)	-34.73%
Income tax payable	8,767,103	9,207,090	(439,987)	-4.78%
Total Current Liabilities	304,814,021	230,040,497	74,773,524	32.50%
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Lease liabilities	13,194,332	13,088,724	105,608	0.81%
Deferred tax liabilities - net	91,192,283	72,105,374	19,086,909	26.47%
Mortgage payables		333,679	(333,679)	-100.00%
Other payables	63,720,000	-	63,720,000	0.00%
Total Non-current Liabilities	168,106,615	85,527,777	82,578,838	96.55%
Total Liabilities	472,920,636	315,568,274	157,352,362	49.86%
EQUITY				
Capital stock	630,800,000	630,800,000	_	0.00%
Treasury shares, at cost	(41,096,031)	(41,096,031)	2	0.00%
Additional paid-in capital	52,309,224	52,309,224	-	0.00%
Revaluation reserves	295,801,165	234,782,852	61,018,313	25.99%
Retained carnings	1,076,453,851	883,561,601	192,892,250	21.83%
Total Equity	2,014,268,209	1,760,357,646	253,910,563	14.42%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2 497 100 045	2.075.025.020	411 262 025	10 011/
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUIT	2,487,188,845	2,075,925,920	411,262,925	19.81%
Changes in Results of Operations	2023	2022		% Change
Revenues	1,506,695,998	1,760,815,265	(254,119,267)	-14%
Cost Of Goods Sold	956,681,271	1,218,783,523	(262,102,252)	-22%
Gross Profit	550,014,727	542,031,742	7,982,985	1%
Other Operating Expenses	230,325,646	241,044,053	(10,718,407)	-4%
Other Income (Charges)				
Foreign currency gains - net	1,663,716	4,843,031	(3,179,315)	-66%
Finance costs - net	(1,167,870)	(1,912,959)	745,089	-39%
Finance income	9,063,146	135,264	8,927,882	6600%
Otherincome	968,923	2,263,395	(1,294,472)	-57%
Profit Before Tax	330,216,996	306,316,420	23,900,576	8%
Tax Expense	82,367,236	77,416,110	4,951,126	6%

# 1. Results of Operations

Material Changes to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2023 compared to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2022 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

#### Revenues

Revenues decreased by 14% or by P254.12M from P1,706.82M in 2022 to P1,506.70M in 2023. During the first quarter of the year, the Company's revenue was falling behind when compared to same period last year. 51% of the decline in the said quarter came from export sales of the Compounds Division. The situation for the said segment reversed as it slowly increased its sales. However, the increase in these periods were not enough to cover the sales loss in the first quarter. On the other hand, Pipes Division, had a slow turnout of sales as there was slowdown in the infrastructure project which is brought about by high interest rates.

#### Cost of Sales

Total Cost of Sales for the year was at P956.68M. Comparing this with 2022 cost of sales, it declined by P262.1M or by 22%. This is mainly driven by the decline in sales during the year. It can be noted that the decline in

# Other Income (Charges)

Total Other Income (Charges) comprising of foreign currency gains (loss), financial cost, finance income and other income increased by P5.2M or by 98% from P5.33M in 2022 to P10.53M in 2023. This is due to the amount of interest income earned from peso and dollar time deposits placed towards the end of 2022.

# Tax Expense

There was an increase in tax expense of P4.95M or 6% from P77.42M in 2022 to 82.37M in 2023. Despite the decline in sales, taxable income still increased due to reduction in production and operating costs.

#### 2. Financial Condition

Material Changes to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2022 compared to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased by 46.75% or by P119.44M from P255.03M in 2022 to P374.24M in 2023. This is driven by collections from customers, increased advance payments made by clients, and lesser payments to raw material suppliers as purchases for the year dropped by 24%.

#### Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and Other Receivables increased by 16.81% or by P49.50M from P294.42 in 2022 to P343.92M in 2023. This increase is due the generated credit sales during the year and slightly longer collection days as compared to last year.

# Prepayments and Other Current Assets

Prepayments and other current assets increased by 29.58% or by P34.49M from P116.58 in 2022 to P151.07M in 2023. This is mainly due to the short-term placements which were mostly placed in 2023.

# Property, plant and equipment - net

Property, plant and equipment – net increased by 26.03% or by P174.92 from Php671.96M to Php846.88M. This is significantly due to the revaluation of land that happens every 2 years, and the recognition of a land being purchased on installment basis. While no transfer of title yet was made for the land being purchased, the provision in the Contract to Sell which states Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation can pre-use the land warrants the recognition of land in its books.

# Right of Use Assets - Net

Right of use asset decreased by 9.08% or Php1.34M from Php14.76M in 2022 to Php13.42M in 2023. This is mainly due to the monthly depreciation of right of use asset.

# Post-Employment defined benefit asset

Retirement Asset decreased by 32.80% or Php1.53M from P4.67M in 2022 to P3.14M in 2023. Based on the 2022 Actuarial Report for the Company's Employee Retirement Fund, the fair value of plan assets increased by Php1.43M. However, the present value of the retirement obligation also increased Php3.37M. This caused the noted decline in the post-employment benefit asset.

# Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets increased by 193.34% or Php24.78M from Php12.82M in 2022 to Php37.52M in 2023. This is mainly due to the advanced payments/downpayments made in November and December for the purchase of trucks and machines to be used in operations. The increase is also driven by the recognized deferred input VAT on the land being purchased on installment.

# Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables increased by 36.53% or Php78.37M from Php214.52M in 2022 to Php292.89M in 2023. This is due the increase in advance payments made by customers and, the recognition of liability from the land being purchased on installment for entire installment period.

# Mortgage Payable-Current

Mortgage payable decreased by 83.19% or Php1.65M from Php1.99M in 2022 to Php0.33M in 2023 due to a vehicle mortgage that will be fully settled in 2024.

# Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities decreased by 34.73% or Php1.50M from Php4.33M in 2022 to Php2.83M in 2023. This is due to the non-renewal of a warehouse lease contract in one of the Company's sales depots.

# Deferred Tax Liabilities - net

Net Deferred Tax Liabilities increased by 26.47% or Php19.09M from Php72.11M in 2022 to Php91.19M in 2023. The increase is mainly due to the revaluation of land properties of the Company.

#### Revaluation Reserve

Revaluation Reserve increased by 21.83% or Php192.89M from Php883.56M in 2022 to Php1,076.45M in 2023. This is due to the revaluation of land properties of the Company which happens every 2 years.

# Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings increased by 21.83% or Php192.89M from Php883.56M in 2022 to P1,076.45M in 2023. The increase is due to the generated profit after tax during the year reduced by the P54.96M dividends paid in May and July 2023.

#### 3. Key Performance Indicators

LIQUIDITY RATIOS		
Key Indicators	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current ratio	5.20:1.00	5.95:1.00
Acid test ratio	2.55: 1.00	2.41 : 1.00
Book value per share	3.30	2.88
	SOLVENCY RATIOS	SOLVENCY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Debt to equity ratio	0.23:1.00	0.18:1.00
Asset to equity ratio	1.23:1.00	1.18:1.00
	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	PROFITABILITY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2021
Earnings per share	0.41	0.37
Return on assets	9.97%	11.03%
Return on equity	12.30%	13.00%
Gross profit ratio	36.50%	30.78%
Net profit (after tax) ratio	16.45%	13.00%

# Notes:

1. Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)

To test the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts

2. Acid Test Ratio (Quick Assets/Current Liabilities)

Measures the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts from its most liquid assets without relying on inventory.

3. Book Value per Share (Equity/Shares Outstanding)

Measures the amount of net assets available to stockholders of a given type of stock.

4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Equity

Measures the amount of total assets provided by stockholders

5. Asset to Equity Ratio (Total Assets/Total Equity)

Shows the relationship of the total assets to the portion owned by the stockholders. Indicates the Company's leverage, the amount of debt used to finance the firm.

6. Earnings per Share (Net Profit/Shares Outstanding)

Reflects the Company's earning capability.

7. Return on Assets (Net Profit/Average Total Assets)

Indicates whether assets are being used efficiently and effectively

8. Return on Equity (Net Profit/Average Total Equity)

Measures the ability of the company to generate profit from investment of stockholders

9. Gross Profit Ratio (Gross Profit/Revenues)

Measures the percentage of gross income to sales

10.Net Profit Ratio (Net Profit/Revenues)

Measures the percentage of net income to sales

# FY 2022 versus 2021

Changes in Financial Condition and/or Results of Operations (Comparative balances for December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021)

Changes in Pinancial Condition	2022	2021	Change 9	% Change
CURRENT ASSETS				· Cinago
Cash and cash equivalents	255,027,375	108,633,691	146,393,684	134.76%
Trade and other receivables - net	294,422,081	339,062,457	(44,640,376)	-13.17%
Inventories	705,687,384	700,898,060	4,789,324	0.68%
Prepayments and other current assets	116,582,436	137,924,436	(21,342,000)	-15.47%
Total Current Assets	1,371,719,276	1,286,518,644	85,200,632	6.62%
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment - net	671,957,011	676,798,883	(4,841,872)	-0.72%
Right-of-use assets - net	14,762,376	16,838,522	(2,076,146)	-12.33%
Post-employment defined benefit asset - net	4,671,133	2,936,556	1,734,577	59.07%
Other non-current assets - net	12,816,124	18,506,540	(5,690,416)	-30.75%
Total Non-current Assets	704,206,644	715,080,501	(10,873,857)	-1.52%
TOTALASSETS	2,075,925,920	2,001,599,145	74,326,775	3.71%
CURRENT LIABILITIES	2012200000	232 12000000		
Trade and other payables	214,516,411	311,802,136	(97,285,725)	-31.20%
Mortgage and loan payables	1,984,626	2,246,361	(261,735)	-11.65%
Lease liabilities	4,332,370	3,571,012	761,358	21.32%
Income tax payable	9,207,090	5,057,816	4,149,274	82.04%
Total Current Liabilities	230,040,497	322,677,325	(92,636,828)	-28.71%
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Lease liabilities	13,088,724	15,666,756	(2,578,032)	-16.46%
Deferred tax liabilities - net	72,105,374	72,049,746	55,628	0.08%
Mortgage payables	333,679		(1,982,908)	-85.60%
Other payables	333,079	2,316,587.00	(1,762,708)	0.00%
Total Non-current Liabilities	85,527,777	90,033,089	(4,505,312)	-5.00%
			(.,,,	
Total Liabilities	315,568,274	412,710,414	(97,142,140)	-23.54%
EQUITY				
Capital stock	630,800,000	630,800,000	2	0.00%
Treasury shares, at cost	(41,096,031)	(41,096,031)	_	0.00%
Additional paid-in capital	52,309,224	52,309,224		0.00%
Revaluation reserves	234,782,852	231,142,347	3,640,505	1.58%
Retained earnings	883,561,601	715,725,191	167,836,410	23.45%
Total Equity	1,760,357,646	1,588,880,731	171,476,915	10.79%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2,075,925,920	2,001,591,145	74,334,775	3.71%
Changes in Results of Operations	2022	2021	Change	6 Change
Revenues	1,760,815,265	1,740,847,346	19,967,919	1%
Cost Of Goods Sold	1,218,783,523	1,262,277,223	(43,493,700)	-3%
Gross Profit	542,031,742	478,570,123	63,461,619	13%
Other Operating Expenses	241,044,053	190,097,813	50,946,240	27%
Other Income (Charges)				
Foreign currency gains - net	4,843,031	7,221,166	(2,378,135)	-33%
Finance costs - net	(1,912,959)	(2,016,237)	103,278	-5%
Finance income	135,264	163,550	(28,286)	-17%
Other income	2,263,395	1,744,216	519,179	30%
Profit Before Tax	306,316,420	295,585,005	10,731,415	4%
Profit Before Tax Tax Expense			10,731,415 6,137,264	4% 9%

# 1. Results of Operations

Material Changes to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2022 compared to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2021 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

# Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin increased by 13% or by 63.46M from 478M in 2021 to P542M. This is due to the implemented price increases of Pipes and PPR products as well as decrease in the unit purchase price of major raw materials used in production.

# Other Operating Expenses

A significant increase in operating expenses was noted at 27% or P50.95M from P190.10M in 2021 to P241.04M in 2022. Contributing to this material change is the increase in salaries of employees arising from promotion and annual salary adjustments, travel and fuels costs, commission and marketing expenses to boost sales.

# Finance Cost

There was a 5% drop in finance cost due to the decrease in interest expense from our mortgage on vehicles and trucks. The mortgages have a 5-year term and were taken in the years 2018 and 2019. Full settlement will be in 2023 and 2024.

# Foreign Exchange Gains - net

Foreign exchange gains decreased by 33% due to the decrease in the Company's dollar denominated sales transactions during the year while US Dollar strengthens its value.

#### Tax Expense

2022 tax expense increased by 8% or by 6.14M due to higher taxable income as compared in 2021. There were tax credits arising from the change in the corporate income tax rate in 2020 which was carried over to 2021 resulting to lower 2021 tax expense.

#### 2. Financial Condition

Material Changes to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2022 compared to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2021 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased by 135% or by P146.40M from P108.63M in 2021 to P255.03M in 2022. The increase in driven by the improvements in collections from customers. Also, the cost of raw materials decreased thereby reducing the amounts paid to suppliers.

# Trade and Other Receivables

Due to the improvements in customer collections, trade and other receivable decreased by 13% or P43.83M from PP339.06 to P295.23M Further, the company implemented a stricter credit evaluation for existing and new customers.

# Prepayments and Other Current Assets

Prepayments and other current assets decreased by 15% or by P21.34M from P137.92 in 2021 to P116.58M in 2022 due to higher amount of input vat claimed and used against output vat during the year.

# Right of Use Assets - Net

Right of use asset decreased by 12% or Php2.08M from Php16.84M to Php14.76M due to the monthly depreciation of right of use asset.

# Post-Employment defined benefit asset

Retirement Asset increased by 59% or 1.73M from P2.94 to P4.67M. Based on the 2022 Actuarial Report for the Company's Employee Retirement Fund, it is overfunded by P4.67M. This was computed based on the financial assumption that the discount rate is at 7.22%.

#### Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets decreased by 31% or Php5.70M from Php18.52M to Php12.82M. This is dues to the receipt of goods paid in advance to suppliers.

#### Trade and Other Pavables

Trade and other payables decreased by 31% or P97.30M from P311.80M to P214.50M due to the decrease in raw materials purchased during the year as well as the decline in the cost of raw materials.

#### Mortgage Payable-Current

Mortgage payable decreased by 12% or P0.26M from P2.25M to P1.99M due to a vehicle mortgage that will be fully settled in 2023.

#### Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities increased by 21% or P0.76M from P3.57M to P4.33M. This is due to the renewal of two lease contracts with lease terms of 2 and 3 years in 2022. Under PFRS 16, all leases are considered as finance lease. The lease liability for the entire lease contract duration is immediately recognized and will be reduced by the amount of monthly amortization.

# Income Tax Payable

Income Tax Payable increased by 98% due to higher taxable income in 2022 as compared to previous year. There was a tax credit arising from the change in the corporate income tax rate in 2020 which was applied in 2021 resulting to lower tax payable in 2021.

# Mortgage Payable

Mortgage Payable decreased by 86% or P1.99M from P2.32M to P0.33M. This is due to the reclassification of mortgage payments to be made in the next 12 months to Mortgage Payable – Current. Also, these mortgages will be fully settled in 2023 and early 2024.

# Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings increased by 23% or P167.83M from P715.73M to P883.56M as a result of the generated profit after tax during the year reduced by dividends paid last April 19, 2022 and June 19, 2022 totaling to Php61.06M.

# 3. Key Performance Indicators

LIQUIDITY RATIOS		
Key Indicators	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current ratio	5.95:1.00	3.99:1.00
Acid test ratio	2.41 : 1.00	1.39:1.00
Book value per share	2.88	2.60
	SOLVENCY RATIOS	SOLVENCY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Debt to equity ratio	0.18:1.00	0.26:1.00
Asset to equity ratio	1.18:1.00	1.26:1.00
	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	PROFITABILITY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Earnings per share	0.37	0.37
Return on assets	11.03%	11.21%
Return on equity	13.00%	14.12%
Gross profit ratio	30.78%	27.49%
Net profit (after tax) ratio	13.00%	12.88%

#### Notes:

11. Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)

To test the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts

12. Acid Test Ratio (Quick Assets/Current Liabilities)

Measures the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts from its most liquid assets without relying on inventory.

13. Book Value per Share (Equity/Shares Outstanding)

Measures the amount of net assets available to stockholders of a given type of stock.

14.Debt to Equity Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Equity

Measures the amount of total assets provided by stockholders

15. Asset to Equity Ratio (Total Assets/Total Equity)

Shows the relationship of the total assets to the portion owned by the stockholders.

Indicates the Company's leverage, the amount of debt used to finance the firm.

16. Earnings per Share (Net Profit/Shares Outstanding)

Reflects the Company's earning capability.

17. Return on Assets (Net Profit/Average Total Assets)

Indicates whether assets are being used efficiently and effectively

18. Return on Equity (Net Profit/Average Total Equity)

Measures the ability of the company to generate profit from investment of stockholders

19. Gross Profit Ratio (Gross Profit/Revenues)

Measures the percentage of gross income to sales

20. Net Profit Ratio (Net Profit/Revenues)

Measures the percentage of net income to sales

# FY 2021 versus 2020

Changes in Financial Condition and/or Results of Operations (Comparative balances for December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020)

Changes in Financial Condition	2021	2020	Change	% Change
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	108,633,691	188,196,658	(79,562,967)	-42.28%
Trade and other receivables - net	339,062,457	276,007,104	63,055,353	22.85%
Inventories	700,898,060	469,233,996	231,664,064	49.37%
Prepayments and other current assets	137,924,436	106,582,764	31,341,672	29.41%
Total Current Assets	1,286,518,644	1,040,020,522	246,498,122	23.70%
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment - net	676,798,883	566,031,393	110,767,490	19.57%
Right-of-use assets - net	16,838,522	21,020,024	(4,181,502)	-19.89%
Post-employment defined benefit asset - net	2,936,556	0	2,936,556	0.00%
Other non-current assets - net	18,506,540	9,632,333	8,874,207	92.13%
Total Non-current Assets	715,080,501	596,683,750	118,396,751	19.84%
TOTAL ASSETS	2,001,599,145	1,636,704,272	364,894,873	22.29%
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables	311,802,136	262,342,133	49,460,003	18.85%
Mortgage and loan payables	2,246,361	2,480,902	(234,541)	-9.45%
Lease liabilities	3,571,012	3,466,766	104,246	3.01%
Income tax payable	5,057,816	16,171,614	(11,113,798)	-68.72%
Total Current Liabilities	322,677,325	284,461,415	38,215,910	13.43%
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NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Lease liabilities	15,666,756	19,237,768	(3,571,012)	-18.56%
Deferred tax liabilities - net	72,049,746	49,687,926	22,361,820	45.00%
Mortgage payables	2,316,587	4,561,326.00	(2,244,739)	-49.21%
Post-employment defined banafit obligation	•	48,856.00	(48,856)	-100.00%
Advances from Stockholders	0%	46,057	(46,057)	-100.00%
Total Non-current Liabilities	90,033,089	73,581,933	16,451,156	22_36%
Total Liabilities	412,710,414	358,043,348	54,667,066	15.27%
EQUITY				
Capital stock	630,800,000	630,800,000	11.4	0.00%
Treasury shares, at cost	(41,096,031)	(41,096,031)	-	0.00%
Additional paid-in capital	52,309,224	52,309,224		0.00%
Revaluation reserves	231,142,347	131,489,321	99,653,026	75.79%
Retained earnings	715,725,191	505,158,410	210,566,781	41.68%
Total Equity	1,588,880,731	1,278,660,924	310,219,807	24.26%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2,001,591,145	1,636,704,272	364,886,873	22,29%
Changes in Results of Operations	2021	2020	Change	% Change
Revenues	1,740,847,346	1,117,688,552	623,158,794	56%
Cost Of Goods Sold	1,262,277,223	772,150,288	490,126,935	63%
Gross Profit	478,570,123	345,538,264	133,031,859	38%
Other Operating Expenses	190,097,813	171,670,539	18,427,274	11%
Other Income (Charges)				
Foreign currency gains - net	7,221,166	1,281,674	5,939,492	463%
Finance costs - net	(2,016,237)	(4,765,295)	2,749,058	-58%
Finanœ income	163,550	357,614	(194,064)	-54%
Other income	1,744,216	2,550,327	(806,111)	-32%
Profit Before Tax	295,585,005	173,292,045	122,292,960	71%
Tax Expense	71,278,846	52,042,956	19,235,890	37%
Net Profit	224,306,159	121,249,089	103,057,070	85%

# 1. Results of Operations

Material Changes to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2021 compared to the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended December 31, 2020 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

#### Revenues

The Company ended the year of 2021 with total revenues of Php1.74B. This is Php0.62B or 55.75% higher as compared to the P1.12B generated revenues in 2020. Contributing 64.18% to this revenue growth is the performance of the Pipes Division wherein it increased its sales by 92.57% from P432.02 in 2020 to P831.95 in 2021. Furthermore, it surpassed its sale in 2019, the pre-pandemic year, by 73.21%.

#### Cost of Sales

Cost of sales increased by 63.48% from  $\cancel{P}0.77$  billion in 2020 to  $\cancel{P}1.26$  billion in 2021. This is due to the increase in sales volume as well as the increase in the price of its raw materials.

# Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit increased by ₱133.03 million or 38.5% from ₱345.54.40 million to ₱478.57 million.

# Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses increased by \$\mathbb{P}\$18.43 million or 7.87% from \$\mathbb{P}\$171,67 million to \$\mathbb{P}\$190.10 million. It must be noted that between March to May of 2020, the lockdown period, the Company has minimal to zero operations. Thus, there were operating and selling expense not incurred such as salaries, commissions, travel and transportation, and freight costs. In 2021, these costs were now consistently incurred and even increased due to the increase in sales.

# Other Income (Charges)

In 2021, the Company reported Other Income amounting to ₱7.11 million. This improved by ₱7.69 million from a loss of ₱0.58 million in 2020. Driving this favorable change is the ₱5.94 million increase foreign exchange gains from its export sales transactions.

# Tax Expense

Tax expense increased by \$\text{P}\$19.24 million or by 36.96% from \$\text{P}\$52.04 million to \$\text{P}\$71.28 million. This is due to the high growth in revenues arising from the increase demands for PVC products resulting to higher net profit before tax.

# 2. Financial Condition

Material Changes to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 202! compared to the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2020 (increase/decrease of 5.00% or more)

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$\mathbb{P}79.56\$ million or 42.28% from P188.20 million to P108.63 million. This is due to the increased payments to suppliers arising from the increased purchases or raw materials to support the requirements of the Company's customers. This is also coupled with the rise in the cost of major raw materials. The Company also paid higher quarterly taxes this year as a result better performance in 2021.

# Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and Other Receivables increased by P63.06M or 22.85% from P276.01M to P339.06M. This is primarily due to the 55.75% increase in sales net of improvements in customer collections.

# **Inventories**

Inventory balances at the end of 2021 grew by \$\mathbb{P}\$231.66 million or 49.37% from \$\mathbb{P}\$469.23 million to \$\mathbb{P}\$700.69 million. Purchases of raw materials increased during the year to beef up the requirements of production that will enable the Company to deliver customer orders. Also, there were price increases in major raw materials used in production.

#### Prepayments and Other Current Assets

Prepayments and other current assets increased by \$\mathbb{P}31.34\$ million or 29.41% from \$\mathbb{P}106.58\$ million to \$\mathbb{P}137.92\$ million. The is due to the increase in input vat from purchase of raw materials and supplies.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment, net

The Company purchased machineries amounting to P39.95 million during the year to increase production capacity. Some of these assets were originally allocated to the Davao plant which was temporarily deferred due to mobilization limitations brought about by the pandemic. Also, the Company had its land properties revalued in 2021 thereby increasing its value by P119.10 million. This two are the reasons for the increase on the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment by P110.77 million or 19.57% from P566.03 million to P676.80 million.

# Right of Use Assets - Net

Right of Use Assets - net decreased by \$\mathbb{P}4.18\$ million or 4.18% from \$\mathbb{P}21.02\$ million to \$\mathbb{P}16.84\$ million due to the monthly recognition of depreciation expense.

# Post-Employment defined benefit asset

The Company recognized Post-Employment Defined Benefit Asset amounting to \$\frac{1}{2}\$.94 million in 2021 while in 2020, post-employment defined benefit liability was reported amounting to \$\frac{1}{2}\$.856.00. During year, the Company amended its retirement plan which resulted to an overfunding in the Company's Employee Retirement Fund. Thus, the recognition of post-employment defined benefit asset.

# Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets increased by P8.8 million or 92.23% from P9.63M to P18.52 million. This is due to the recognition of deferred input vat from its fixed asset purchases during the year.

# Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables increased by P49.46 million or 18.85% from P262.34 million to P311.80 million. This due to the increased purchases of raw materials.

# Mortgage Payable-Current

Loans and Mortgage Payable-Current decreased by P0.23 million or 9.45% from P2.48 million to P2.25 million due to settlement of car loan amortization.

#### Deferred Tax Liabilities - net

Deferred Tax Liabilities - net increased by P22.36 million or 45% from P49.69 million to P72.05 million primarily due to the revaluation increment on land.

#### Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings increased by P210.57 million or 41.68%. This is due to Net Profit after tax generated during the year amounted to P224.31 million, reduced by the amount of cash dividends paid amounting to P13.74 million.

# 3. Key Performance Indicators

LIQUIDITY RATIOS	The second secon	
Key Indicators	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Current ratio	3.99:1.00	3.66:1.00
Acid test ratio	1.39:1.00	1.63:1.00
Book value per share	2.60	2.09
	SOLVENCY RATIOS	SOLVENCY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Debt to equity ratio	0.26:1.00	0.28:1.00
Asset to equity ratio	1.26:1.00	1.28:1.00
	PROFITABILITY RATIOS	PROFITABILITY RATIOS
Key Indicators	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Earnings per share	0.37	0.20
Return on assets	11.21%	7.57%
Return on equity	14.12%	9.87%
Gross profit ratio	27.49%	30.92%
Net profit (after tax) ratio	12.88%	10.85%

#### Notes:

1. Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)

To test the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts

2. Acid Test Ratio (Quick Assets/Current Liabilities)

Measures the Company's ability to pay its short-term debts from its most liquid assets without relying on inventory.

3. Book Value per Share (Equity/Shares Outstanding)

Measures the amount of net assets available to stockholders of a given type of stock.

4. Debt to Equity Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Equity

Measures the amount of total assets provided by stockholders

5. Asset to Equity Ratio (Total Assets/Total Equity)

Shows the relationship of the total assets to the portion owned by the stockholders.

Indicates the Company's leverage, the amount of debt used to finance the firm.

6. Earnings per Share (Net Profit/Shares Outstanding)

Reflects the Company's earning capability.

7. Return on Assets (Net Profit/Average Total Assets)

Indicates whether assets are being used efficiently and effectively

8. Return on Equity (Net Profit/Average Total Equity)

Measures the ability of the company to generate profit from investment of stockholders

9. Gross Profit Ratio (Gross Profit/Revenues)

Measures the percentage of gross income to sales

10. Net Profit Ratio (Net Profit/Revenues)

Measures the percentage of net income to sales

# 2024 Plan of Operations

- 1. Manufacture new product
- 2. Continue geographic expansion
- 3. Broaden market segments
- 4. Purchase of Property
- 5. Enhance Data Privacy and Cyber Security
- 6. Succession Planning
- 7. Upgrade logistics equipment
- 8. Purchase additional machineries
- 9. Upgrade production facilities, tools, equipment and accessories
- 10. Expand production capacity in Valenzuela plant

#### Item 7. Financial Statements

The Financial Statements of the Company are incorporated herein by reference and attached as an integral part of this SEC Form 17-A.

# Item 8. Information on Independent Public Accountant and Other Related Matters

# 1. Independent Public Accountant

a. Punongbayan & Araullo (P&A) was engaged by the company to audit the Company's financial statements for the calendar years December 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023. Their responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on their audit. The audits were conducted in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing.

Punongbayan & Araullo has neither shareholdings in the Company nor any right, whether legally enforceable or not, to nominate persons or to subscribe to the securities in the Company. Both these independent public accountants will not receive any direct or indirect interest in the Company and in any securities thereof (including options, warrants, or rights thereto) pursuant to or in connection with the Listing. The foregoing is in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines set by the Board of Accountancy and approved by the Professional Regulation Committee.

#### b. Audit and Audit Related Fees

Punongbayan & Araullo billed the Company P560,000.00, P600,000 and P640,000 for the examination of the financial statements for the calendar years December 31, 2021, 2022 and 2023 respectively, exclusive of 15% of professional fees for out-of-pocket expenses

# c. Tax Fees

Punongbayan & Araullo did not render professional services to the Company for tax accounting, compliance, advice, planning, and any other form of tax services.

### d. Audit Committee Approval Policies

Under the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance, the policies and procedures for the audit rendered by the independent public auditors are to be taken up, discussed, and approved by the Company's Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee's decisions are based on the standards set forth by the Company for the purpose of audit or tax services, as the case may be. If the proposal submitted by the independent public auditor is within the standards set forth, then the proposal is forwarded to the Company's Board of Directors for approval.

## 2. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There was no event where P&A and the Company had any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, disclosure of financial statements or auditing scope or procedure.

### **Changes in Accounting Policies**

Please refer to Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies under Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures discussion on the Notes to Financial Statements of the year ended December 31, 2023, included in this report.

### PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

### Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Issuer

### Board of Directors

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the over-all management and direction of the Company. The Board meets to review and monitor the Company's future. Each Board member serves for a term of one (1) year, subject to re-election. A director who was elected to fill any vacancy holds office only for the unexpired term of his/her predecessor.

As of December 31, 2023, the composition of the Company's Board of Directors is as follows:

Board of Directors  Name	Age	Nationality	Present Position	Period of Service in the Company
Walter H. Villanueva	69	Filipino	Chairman of the Board	22 years
Nicasio T. Perez	66	Filipino	Director	34 years
Derrick P. Villanueva	41	Filipino	Director	14 years
Hans T. Perez	34	Filipino	Director	10 years
Eugene H. Villanueva	67	Filipino	Director	34 years

Daphne V. Yu	40	Filipino	Director	Less than a year
Marie Therese G. Santos	66	Filipino	Independent Director	More than 5 years
Ernesto R. Alberto	61	Filipino	Lead - Independent Director	More than 5 years
Fernando Lopez	72	Filipino	Independent Director	1 year

Ms. Marie Therese G. Santos was appointed as Lead Independent Director on September 23, 2022.

Ms. Tita P. Villanueva, due to her untimely demise, ceased to be a director of the Company last October 2, 2023. The vacant seat in the Board was filled up by Ms. Daphne V. Yu after electing her as a regular member of the Board of Directors last November 20, 2023.

To describe the business experience of the Company's directors for the past five (5) years, we have outlined hereunder their professional and business affiliations, as follows:

# Walter H. Villanueva, 69, Filipino, Chairman of the Board, President, General Manager – PVC Roof Division, Chief Risk Officer

Mr. Walter H. Villanueva is concurrently a director and stockholder of Asean Timber Corporation, Husky Plastics Corporation, WT Derrick Realty Corporation and Guiguinto Integrated Wood Industries Corporation. He is likewise the Chairman or President and General Manager of these companies. From 2005 to present, Mr. Villanueva served as the Vice President for Sales and Marketing and the General Manager for the Pipe Group of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation. He was appointed by the Board of Directors on July 19, 2019 as President of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation, effective August 1, 2019. He was also appointed by the Board of Directors as Chief Risk Officer effective July 10, 2020.

Mr. Villanueva holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and Marketing from the University of the Philippines Diliman.

### Nicasio T. Perez, 66, Filipino, Director and VP-Treasurer

Mr. Nicasio T. Perez is concurrently a director and stockholder of Asean Timber Corporation and Guiguinto Integrated Wood Industries Corporation. He likewise serves as Treasurer of Asean Timber Corporation and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Guiguinto Integrated Wood Industries Corporation. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce from the University of Sto. Tomas.

### Derrick P. Villanueva, 41, Filipino, Director and General Manager – PVC Pipes Division

Mr. Derrick P. Villanueva was the Assistant General Manager – PVC Pipes Division position from July 2009 to December 2013 before he was promoted to General Manager for the same division on January 1, 2014. He is concurrently a director and stockholder of WT Derrick Realty Corporation and Husky Plastics Corporation. Mr. Villanueva holds a Diploma in Chemical Sciences from the British Columbia Institute of Technology and a Bachelor of Science degree in Entrepreneur Management from the University of Asia and the Pacific. He also finished his Regis-Ateneo MBA at the Ateneo Graduate School of Business last November 2022.

### Hans Joseph T. Perez, 34, Filipino, General Manager - PP-R/HDPE Pipes Division

Mr. Hans T. Perez assumed his position as Assistant General Manager of the PP-R /HDPE Pipes Division in 2014. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce major in Business Management from the De La Salle University. In 2017, he was promoted to the position of General Manager of the same division. He was designated by the Board as Risk Management Officer on September 29, 2017. On May 29, 2020, he was elected as Director of the company.

### Eugene H. Lee Villanueva, 67, Filipino, Director

Mr. Eugene H. Lee Villanueva is concurrently a director and stockholder of Husky Plastics Corporation. He is an MBA Candidate in the Ateneo De Manila University and holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Pre Medicine from the University of the Philippines Diliman. He retired as President of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation effective August 1, 2019.

### Daphne V. Yu, 40, Filipino, Director

Ms. Daphne V. Yu is currently a director and broker in RE/MAX Capital. She has been in the real estate field since 2011. She first gained experience in Century Properties Group then eventually forming her own real estate brokerage, the President of Property Source PH, in 2014.

Ms. Yu obtained her BS Management Engineering Degree from Ateneo de Manila in 2004.

### Marie Therese G. Santos, 66, Filipino, Lead Independent Director

Ms. Marie Therese G. Santos is concurrently a director and stockholder of Gravitas Prime. Ms. Santos also sits as Independent Director of First Abacus Holdings, Inc. and Treasurer of UP High, Preparatory, Elementary, and Integrated School Alumni Foundation. She previously served as CFO, and after her resignation, as Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee of Music Semiconductors Corporation. She also served as Director and Chairman of the Risk Management Committee of both Rural Bank of Solano (Nueva Vizcaya), Inc. and Cordillera Savings and Loan Association.

Ms. Santos holds a Masters degree in Business Administration and Bachelor of Science degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of the Philippines Diliman. She is a licensed Chemical Engineer.

### Ernesto R. Alberto, 61, Filipino, Independent Director

Mr. Ernesto R. Alberto is currently the President and a Board Director of DITO CME Holdings Corporation. He is a retired Executive Vice President of the Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company (PLDT). He was also the President and CEO of Telesat, Inc. and ePLDT, Inc., as well as the President of ePDS, Inc. In addition, he was the Chairman of ACASIA Communications Sdn Bhd, Bonifacio Communications Corp., PLDT SUBIC TELECOM, INC. (PLDT Subictel), Clark Telecommunication Company Inc. (PLDT Clarktel), ABM Global Solutions, iPlus, and Junior Achievement Philippines. He also held directorships in PLDT Philcom, PLDT Maratel, Inc., PLDT Global Philippines, PLDT Global Malaysia, Mabuhay

Investments Corp., IP Converge Data Services, Inc., and IBM Analitika Philippines. Mr. Alberto was a director of the Business Processing Association of the Philippines (BPA/P) from 2007 to 2011.

At present, he is the Chief Executive Officer of Dito Telecommunity, a subsidiary of Dito CME Holdings Corp. Prior to his CEO appointment, Mr. Alberto served as the president of Dito CME, the information and community technology unit of Udenna Group.

Mr. Alberto obtained his Master's Degree in Economic Research from the University of Asia and the Pacific and his Bachelor's Degree Major in Economics, Minor in Mathematics and Political Science from San Beda College.

### Fernando S. Lopez, 72, Filipino, Independent Director

Mr. Fernando S. Lopez is currently a Director and the Treasurer of A. Magsaysay Inc. and Subsidiaries. He also holds the position of President of Fairex Trading (Asia) Corp. and Magsaysay Holder Insurance Broker Inc.

Mr. Lopez obtained his Bachelor's Degree on Accountancy from University of the East and is a Certified Public Accountant.

### **Executive Officers**

As of December 31, 2023, the following are the executive officers of the Company:

Principal Officers						
Name	Age	Nationality	Present Position	Year Position was Assumed		
			Chief Risk Officer	2020		
Walter H.	69	Dilinia -	President	2019		
Villanueva	09	Filipino	General Manager of PVC Roof Division	2017		
			Head of Pipe Group	2014		
Nicasio T. Perez	66	1731ii	Chief Finance Office - OIC	2023		
Nicasio 1. Perez	00	Filipino	Vice President – Treasurer	1992		
Derrick P. Villanueva	41	Filipino	General Manager – PVC Pipes Division Assistant General Manager- PVC Pipes Division	2014 2009		
Hans Joseph T. Perez	34	Filipino	Risk Management Officer and General Manager – PPR /HDPE Pipes Division Assistant General Manager-PPR/HDPE Division	2017 2014		

Marie Grace N. Dalupan	42	Filipino	Compliance Officer and AVP-Finance	2020 2019
Jason C. Nalupta	52	Filipino	Corporate Secretary and Chief Information Officer	2012
Ann Margaret Keh Lorenzo	35	Filipino	Assistant Corporate Secretary	2017

The following outlines the business experience of the other Company's officers for the past five (5) years:

### Marie Grace N. Dalupan, 42, Filipino, AVP-Finance

Ms. Dalupan assumed her position as AVP-Finance of the Corporate Division in 2019. She was designated by the Board as Compliance Officer on May 29, 2020.

### Jason C. Nalupta, 51, Filipino, Corporate Secretary and Chief Information Officer

Jason C. Nalupta, Filipino is the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation. He is also currently the Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary of listed firms A. Brown Company, Inc., Asia United Bank, Pacific Online Systems Corporation. He is also a Director and/or Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary of private companies Sino Cargoworks Agencies, Inc., Falcon Resources, Inc., Mercury Ventures, Inc., Total Gaming Technologies, Inc., Parallax Resources, Inc., SLW Development Corporation, Metropolitan Leisure & Tourism Corporation, Sagesoft Solutions, Inc., Radenta Technologies, Inc., Xirrus, Inc., Glypthstudios, Inc., Loto Pacific Leisure Corporation, and Sta. Clara International Corporation. He is a Partner at Tan Venturanza Valdez Law Offices specializing on corporate, securities, and business laws. Mr. Nalupta earned his Juris Doctor degree, as well as his Bachelor of Science degree in Management (major in Legal Management), from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1996 and 1992, respectively. Mr. Nalupta was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1997.

### Ann Margaret K. Lorenzo, 34, Filipino, Assistant Corporate Secretary

Ms. Lorenzo is the Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Company. She is also currently the Corporate Secretary of the following companies: Athena Ventures, Inc., TGTI Services, Inc., Galileo Software Services Inc., and GGO Realty Holdings, Inc. She is likewise the Assistant Corporate Secretary of I-Remit, Inc. (listed), Coal Asia Holdings, Incorporated (listed), TKC Metals Corporation (listed), Philequity PSE Index Fund, Inc., Philequity Fund, Inc., Philequity Peso Bond Fund, Inc., Philequity Dollar Income Fund, Inc., Philequity Dividend Yield Fund, Inc., Philequity Strategic Growth Fund, Inc., Philequity Balanced Fund, Inc., Philequity Resources Fund, Inc., Philequity Foreign Currency Fixed Income Fund, Inc., Aldex Realty Corporation, Oakridge Properties, Inc., Demikk Realty, Inc., Demikk Holdings, Inc., JTKC Leisure Holdings Corporation, Pan-Asean Multi-Resources Corporation, Etruscan Resources Philippines, Inc., and Tao Mohin Resources Corporation. She also serves as a Director of TGTI Services, Inc.

Ms. Lorenzo is currently a Junior Associate of Tan Venturanza Valdez. She obtained her Bachelor of Arts degree in English Studies and Juris Doctor degree from the University of the Philippines in 2010 and 2014, respectively. She was admitted to the Philippine bar in April 2015.

### Significant Employees

No single person is expected to contribute more significantly than others do to the business since the Company considers the collective efforts of all its employees as instrumental to the overall success of the Company's performance. Other than standard employment contracts, there are no arrangements with non-executive employees that will assure the continued stay of these employees with the Company.

### **Board Meetings and Attendance**

Board	Name	No. of Meetings Held during the Year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Walter H. Villanueva	7	7	100.00%
Member	Tita P. Villanueva (deceased)	7	6	86.00%
Member	Nicasio T. Perez	7	7	100.00%
Member	Derrick P. Villanueva	7	7	100.00%
Member	Eugene H. Villanueva	7	7	100.00%
Member	Hans T. Perez	7	7	100.00%
Member	Marie Therese G. Santos	7	7	100.00%
Member	Ernesto R. Alberto	7	6	86.00%
Member	Fernando S. Lopez	7	7	100.00%

### Item 10. Executive Compensation

The following summarizes the executive compensation received by the President and the top four (4) most highly compensated officers of the Company for 2018, 2019 and 2020. It also summarizes the aggregate compensation received by all the officers and directors, unnamed.

Name and Position	Year	Salaries	Bonuses	Others	Total
Walter H. Villanueva/ Chairman/President/Head- Pipe Group/ General Manager – PVC Roof Division Tita P. Villanueva/ SVP/Chief Financial Officer Nicasio T. Perez/VP-	2022	₽ 19,771,896.00	₽ 22,135,061.40	₽ 1,512,606.94	₽ 43,419,264.34
Treasurer Derrick P. Villanueva/General Manager-PVC Pipes Division Hans T. Perez/General Manager-PPR/HDPE Division					

Walter H. Villanueva/ Chairman/President/Head- Pipe Group/ General Manager – PVC Roof Division Tita P. Villanueva/ SVP/Chief Financial Officer Nicasio T. Perez/VP- Treasurer Derrick P.	2022	₽ 20,400,360	₽ 21,990,107.64	₽ 2,243,124.40	₽ 44,634,092.04
Villanueva/General Manager-PVC Pipes Division					
Walter H. Villanueva/ Chairman/President/Head- Pipe Group/ General Manager – PVC Roof Division Tita P. Villanueva/ SVP/Chief Financial Officer Nicasio T. Perez/VP- Treasurer Derrick P. Villanueva/General Manager-PVC Pipes Division Hans T. Perez/General Manager-PPR/HDPE Division	2021	₽ 22,901,454	₽ 1,264,607	₽ 5,793,996.66	₽ 29,959,607.66
Aggregate compensation paid	2023	₽ 20,613,896	₽ 22,135,061.40	₽ 3,962,838.30	₽ 46,711,795.70
to all officers and directors as	2022	₽ 20,400,360	₽ 24,355,287.64	₱ 3,185,124.40	₽ 47,940,772.04
a group unnamed	2021	₽ 24,552,648	₽ 1,381,070	₽ 7,628,996.66	₽ 33,562,714.66

### Compensation of Directors

Under the By-Laws of the Company, by resolution of the Board, each director shall receive a reasonable per diem allowance for his attendance at each meeting of the Board. As compensation, the Board shall receive and allocate an amount of not more than 10.00% of the net income before income tax of the Company during the preceding year. Such compensation shall be determined and apportioned among the directors in such manner as the Board may deem proper, subject to the approval of stockholders representing at least a majority of the outstanding capital stock at a regular or special meeting of the stockholders.

For 2023, the Board received per diem allowance of P1,372,000 and P6,126,328.40 performance incentive. Net income before tax in 2022 was P306,316,420.

Currently for Board meetings, the Chairman receives P25,000 and other directors at P20,000 per meeting attended. For Committee meetings, the Committee Chairperson receives P12,000 and the members receive P10,000 per meeting attended.

### Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

### Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

As at December 31, 2023, the following are the owners of record, directly or indirectly, of more than 5.00% of the Company's outstanding capital stock, the number of shares and percentage of shareholdings of each of them:

Title of Class	Name of Name, address of record owner and relationship with Issuer  Name of Beneficial Owner and Relationship with Record Owner			No. of Shares Held	Percent of Class	
Common	Nicasio T. Perez West Triangle Homes, Quezon City Shareholder	Same as record owner	Filipino	97,024,422	15.89%	
Common	Walter H. Villanueva Corinthian Gardens, Quezon City Shareholder	Same as record owner	Filipino	78,052.000	12.78%	
Common	Derrick P. Villanueva Royal View Mansion, San Juan City Shareholder	Same as record owner	Filipino	40,418,293	6.62%	
Common	Eugene H. Lee Villanueva West Triangle Homes, Quezon City Shareholder	Same as record owner Filipino		34,255,108	5.61%	

### Security Ownership of Directors and Management

The following are the number of shares owned of record by the directors and executive officers of the Company and the percentage of shareholdings of each of them as of December 31, 2023:

Direct Ov	enership by Board of Directors and Man	nagement		
Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent of Class
Common	Walter H. Villanueva Chairman of the Board, President, Head — Pipes Group, and General Manager — PVC Roof Division and Director	78,052,000 Direct	Filipino	12.78%
Common	Nicasio T. Perez Chief Finance Officer - OIC Vice President – Treasurer and Director	47,280,000 Direct	Filipino	7.74%
Common	Derrick P. Villanueva General Manager – PVC Pipes Division and Director	39,863,293 Direct	Filipino	6.53%
Common	Eugene H. Lee Villanueva Director	34,255,108 Direct	Filipino	5.61%
Common	Daphne V. Yu Director	5,068,188 Direct	Filipino	0.85%
Common	Hans T. Perez General Manager - PPR/HDPE Division and Director	2,464,422 Direct	Filipino	0.40%
Common	Marie Therese G. Santos Lead Independent Director	108,000 Direct	Filipino	-nil-
Common	Ernesto R. Alberto Independent Director	108,000 Direct	Filipino	-nil-
Common	Fernando S. Lopez Independent Director	10,000 Direct	Filipino	-nil-
Total		207,209,011 Direct		33.93%

As of December 31, 2023, the aggregate direct ownership of all directors and officers of the Company as a group is 33.93% of the total issued and outstanding shares of the Company.

### **Selling Security Holders**

None of the Offer Shares is to be offered for the account of security holders.

### **Voting Trust**

The Company knows of no person holding more than 5.00% of shares under a voting trust of similar agreement.

### Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

### Family Relationships

Mr. Walter H. Villanueva and Mr. Eugene H. Lee Villanueva are siblings.

Mr. Derrick P. Villanueva is the son of Mr. Walter H. Villanueva.

Ms. Daphne V. Villanueva is the daughter of Mr. Walter H. Villanueva.

Mr. Hans Joseph T. Perez is the son of Mr. Nicasio T. Perez.

There are no other family relationships known to the Company among directors, executive officers, or persons nominated or chose by the registrant to become directors or executive officers other than the ones disclosed.

Details of the Related Party Transaction are discussed under Note 17 of the Audited Financial Statements.

### PART IV - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### Item 13. Compliance with Leading Practice on Corporate Governance

The Company was listed at the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on April 27, 2015. The company's Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report (I-ACGR) shall be submitted on or before May 30, 2024, in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 15 Series of 2017.

### PART V - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

### Item 14. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

- (a) Exhibits none
- (b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C for the last six months of the year

### INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Form 17-A, Item 7

Statement of Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements
Independent Auditor's Report
Statements of Financial Position
Statements of Income
Statements of Comprehensive Income
Statements of Changes in Equity
Statements of Cash Flows
Notes to Financial Statements

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized, in \_\_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1 MAR 2024.

### CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION

Issuer

WALTER H. VILLANUEVA

Chairman and President

**NICASIO T. PEREZ** 

VP - Treasurer

ATTY. JASON C. NALUPTA

Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 1 MAR 2024 day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2024 affiants exhibiting to me their Passports, as follows:

NAMES	Passport NO.	DATE/PLACE OF ISSUE
Walter H. Villanueva	P0607032B	02/09/2019 DFA NCR East
Nicasio T. Perez	P9957630A	12/17/2018 DFA NCR East
Atty. Jason C. Nalupta	P7670714A	06/26/2018 DFA NCR South

NOTARY PUBLIC

Doc. No. 460 Page No. 93 Book No. 1 Series of 2024.

JESERAIFE NOC L. QUISAOT

Notary Public for Cities of Pasig and San Juan and in the Municipality of Pateros Appointment No. 301 (2023-2024)

Commission Expires on December 31, 2024

2704 East Tower, Tektite Towers, Exchange Road Ortigas Center, 1605 Pasig City PTR No. 1504080/01.02.24/Pasig IBP No. 301427/01.02.24/RSM Roll of Attorneys No. 87050

Admitted to the Bar 05.02.23





### The following document has been received:

Receiving: AARON PAGKATIPUNAN

Receipt Date and Time: March 13, 2024 02:03:49 PM

### **Company Information**

SEC Registration No.: 0000159950

Company Name: CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION

Industry Classification: D24123 Company Type: Stock Corporation

### **Document Information**

**Document ID:** OST10313202482078179 **Document Type:** Financial Statement

**Document Code: FS** 

Period Covered: December 31, 2023

Submission Type: Annual

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

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# STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of **CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION** is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, including the schedules attached therein, for the year ended **December 31, 2023**, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements, including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

Punongbayan & Araullo, the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in their report to the stockholders, have expressed their opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

WALTER H. VILLANUEVA

Chairman of the Board and President

NICASIO T. PEREZ VP-Treasurer / CFO-OIC

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of 0 8 MAR 2024

0 8 MAR 2024

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2024 affiant (s) exhibiting to me their Passport, as follows:

**NAMES** 

PASSPORT NO.

DATE/PLACE OF ISSUE

Walter H. Villanueva Nicasio T. Perez P0607032B P9957630A 02/09/2019 DFA NCR EAST 12/17/2018 DFA NCR EAST

Doc. No. 123

Page No. 25 Book No. 379

Series of 2024.

ATTY. JASON G. DE BELEN

NOTARY PUBLIC

Roll No. 36259

Adm. No. NP-008 Notary Public

Notary Public for Quezon City

Notary Public for Quezon City

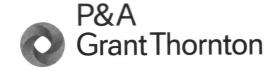
My Commission expires on December 31, 2025

No. 7M Panay Ave. cor. Sct. Borromeo St., Q.C.

IBP No. 385735; Q.C.; 1-2-2024

PTR No. 5554846; Q.C.; 1-2-2024

MCLE VII-0019570; 5-30-22



### **Report of Independent Auditors**

Punongbayan & Araullo

20th Floor, Tower 1 The Enterprise Center 6766 Ayala Avenue 1200 Makati City Philippines

T +63 2 8988 2288

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation Km. 33, McArthur Highway Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto Bulacan

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

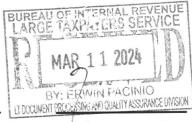
### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the Company), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of profit or loss, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities* for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### (a) Revenue Recognition

Description of the Matter

Revenue is one of the key performance measures used to assess the Company's business performance. Relative to this, there is a presumed significant risk that the amount of revenue reported in the financial statements is higher than what has been actually generated by the Company. Revenue is recognized when the control over the goods has been transferred at a point in time to the customer, i.e., generally when the customer has acknowledged delivery of goods. Revenue from local and export sales is generated through direct sales to contractors and developers, manufacturers and traders, and wholesalers and retailers. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company's total revenues amounted to P1,506.7 million.

In our view, revenue recognition is significant to our audit because of the inherent risk of material misstatement involved and the materiality of the amount of recorded revenues which impact the Company's profitability.

The Company's disclosures about its revenue recognition policy and breakdown are included in Notes 2 and 4, respectively.

How the Matter was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures to address the risk of material misstatement relating to revenue recognition, which was considered to be a significant risk, included:

- obtaining an understanding of the Company's different types of revenue streams by reviewing revenue contracts and revenue transaction processes;
- evaluating appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition policy in accordance with PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- testing of design and operating effectiveness of internal controls related to the Company's revenue processes, which include inquiry and observation, and test, on a sampling basis, revenue transactions during the year;
- performing test of transactions, on a sample basis, for revenue transactions to ascertain
  the satisfaction of the performance obligations through delivery of the goods, including but
  not limited to, reviewing of sales invoices, including proof of deliveries, as evidence that
  control is transferred to the customers;
- performing sales cut-off test, including, among others, examining sales transactions near
  period end, and analysing and reviewing sales returns, credit memos and other receivable
  adjustments subsequent to period end to determine whether revenues are appropriately
  recognized in the proper period;





- confirming receivables, on sample basis, using positive confirmations, performing
  alternative procedures for non-responding customers, reporting unresolved difference
  to appropriate client personnel and projecting errors to the population, to ascertain the
  testing precision achieved, which further validates the accuracy of revenue recognized
  by the Company; and,
- performing detailed analysis of revenue segments and related key ratios such as, but not limited to, current year's components of revenues (e.g., by customer and by division) as a percentage of total revenues, receivable turnover and average collection period.

### (b) Existence and Valuation of Inventories

Description of the Matter

The total inventories of P716.9 million as of December 31, 2023 represents 45% and 29% of total current assets and total assets of the Company, respectively. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Recognition of inventory cost, particularly related to finished goods, involves management judgment and estimates in appropriately allocating the manufacturing costs, including overhead, based on actual units produced. In addition, management uses estimates in assessing whether inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Moreover, the Company's inventories are considered voluminous and majority of these are kept in the Company's warehouses and some are held by third parties. Relative to these, we determined that existence and valuation of inventories is a key audit matter of our audit.

The Company's disclosures about inventories and the related inventory valuation policies are included in Notes 7 and 2, respectively.

How the Matter was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures to address the risk of material misstatement relating to inventory existence and valuation, which was considered to be a significant risk included, among others, the following:

On inventory existence:

- conducting physical inventory count observation, including, among others, touring the
  facility before and after the inventory count observation to gain an understanding of the
  location and condition of inventories prior to the count and after the count is concluded, as
  well as the related controls of the Company in relation to the inventory count; determining
  that all sampled inventory items were counted and no items were counted twice; obtaining
  relevant cut-off information and copy of count control documents; examining sample
  inventory items to test count against inventory records; clearing exceptions, if any, with
  appropriate personnel; and, projecting errors to the population;
- observing physical inventory count conducted on inventories held by third parties; and,
- performing detailed analysis of inventory-related ratios such as, but not limited to, inventory turnover, current year's components of inventories as a percentage of total inventories and current year's composition of the total product cost.

On inventory valuation:

 testing the design and operating effectiveness of processes and controls over inventory costing, reconciliation, data entry and review;

FOLLOWING PACINIO

Certified Public Accountants



- determining the method of inventory costing and evaluating appropriateness and consistency of application of the valuation of inventories at lower of cost and net realizable value:
- performing test on inventory costing of selected inventory items by recomputing unit cost and comparing to unit cost per books, examining movements affecting the average unit cost, reporting unresolved difference, if any, to appropriate personnel; and,
- determining whether inventory is stated at lower of cost and net realizable value by
  obtaining latest selling price, estimating cost to sell of sample inventory items and
  comparing the net selling price to the unit cost per books, reporting unresolved differences,
  if any, to appropriate personnel.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS, SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a NAL REVENUE material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

BY: ERWIN PACINIO LT DOCUMENT PROCESSING AND CUALITY ASSURANCE DIVISION



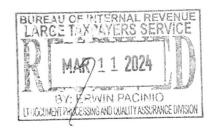
As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
  The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
  one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.





### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information for the year ended December 31, 2023 required by the Bureau of Internal Revenue as disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is John Endel S. Mata.

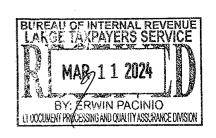
### **PUNONGBAYAN & ARAULLO**

By: John Endel S. Mata

**Partner** 

CPA Reg. No. 0121347
TIN 257-622-627
PTR No. 10076144, January 3, 2024, Makati City
SEC Group A Accreditation
Partner - No. 121347-SEC (until financial period 2023)
Firm - No. 0002 (until financial period 2024)
BIR AN 08-002551-040-2023 (until Jan. 24, 2026)
Firm's BOA/PRC Cert. of Reg. No. 0002 (until Aug. 27, 2024)

March 4, 2024



### CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	2023	2022
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	P 374,244,448	P 255.027.375
Trade and other receivables - net	6		
Inventories	7	343,924,123 716,917,605	294,422,081
Prepayments and other current assets	8	151,067,824	705,687,384
1-1-pay-monto and other editent assets	•	151,007,824	116,582,436
Total Current Assets		1,586,154,000	1,371,719,276
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			G.
Property, plant and equipment - net	9	846,879,338	671,957,011
Right-of-use assets - net	12	13,422,110	14,762,376
Post-employment defined benefit asset - net	15	3,139,156	4,671,133
Other non-current assets - net	10	37,594,241	12,816,124
Total Non-current Assets		901,034,845	704,206,644
TOTAL ASSETS		P 2,487,188,845	P 2,075,925,920
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	P 292,885,547	D 214547444
Mortgage and loan payables			P 214,516,411
Lease liabilities	11	333,679	1,984,626
Income tax payable	12	2,827,692 8,767,103	4,332,370 9,207,090
- ,			
Total Current Liabilities		304,814,021	230,040,497
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	12	13,194,332	13,088,724
Deferred tax liabilities - net	16	91,192,283	72,105,374
Mortgage payables	11	-	333,679
Other payables	11	63,720,000	-
Total Non-current Liabilities		168,106,615	85,527,777
Total Liabilities		472,920,636	315,568,274
EQUITY	18		
Capital stock	••	630,800,000	630,800,000
Treasury shares, at cost		( 41,096,031)	( 41,096,031)
Additional paid-in capital		52,309,224	52,309,224
Revaluation reserves		295,801,165	234,782,852
Retained earnings		1,076,453,851	883,561,601
Total Equity		2,014,268,209	1,760,357,646
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		P 2487,188,845 AYE	VAL REVENUE EP SEB,075,925,920

See Notes to Financial Statements.

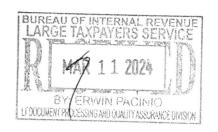
MAR 1 1/2024

BY: ERVVIN PACINIO
UTDOCUMBYI PROCESSING AND QUALITY ASSURANCE DIMSION

# CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	2023	2022	2021
REVENUES	4, 17	P 1,506,695,998	P 1,760,815,265	P 1,740,847,346
COST OF GOODS SOLD	13	956,681,271	1,218,783,523	1,262,277,223
GROSS PROFIT		550,014,727	542,031,742	478,570,123
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	14	230,325,646	241,044,053	190,097,813
OTHER INCOME				
Finance income Foreign currency gains - net Finance costs - net Other income	5, 8 21 11, 12, 15 9	9,063,146 1,663,716 ( 1,167,870 ) 968,923	135,264 4,843,031 ( 1,912,959) ( 2,263,395	163,550 7,221,166 2,016,237) 1,744,216
		10,527,915	5,328,731	7,112,695
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		330,216,996	306,316,420	295,585,005
TAX EXPENSE	16	82,367,236	77,416,110	71,278,846
NET PROFIT		P 247,849,760	P 228,900,310	P 224,306,159
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	19	P 0.41	P 0.37	P 0.37

See Notes to Financial Statements.



### CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes		2023	2022			2021	
NET PROFIT		P	247,849,760	P	228,900,310	<u>P</u>	224,306,159	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME								
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently								
to profit or loss	18							
Revaluation increment on land	9		81,113,000				119,102,900	
Remeasurements of post-employment defined								
benefit plan	15		244,750		4,854,007		1,245,010	
Tax expense	16	(	20,339,437)	(	1,213,502)	(	20,694,884)	
			61,018,313		3,640,505		99,653,026	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>Р</u>	308,868,073	P	232,540,815	P	323,959,185	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

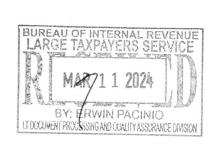


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# CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Note	Capital Stock	F	Treasury Shares	Adc Paid-	Additional Paid-in Capital	Appropriated		Retained Earnings Unappropriated		Total	Rev	Revaluation Reserves	Total Equity	1
Balance at January 1, 2023 Cash dividends Appropriation during the year Total comprehensive income for the year	18	P 630,800,000	a	41,096,031 )	<u>a</u>	52,309,224	P - 220,000,000	8 1	883,561,601 54,957,510) 220,000,000) 247,849,760	<b>d</b> )	883,561,601 54,957,510) - 247,849,760	<u>a</u>	234,782,852	P 1,760,357,646 ( 54,957,510) - 308,868,073	46 10)
Balance as at December 31, 2023		P 630,800,000	ال	41,096,031)	p.	52,309,224	P 220,000,000	اء عا	856,453,851	<u>D</u>	1,076,453,851	Д	295,801,165	P 2,014,268,209	21
Balance at January 1, 2022 Cash dividends Total comprehensive income for the year	18	P 630,800,000	d.	41,096,031)	d	52,309,224	e	ا ن	715,725,191 61,063,900) 228,900,310	d _	715,725,191 61,063,900) 228,900,310	a.	231,142,347	P 1,588,880,731 ( 61,063,900 232,540,815	31 (5)
Balance as at December 31, 2022		P 630,800,000	( P	41,096,031)	Ъ	52,309,224	- -	a.	883,561,601	Ы	883,561,601	Ы	234,782,852	P 1,760,357,646	21
Balance at January 1, 2021 Cash dividends Total comprehensive income for the year	8	P 630,800,000	( b	41,096,031)	e.	52,309,224	a	a _	505,158,410 13,739,378) 224,306,159	а <sub>(</sub>	505,158,410 13,739,378) 224,306,159	д 1	131,489,321 - 99,653,026	P 1,278,660,924 ( 13,739,378 323,959,185	8 27
Balance as at December 31, 2021		P 630,800,000		(P 41,096,031)	Ы	52,309,224		۵	715,725,191	Q.	715,725,191	P	231,142,347	P 1,588,880,731	51

See Notes to Financial Statements.



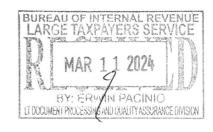
# CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes		2023		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		P	220 217 007		******		
Adjustments for:		r	330,216,996	P	306,316,420	P	295,585,005
Depreciation and amortization	9, 10, 12		44 720 222				
Finance income	5, 8	,	44,738,333		43,812,306		42,157,189
Interest expense	11, 12, 15	(	9,063,146)	(	135,264)	(	163,550)
Unrealized foreign currency gains - net	21	,	1,167,870		1,912,959		2,016,237
Gain on sale of equipment		(	136,284)	(	1,376,390)	(	3,897,358)
Gain on derecognition of a financial liability	9, 17		-	(	846,280)	(	794,491)
Operating profit before working capital changes	17				-	(	46,057)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables			366,923,769		349,683,751		334,856,975
Increase in inventories		(	49,327,782)		43,060,793	(	61,020,429)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments and other current assets		(	11,230,221)	(	4,789,324)	(	231,664,064)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments and other current assets  Decrease (increase) in post-employment defined benefit asset			14,088,338		12,548,059	(	39,754,865)
			1,911,669		3,264,202	(	2,936,556)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets		(	18,016,777)		5,634,823	(	8,948,697)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables			46,691,977	(	97,280,260)		46,969,928
Increase in post-employment defined benefit obligation			-		-		1,190,356
Cash generated from operations			351,040,973		312,122,044		38,692,648
Cash paid for income taxes		(	73,808,556)	(	61,544,118)	(	72,294,515)
Interest received			9,063,146		135,264	`	163,550
Net Cash From (Used in) Operating Activities			286,295,563	-	250,713,190	(	33,438,317)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Investment in short-term placements	8	(	55,411,349)	1	4,104,651)		
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment	9	ì	48,763,275)	,	34,209,600)	,	20.005.2(0)
Proceeds from disposals of equipment	9	,	-	(	1,684,105	(	29,905,362)
	,			-	1,004,105	-	516,900
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(	104,174,624)	(	36,630,146)	(	29,388,462)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							,
Dividends paid	18	(	54,957,510)	,	61.063.000 \	,	42 720 270 )
Repayments of lease liabilities	12	7	5,628,624)	,	61,063,900 ) 5,384,929 )	(	13,739,378)
Payments of loans and mortgage payables	11	7	1,984,626)	(		(	5,004,435)
Interest paid for loans and mortgage payables	11	7	112,289)	(	72,239,172)	(	2,477,127)
Proceeds from loans	11	•	-	(	677,954 )	(	474,923)
N. C. I. W. M. Ell.					70,000,000		-
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(	62,683,049)	(	69,365,955)	(	21,695,863)
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		(	220,817)	-	1,676,595		4,959,675
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			119,217,073		146,393,684	(	79,562,967)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			255,027,375		108,633,691	•	188,196,658
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		P	374,244,448	P	255,027,375	P	108,633,691

### Supplemental Information on Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:

- (i) In 2023, the Company purchased a parcel of land from a related party under common ownership with a total contract price of P113.8 million payable in four equal annual installments starting July 1, 2023 (see Notes 9, 11 and 17). The first installment amounting to P28.4 million was accordingly paid in 2023.
- (ii) In 2023 and 2021, the Company's land was revalued, resulting in an increase in the value of such property amounting to P81.1 million and P119.1 million, respectively (see Note 9).
- (iii) In 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized additional right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to P3.0 million and P2.2 million, respectively (see Note 12).
- (iv) In 2022, the Company received a parcel of land from a certain customer as equivalent to the payment of its outstanding debt amounting to P1.3 million. The land received is presented as part of Property, Plant and Equipment in the 2022 statement of financial position (see Notes 6 and 9).
- (v) In 2021, the Company purchased certain machinery and equipment amounting to P20.1 million, which was directly paid to the supplier by a related party in favor of the Company. The same machinery and equipment were subsequently disposed of and sold directly to the same related party for P20.7 million, recognizing a gain of P0.6 million (see Notes 9 and 17). The outstanding advances from a related party amounting to P20.1 million were applied against the Company's receivable from the sale of such asset. The remaining receivable as of December 31, 2021 which amounts to P3.1 million was collected in 2022 (see Note 17).

See Notes to Financial Statements.



### CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023, 2022 AND 2021

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Corporate Information

Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 10, 1989 primarily to engage in, operate, conduct and maintain the business of manufacturing, importing, exporting, buying, selling or otherwise dealing in, at wholesale and retail such goods as plastic and/or synthetic resins and compounds and other allied or related products of similar nature.

The Company's shares were listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on April 27, 2015 (see Note 18.1).

The Company's registered office, which is also its principal place of business, is located at Km. 33, McArthur Highway, Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto, Bulacan. The Company's administrative office is located at Units 506 and 508 President's Tower, No. 81 Timog Ave., South Triangle, Quezon City.

### 1.2 Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 (including the comparative financial statements as of December 31, 2022 and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021) were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors (BOD) on March 4, 2024.

### 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policy information that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below and in the succeeding pages. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). PFRS are adopted by the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC) from the pronouncements issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and approved by the Philippine Board of Accountancy.

The financial statements have been prepared using the measurement bases specified by PFRS for each type of asset, liability, income and expense. The measurement bases are more fully described in the accounting policies that follow.

### (b) Presentation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are presented in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The Company presents the statement of comprehensive income separate from the statement of profit or loss.

The Company presents a third statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when it applies an accounting policy retrospectively, or makes a retrospective restatement or reclassification of items that has a material effect on the information in the statement of financial position at the beginning of the preceding period. The related notes to the third statement of financial position are not required to be disclosed.

### (c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Philippine pesos, the Company's functional and presentation currency, and all values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using its functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

### 2.2 Adoption of Amended Standards

(a) Effective in 2023 that are Relevant to the Company

The Company adopted for the first time the following amendments to existing standards, which are mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023:

PAS 1 and PFRS Practice

Statement 2 (Amendments): Presentation of Financial Statements –

Disclosure of Accounting Policies

PAS 8 (Amendments) : Definition of Accounting Estimates
PAS 12 (Amendments) : Deferred Tax Related to Assets and
Liabilities from a Single Transaction

Discussed below and in the succeeding page are the relevant information about these pronouncements.

(i) PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2 (Amendments), *Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure of Accounting Policies.* The amendments replaced the requirement for entities to disclose their significant accounting policies with the requirement to disclose their material accounting policy information. The amendments also include guidance to help entities apply the definition of material in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even if the related amounts are immaterial, that accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements and if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information shall not obscure material accounting policy information. The application of these amendments is reflected in the Company's financial statements under Notes 2 and 3.

- (ii) PAS 8 (Amendments), Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors Definition of Accounting Estimates. The amendments introduced a new definition of accounting estimate which is a monetary amount in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. It also clarifies that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not a correction of an error. In addition, the effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors. The application of these amendments had no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.
- (iii) PAS 12 (Amendments), *Income Taxes Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities from a Single Transaction.* The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense). Management assessed that the application of such amendments had no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.
- (b) Effective in 2023 that is not Relevant to the Company

Among the amendments to standards, which are mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, the amendments to PAS 12, *International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules*, are not relevant to the Company's financial statements.

(c) Effective Subsequent to 2023 but not Adopted Early

There are amendments to existing standards effective for annual periods subsequent to 2023, which are adopted by the FSRSC. Management will adopt the following relevant pronouncements in accordance with their transitional provisions; and none of these are expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements:

(i) PAS 1 (Amendments), Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective from January 1, 2024)

- (ii) PAS 1 (Amendments), Presentation of Financial Statements Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (iii) PAS 7 (Amendments), Cash Flow Statements and PFRS 7 (Amendments), Financial Instruments: Disclosures Supplier Finance Arrangements (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (iv) PFRS 16 (Amendments), Leases Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (effective from January 1, 2024)
- (v) PAS 21 (Amendments), The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates Lack of Exchangeability (effective from January 1, 2025)

### 2.3 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Company's strategic steering committee, its chief operating decision-maker. The strategic steering committee is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

In identifying its operating segments, management generally follows the Company's products as disclosed in Note 4, which represent the main products provided by the Company.

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of these product lines requires different technologies and other resources as well as marketing approaches. All inter-segment transfers are carried out at arm's length prices.

The measurement policies the Company uses for segment reporting under PFRS 8, *Operating Segments*, are the same as those used in its financial statements. However, corporate assets which are not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment are not allocated to any segment.

There have been no changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss.

### 2.4 Financial Instruments

### (a) Financial Assets

The relevant financial asset classification applicable to the Company is only financial assets at amortized cost.

The expected credit losses (ECL) on trade and other receivables are estimated by applying the simplified approach using a provision matrix developed based on the Company's historical credit loss experience and credit information that are specific to the debtors, adjusted for general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate. These assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on shared credit risk characteristics.

### (b) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include Trade and Other Payables (except Advances from customers and tax-related payables), Mortgage and Loan Payables and Lease Liabilities.

### 2.5 Inventories

The cost of inventories is determined using weighted average method.

Finished goods include the cost of raw materials, direct labor and a proportion of manufacturing overhead based on actual units produced. The cost of raw materials includes all costs directly attributable to acquisitions, such as the purchase price, import duties and other taxes that are not subsequently recoverable from taxing authorities.

### 2.6 Property, Plant and Equipment

Following initial recognition at cost, land is carried at revalued amount which is the fair value at the date of the revaluation as determined by independent appraisers. All other property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

Revalued amount is the fair market value determined based on appraisal by external professional valuer once every two years or more frequently if market factors indicate a material change in fair value (see Note 23.3).

Depreciation and amortization are computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Building and improvements	3-25 years
Transportation equipment	3-15 years
Land improvements	2-15 years
Machineries, factory, and other equipment	2-15 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	2-15 years

Leasehold improvements, presented as part of Building and improvements, are amortized over the asset's estimated useful lives ranging from three to five years or applicable lease terms, whichever is shorter.

### 2.7 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include registered trademarks which are accounted for under the cost model. Capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 10 years as the lives of these intangible assets are considered finite. The carrying amounts of the intangible assets are presented as Trademarks under Other Non-current Assets account in the statement of financial position (see Note 10).

### 2.8 Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue comprises sale of goods measured by reference to the fair value of consideration received or receivable by the Company for goods sold, excluding value-added tax (VAT).

The significant judgments used in determining the transaction price and the amounts allocated to the performance obligations are disclosed in Note 3.1(c) while significant judgments used in determining the timing of satisfaction of the following performance obligations are disclosed in Note 3.1(b). The Company uses the practical expedient in PFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, with respect to non-disclosure of the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied or partially satisfied performance obligations as of the end of the reporting period and the explanation of when such amount will be recognized as revenue as the Company's contracts with customers have original expected duration of one year or less.

Specifically, revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the control over the goods has been transferred at a point in time to the customer, i.e., generally when the customer has acknowledged delivery of goods. Invoices for goods transferred are due upon receipt by the customer.

The Company also assesses its revenue agreements in order to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. Both the legal form and the substance of the agreement are considered to determine each party's respective roles in the agreement. In all revenue agreements, Company is acting as a principal. Revenue is recorded at gross when acting as a principal while only net revenues are considered if only an agency service exists.

As applicable, if the Company is required to refund the related purchase price for returned goods, it recognizes a refund liability for the expected refunds by adjusting the amount of revenues recognized during the period. Also, if applicable, the Company recognizes a right of return asset on the goods to be recovered from the customers with a corresponding adjustment to Cost of Goods Sold account. However, there were no contracts that contained significant right of return arrangements that remain outstanding during the reporting periods [see Note 3.1(c)].

In obtaining customer contracts, the Company incurs incremental costs. As the expected amortization period of these costs, if capitalized, would be less than one year, the Company uses the practical expedient in PFRS 15 and recognizes as outright expenses such costs as incurred.

### 2.9 Leases – Company as Lessee

Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company depreciates the right-of-use asset on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term which is from two to 10 years.

The Company has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognizing a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognized as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 2.10 Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Company's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets (presented under the Other Non-current Assets account) and other non-financial assets are subject to impairment testing.

### 2.11 Employee Benefits

The Company provides short-term and post-employment benefits to employees through defined benefit and defined contribution plans, and other employee benefits.

The Company's defined benefit post-employment plan covers all regular full-time employees. The pension plan is fully funded, tax-qualified, non-contributory and administered by a trustee.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into an independent entity such as Social Security System.

### 2.12 Related Party Transactions and Relationships

Based on the requirements of SEC Memorandum Circular No. 10, Series of 2019, Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly-Listed Companies, transactions amounting to 10% or more of the total assets based on the latest audited financial statements that were entered into with the related parties are considered material.

All individual material related party transactions shall be approved by at least two-thirds vote of the BOD, with at least a majority of the independent directors voting to approve the material related party transactions. In case that a majority of the independent directors' vote is not secured, the material related party transaction may be ratified by the vote of the stockholders representing at least two-third of the outstanding capital stock. For aggregate related party transactions within a 12-month period that breaches the materiality threshold of 10% of the Company's total assets based on the latest audited financial statements, the same BOD approval would be required for the transactions that meet and exceed the materiality threshold covering the same related party.

Directors with personal interest in the transaction should abstain from participating in the discussions and voting on the same. In case they refuse to abstain, their attendance shall not be counted for the purposes of assessing the quorum and their votes shall not be counted for purposes of determining approval.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in accordance with PFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes. Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may ultimately differ from these estimates.

### 3.1 Critical Management Judgment in Applying Accounting Policies

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimation, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

(a) Determination of Lease Term of Contracts with Renewal and Termination Options

In determining the lease term, management considers all relevant factors and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise a renewal option or not exercise a termination option. Renewal options and/or periods after termination options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended or not terminated.

The factors that are normally the most relevant are (a) if there are significant penalties should the Company pre-terminate the contract, and (b) if any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Company is reasonably certain to extend and not to terminate the lease contract. Otherwise, the Company considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

The Company did not include the renewal period as part of the lease term for leases of some of its office space and warehouse due to the provision in its contracts that requires mutual agreement of both parties on the terms and agreements of the renewal and termination of the lease contract.

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised or not exercised or the Company becomes obliged to exercise or not exercise it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs, which affects this assessment, and that is within the control of the Company.

(b) Determination of Timing of Satisfaction of Performance Obligations

The Company determines that its revenue from sale of goods shall be recognized at a point in time when the control of the goods have passed to the customer, i.e., generally when the customer has acknowledged delivery of the goods.

(c) Determination of Transaction Price

The transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the material right and other performance obligations identified in the contract based on their stand-alone selling prices, which are all observable. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties (e.g., VAT).

The transaction price is considered receivable to the extent of products sold with consideration on the right of return, if applicable (see Note 2.8). Also, the Company uses the practical expedient in PFRS 15, with respect to non-adjustment of the promised amount of consideration for the effects of any financing component as the Company expects, at contract inception, that the period between when the Company transfers promised goods or services to the customer and payment due date is one year or less.

### (d) Determination of ECL on Trade and Other Receivables

The Company uses a provision matrix to calculate ECL for trade and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments to the extent applicable that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, or customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company's management intends to regularly calibrate (i.e., on an annual basis) the matrix to consider the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information (i.e., forecast economic conditions). Details about the ECL on the Company's trade and other receivables are disclosed in Note 21.2(b).

### (e) Determination of Cost of Inventories

In inventory costing, management uses estimates and judgment in properly allocating the labor and overhead between the cost of inventories on hand and cost of goods sold. Currently, the Company allocates manufacturing overhead on the basis of actual units produced. However, the amount of costs charged to finished goods inventories would differ if the Company utilized a different allocation base. Changes in allocated cost would affect the carrying cost of inventories and could potentially affect the valuation based on lower of cost and net realizable value.

### (f) Recognition of Provisions and Contingencies

Judgment is exercised by management to distinguish between provisions and contingencies. Disclosures on relevant provisions and contingencies are presented in Note 20.

### 3.2 Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Presented below and in the succeeding pages are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

### (a) Determination of Appropriate Discount Rate in Measuring Lease Liabilities

The Company measures its lease liabilities at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease contract. The lease payments were discounted using a reasonable rate deemed by management equal to the Company's incremental borrowing rate. In determining a reasonable discount rate, management considers the term of the leases, the underlying asset and the economic environment. Actual results, however, may vary due to changes in estimates brought about by changes in such factors.

### (b) Estimation of Allowance for ECL

The measurement of the allowance for ECL on financial assets at amortized cost is an area that requires the use of significant assumptions about the future economic conditions and credit behavior (e.g., likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses). Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation used in measuring ECL is further detailed in Note 21.2(b).

### (c) Determination of Net Realizable Value of Inventories

In determining the net realizable value of inventories, management takes into account the most reliable evidence available at the dates the estimates are made. Even though the Company's core business is not continuously subject to rapid technological changes which may cause inventory obsolescence, future realization of the carrying amounts of inventories as presented in Note 7 is still affected by price changes. Such aspect is considered a key source of estimation uncertainty and may cause significant adjustments to the Company's inventories within the next financial reporting period.

There was no inventory write-down to recognize the inventories at their net realizable value in 2023, 2022 and 2021 based on management's assessment.

# (d) Estimation of Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

The Company estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the assets.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets (Trademarks under Other Non-current Assets account) are presented in Notes 9, 12.1 and 10, respectively. Based on management's assessment as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, there is no change in estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets during those years. Actual results, however, may vary due to changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above.

### (e) Fair Value Measurement of Land

The Company's land is carried at revalued amount at the end of the reporting period. In determining its fair value, the Company engages the services of professional and independent appraisers applying the relevant valuation methodology (see Note 23.3).

When the appraisal is conducted prior to the end of the current reporting period, management determines whether there are significant circumstances during the intervening period that may require adjustments or changes in the disclosure of fair value of those properties.

A significant change in these elements may affect prices and the value of the assets. The amount of revaluation increment recognized is disclosed in Note 9.

## (f) Determination of Realizable Amount of Deferred Tax Assets

The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Management assessed that the deferred tax assets recognized as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 will be fully utilized in the coming years. The carrying values of deferred tax assets netted against deferred tax liabilities as of those reporting periods are disclosed in Note 16.

## (g) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or a cash-generating unit based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate. Though management believes that the assumptions used in the estimation of fair values are appropriate and reasonable, significant changes in these assumptions may materially affect the assessment of recoverable values and any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations.

Management has assessed that no impairment loss is required to be recognized on non-financial assets in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

## (h) Valuation of Post-employment Defined Benefit Obligation

The determination of the Company's obligation and cost of post-employment defined benefit is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions include, among others, discount rates and salary rate increase.

A significant change in any of these actuarial assumptions may generally affect the recognized expense and the carrying amount of the post-employment defined benefit obligation in the next reporting period.

The amounts of post-employment benefit obligation and expense and an analysis of the movements in the estimated present value of post-employment benefit, as well as the significant assumptions used in estimating such obligation are presented in Note 15.2.

#### 4. SEGMENT REPORTING

## 4.1 Business Segments

The Company is organized into business units based on its products for purposes of management assessment of each unit. For management purposes, the Company is organized into four major business segments, namely: compounds, pipes, Polypropylene Random (PPR)/High-density Polyethylene (HDPE) and roofing. These are also the basis of the Company in reporting to its chief operating decision-maker for its strategic decision-making activities.

The products under the compounds segment are the following:

- Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) compounds for wires and cable; and,
- PVC for bottles, integrated circuit tubes packaging, films and footwear.

The products under the pipes segment are only the PVC pipes and fittings.

The products under the PPR/HDPE segment are the following:

- PPR Copolymer Type 3 pipes and fittings; and,
- HDPE pipes and fittings.

The product under the roofing segment is only the unplasticized PVC roofing material, which started sales to the public in 2018.

The Company's products are located in Guiguinto, Bulacan; Davao branch; Cebu branch; and Valenzuela branch.

#### 4.2 Segment Assets and Liabilities

Segment assets are allocated based on their use or direct association with a specific segment and they include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of property, plant and equipment, trade and other receivables and inventories, net of allowances and provisions. Segment assets do not include deferred taxes. Segment liabilities, however, were not presented as this measure is not regularly being provided to the chief operating decision-maker (see Note 4.5).

## 4.3 Intersegment Transactions

Segment revenues, expenses and performance do not include sales and purchases between business segments.

## 4.4 Analysis of Segment Information

Segment information can be analysed as follows:

	Compounds	Pipes Pipes	PPR/HDPE	Roofing	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2023	•	•		Ü	
Statement of Profit or Loss					
Revenues	P 492,111,305	P 798,117,434	P 202,842,548	P 13,624,711	P 1,506,695,998
Costs and Other Operating Expenses Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and					
amortization) Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses (excluding depreciation and	405,946,231 7,836,633	422,722,171 16,435,630	99,708,685 9,879,636	2,831,971 4,895,982	931,209,058 39,047,881
amortization)	20,330,542 434,113,406	92,048,834 531,206,635	29,045,278 138,633,599	6,241,157 13,969,110	147,665,811 1,117,922,750
Other Charges (Income) – net	(8,365,405)	6,713,916	(355,120)	444,937	(1,561,672)
Segment Operating Profit	P 66,363,304	P 260,196,883	P 64,564,069	( <u>P 789,336</u> )	P 390,334,920
<u>December 31, 2023</u>					
Statement of Financial Position					
Segment assets	<u>P 394,978,199</u>	P 773,180,966	P 403,386,862	P 240,651,537	P 1,812,197,564
For the year ended December 31, 2022					
Statement of Profit or Loss					
Revenues	P 621,549,209	P 915,342,738	P 191,145,487	P 32,777,831	P 1,760,815,265
Costs and Other Operating Expenses Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and amortization) Depreciation and amortization	508,844,709 7,526,062	580,792,047 17,443,239	90,955,992 9,537,958	12,589,928 5,207,731	1,193,182,676 39,714,990
Other operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization)	17,264,319 533,635,090	96,681,483 694,916,769	21,656,675 122,150,625	7,519,213 25,316,872	143,121,690 1,376,019,356
Other Charges (Income) – net	(9,427,945_)	4,022,781	279,637	369,384	(4,756,143_)
Segment Operating Profit	P 97,342,064	P 216,403,188	P 68,715,225	P 7,091,575	P 389,552,052
<u>December 31, 2022</u>					
Statement of Financial Position					
Segment assets	P 409,262,586	P 752,748,267	P 343,218,596	P 165,834,260	P 1,671,063,709
For the year ended December 31, 2021					
Statement of Profit or Loss					
Revenues	P 732,089,982	P 831,949,781	P 155,936,385	P 20,871,198	P 1,740,847,346
Costs and Other Operating Expenses Cost of goods sold (excluding depreciation and	407.420.454	F4F 00F 414	77, 244, 274	7,070,227	4 227 (5/ 004
amortization) Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses	607,628,654 7,265,715	545,905,616 15,477,021	76,244,374 9,642,642	7,878,337 5,281,021	1,237,656,981 37,666,399
(excluding depreciation and amortization)	20,575,080 635,469,449	79,365,204 640,747,841	16,112,041 101,999,057	5,901,572 19,060,930	121,953,897 1,397,277,277
Other Charges (Income) – net	(2,649,943)	(3,737,417)	84,928	(437,399_)	(6,739,831_)
Segment Operating Profit	P 99,270,476	P 194,939,357	<u>P 53,852,400</u>	P 2,247,667	P 350,309,900
December 31, 2021					
Statement of Financial Position					
Segment assets	<u>P 443,354,503</u>	P 796,726,439	P 353,522,150	P 165,533,236	P 1,759,136,328

Currently, the Company's operation is concentrated within the Philippines for local sales and export sales, which are further broken down as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Domestic	P 1,247,403,374	P 1,453,595,706	P 1,248,392,845
Foreign: Taiwan Others	212,601,496 46,691,128	238,676,498 68,543,061	440,364,627 52,089,874
Total	<u>P 1,506,695,998</u>	P 1,760,815,265	P 1,740,847,346

The total revenues include revenues from one major customer totalling 14.11% in 2023, 13.56% in 2022 and 25.09% in 2021.

#### 4.5 Reconciliations

Presented below is a reconciliation of the Company's segment information to the key financial information presented in its financial statements.

	2023	2022	2021
Profit or Loss			
Segment results Other unallocated income Other unallocated expenses	P 390,334,920 8,966,243 ( 69,084,167)	572,588	P 350,309,900 372,864 ( <u>55,097,759</u> )
Profit before tax as reported in the statements of profit or loss	P 330,216,996	P 306,316,420	P 295,585,005
Assets			
Segment assets Other unallocated assets	P 1,812,197,564 674,991,281	P 1,671,063,709 404,862,211	P 1,759,136,328 242,472,817
Total assets reported in the statements of financial position	<u>P 2,487,188,845</u>	<u>P 2,075,925,920</u>	P2,001,609,145
Liabilities			
Unallocated liabilities (see Note 4.2)	P 472,920,636	P 315,568,274	<u>P 412,728,414</u>
Total liabilities reported in the statements of financial position	P 472,920,636	P 315,568,274	P 412,728,414

## 4.6 Disaggregation of Revenues

When the Company prepares its investor presentations and when the Company's Executive Committee evaluates the financial performance of the operating segments, it disaggregates revenue similar to its segment reporting as presented in Notes 4.1 and 4.4. The Company determines that the categories used in the investor presentations and financial reports used by the Company's Executive Committee can be used to meet the objective of the disaggregation disclosure requirement of PFRS 15, which is to disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

While all of the Company's revenues from sale of goods are recognized at point in time, a summary of additional disaggregation from the segment revenues are shown in the succeeding page.

	2023	2022	2021
Sales channel: Contractors and developers Manufacturers and traders	641,026,244	797,697,282	, ,
Wholesalers and retailers	40,052,231	42,967,161	69,856,580
	P1,506,695,998	P1,760,815,265	P1,740,847,346

## 5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include the following components as of December 31:

	2023	2022
Cash on hand and in banks Short-term placements	P 163,581,766 210,662,682	P 172,010,255 83,017,120
	P 374,244,448	<u>P 255,027,375</u>

Cash in banks generally earn interest at rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short-term placements have maturity ranging from 30 to 64 days in 2023, 30 to 54 days in 2022, and 30 to 90 days in 2021, and earn effective interest rates ranging from 3.36% to 5.10% in 2023, 3.65% to 4.50% in 2022, and 0.20% to 0.30% in 2021.

The balance of short-term placements as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 did not include P59.5 million and P4.1 million, respectively, which is shown as part of the Prepayment and Other Current Assets account in the statements of financial position (see Note 8). This amount pertains to a short-term placements with maturity of more than three months but less than one year.

Interest income earned from cash and cash equivalents and other short-term placements recognized as other current assets amounting to P9.1 million, P0.1 million and P0.2 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are presented as part of Finance income under Other Income in the statements of profit or loss.

#### 6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

This account is composed of the following:

	Note	2023	2022
Trade receivables Advances to:	17.1	P 354,086,919	P 297,001,065
Suppliers		5,863,280	10,832,766
Officers and employees		2,663,309	2,808,851
Other receivables	17.4	316,232	48,181
		362,929,740	310,690,863
Allowance for impairment		(19,005,617)	(16,268,782)
		P 343,924,123	P 294,422,081

Trade receivables are due from various customers and have credit terms of 30 to 90 days. Of the total outstanding trade receivables, P37.1 million and P45.7 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are guaranteed by customers' post-dated checks in the custody of the Company.

In 2022, the Company received a parcel of land from a certain customer as equivalent to the payment of its outstanding debt amounting to P1.3 million. The land received is presented as part of Property, Plant and Equipment in the 2022 statement of financial position (see Note 9). There was no similar transaction in 2023.

Advances to suppliers pertain to down payments made by the Company for the purchase of goods, included under Trade and Other Receivables, and/or machineries, included under Other Non-current Assets (see Note 10). The advance payments will be set-off as partial payments on the amounts due to the suppliers once full delivery of goods or assets is made and the subsequent billings have been made by the suppliers.

Advances to officers and employees are personal cash advances that are settled through salary deduction.

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 is shown below.

	Note		2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year Impairment losses Write-off	14	P	16,268,782 2,736,835	P (	16,268,782 43,833 43,833)
Balance at end of year		<u>P</u>	19,005,617	P	16,268,782

All of the Company's trade and other receivables have been reviewed for impairment. Certain trade receivables were found to be impaired using the provisional matrix as determined by management; hence, adequate amounts of allowance for impairment have been recognized [see Note 21.2(b)]. Impairment losses recognized are presented under Other Operating Expenses in the statements of profit or loss (see Note 14).

In 2022, the Company wrote-off certain receivables which are deemed uncollectible based on management's evaluation. There was no similar transaction in 2023.

#### 7. INVENTORIES

Inventories are all stated at cost which is lower than their net realizable value. The details of inventories are shown below.

	2023	2022
Finished goods	P 353,697,543	P 364,470,016
Raw materials	348,986,052	328,211,873
Supplies	10,198,909	9,172,973
Packaging materials	3,959,078	3,756,499
Work-in-process	<u>76,023</u>	76,023
	<u>P 716,917,605</u>	<u>P 705,687,384</u>

An analysis of the cost of inventories included in cost of goods sold is presented in Note 13.

#### 8. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

The composition of this account is shown below.

	Notes		2023		2022
Prepaid expenses		P	5,198,382	Р	4,114,508
Input VAT			82,939,871		108,363,277
Short-term placements	5		59,516,000		4,104,651
Deferred input VAT	9, 17.3		3,413,571	_	-
		<u>P</u>	151,067,824	<u>P</u>	116,582,436

Prepaid expenses include, among others, prepaid taxes, prepayments for insurance and freight related to the distribution of the Company's goods.

Short-term placements have maturity ranging from 91 to 98 days in 2023 and 98 days in 2022, which earn effective interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.8% in 2023 and 3.7% in 2022. Interest income earned from short-term placements is presented as part of Finance income under Other Income in the statements of profit or loss.

The current portion of deferred input VAT arises from the Company's purchase of land from a related party under common ownership, which is payable in four equal annual installments (see Notes 9, 11.1 and 17.3).

## 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

At Revalued

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 are shown below.

	Amount							At	Cost						
	Land		Land provements		Building and aprovements		ansportation Quipment	F	achineries, actory, and Other Equipment	a	Furniture, Fixtures nd Office quipment		nstruction Progress	_	Total
December 31, 2023 Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	P642,768,627	P	4,699,884	P	156,057,223	P	63,949,118	P	505,064,301	P	74,361,523	P	532,519	P	1,447,433,195
and amortization		(	2,891,181)	(	105,843,969)	(	41,080,641)	(	405,356,535)	(_	45,381,531)	_		(_	600,553,857)
Net carrying amount	P642,768,627	P	1,808,703	P	50,213,254	P	22,868,477	P	99,707,766	P	28,979,992	P	532,519	P	846,879,338
December 31, 2022 Cost or valuation Accumulated	P447,869,913	P	4,699,884	P	153,302,706	P	54,934,297	P	496,528,805	Р	69,258,752	P	5,623,278	P	1,232,217,635
depreciation and amortization		(	2,555,033)	(	98,994,532)	(	36,947,122)	(	382,442,132)	(	39,321,805)	_		(	560,260,624)
Net carrying amount	P447,869,913	P	2,144,851	Р	54,308,174	P	17,987,175	Р	114,086,673	P	29,936,947	P	5,623,278	<u>P</u>	671,957,011
January 1, 2022 Cost or valuation Accumulated	P446,596,000	P	4,699,884	P	144,558,893	P	49,310,828	P	483,854,861	Р	62,584,905	P	8,089,655	Р	1,199,695,026
depreciation and amortization		(	2,218,885)	(	90,193,032)	(	35,469,278)	(	360,577,470)	(	34,437,478)			(	522,896,143)
Net carrying amount	P446,596,000	Р	2,480,999	Р	54,365,861	Р	13,841,550	Р	123,277,391	Р	28,147,427	Р	8,089,655	<u>P</u>	676,798,883

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of 2023, 2022 and 2021 is shown below.

	At Revalued Amount			,	At Cost			
	Land	Land Improvements	Building and Improvements	Transportation	Machineries, Factory, and Other Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization Additions Reclassification Revaluation Depreciation and amortization charges for the year	P 447,869,913 113,785,714 81,113,000	P 2,144,851 (336,148)	P 54,308,174 - 2,754,517 - (	P 17,987,175 9,014,821 - - ( 4,133,519)	P 114,086,673 8,535,496 - - - (2914,403)	P 29,936,947 1,028,925 4,073,846 - (6,059,726)	P 5,623,278 1,737,604 ( 6,828,363)	P 671,957,011 134,102,560 - 81,113,000 (40,293,233)
Balance at December 31, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>P 642,768,627</u>	P 1,808,703	P 50,213,254	P 22,868,477	P 99,707,766	P 28,979,992	P 532,519	P 846,879,338
Balance at January 1, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization Additions Reclassification Disposals – net Depreciation and amortization charges for the year	P 446,596,000 1,273,913 - -	P 2,480,999 (336,148)	P 54,365,861 8,243,437 500,376 - ( <u>8,801,500</u> )	P 13,841,550 7,635,892 - - (3,490,267)	P 123,277,391 13,622,425 ( 837,825)	P 28,147,427 2,570,040 4,103,807 - (4,884,327)	P 8,089,655 2,137,806 ( 4,604,183)	P 676,798,883 35,483,513 ( 837,825) ( 39,487,560)
Balance at December 31, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>P447,869,913</u>	P 2,144,851	P 54,308,174	P 17,987,175	<u>P 114,086,673</u>	P 29,936,947	<u>P 5,623,278</u>	<u>P 671,957,011</u>
Balance at January 1, 2021, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization Revaluation Additions Reclassification Disposals – net Depreciation and amortization charges for the year	P 326,566,000 119,102,900 927,100 -	P 2,817,147 (336,148)	P 61,197,128 - 429,999 1,544,720 - (	P 17,020,202	P 124,630,233 39,946,606 ( 20,451,975) (	P 30,267,052 - 2,439,634 - 81,000 - (	P 3,533,631 - 6,181,744 ( 1,625,720)	P 566,031,393 119,102,900 50,027,762 ( 20,451,975) ( 37,911,197)
Balance at December 31, 2021, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>P 446,596,000</u>	P 2,480,999	<u>P 54,365,861</u>	P 13,841,550	P 123,277,391	P 28,147,427	P 8,089,655	<u>P 676,798,883</u>

In 2023, the Company purchased a parcel of land from a related party under common ownership with a total contract price of P113.8 million (VAT exclusive), which is payable in four equal annual installments starting July 1, 2023. Accordingly, the Company paid the first installment amounting to P28.4 million in 2023. The Company capitalized the purchase as part of Land under Property, Plant and Equipment in the 2023 statement of financial position since there is already a transfer of risks and rewards, particularly the control over the property, to the Company. The outstanding payable related to this acquisition is presented as Payable for acquisition of land under the Trade and Other Payables account and Other Payables account in the current and non-current liabilities sections, respectively, of the 2023 statement of financial position (see Notes 11.1 and 17.3). There was no similar transaction in 2022.

Land is stated at revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of revaluation in 2023. The revaluation surplus, net of applicable deferred tax expense, is presented as part of the Revaluation Reserves account in the statements of financial position (see Note 18.5).

Had the land been carried using the cost model, the carrying amount would have been P258.2 million and P144.4 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The fair value of land is determined periodically on the basis of the appraisals performed by an independent appraiser with appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation process was conducted by an independent appraiser in discussion with the Company's management with respect to the determination of the inputs such as the size, age, and condition of the land, and the comparable prices in the corresponding property location. Other information on the basis of fair value measurement and disclosures related to land is presented in Note 23.3.

Construction in progress as of December 31, 2023 pertains to the accumulated costs incurred for the installation of automatic fire suppression system in Bulacan Plant and construction of chlorinated PVC Plant in Valenzuela City. Construction in progress as of December 31, 2022 pertains to the accumulated costs incurred for the construction of staff house for Corporate Division and cistern tank for Pipes Division, which was completed in 2023.

The percentage of completion of construction in progress ranges from 1.5% to 60% and from 85% to 90% as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The two remaining ongoing projects in Bulacan and Valenzuela City are expected to be completed in April and March 2024, respectively. Other than the remaining capital expenditures, there are no other capital commitments relating to the ongoing projects. There were no borrowing costs capitalized in 2023, 2022 and 2021.

The amount of depreciation and amortization (see Notes 13 and 14) is allocated and presented in the statements of profit or loss under the following line items:

	<b>2023</b> 2022 2021
Cost of goods sold Other operating expenses	P25,472,214       P 25,600,847       P 24,611,957         14,821,019       13,886,713       13,299,240
	<b>P40,293,233</b> P39,487,560 P 37,911,197

In 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized a gain on disposal of transportation equipment totalling to P0.8 million and P0.2 million, respectively, which was presented as part of Other income under Other Income account in the 2022 and 2021 statements of profit or loss. There was no similar transaction in 2023.

In 2022, the Company sold certain machinery and equipment with a carrying value of P0.8 million to a related party for P0.9 million (see Note 17.4). Further, in 2021, the Company purchased certain machinery and equipment amounting to P20.1 million, which was directly paid to the supplier by a related party in favor of the Company. The same machinery and equipment were subsequently disposed of and sold directly to the same related party for P20.7 million (see Note 17.4). The gain on the disposals of machinery and equipment amounting to P0.01 million and P0.6 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, were presented as part of Other income under Other Income account in the 2022 and 2021 statements of profit or loss. There was no similar transaction in 2023.

Transportation equipment with a total carrying value of P1.4 million and P5.3 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for car loans (see Note 11.2).

#### 10. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

The composition of this account is shown below.

	_Notes_	2023	2022
Advances to suppliers Deferred input VAT Security deposits Trademarks – net Others	6 9, 17.3 12, 17.5	P 23,944,976 9,472,338 3,517,590 222,527 436,810	P 4,200,923 4,498,320 3,472,104 207,968 436,809
		P 37,594,241	P 12,816,124

Security deposits are payments made to utility companies and lessors of office spaces and warehouses upon execution of the service and lease contracts. These payments will be refunded in cash at the termination of the contract. As the utility services, for which the account significantly represents, are expected to be renewed indefinitely, the present value of these financial assets cannot be determined and thus, are carried at cost. As such, the carrying amount of the security deposits is a reasonable approximation of its fair value (see Note 22.1).

Deferred input VAT pertains to the unamortized input VAT from the acquisition of capital assets made prior to January 1, 2022 as required by the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) to be amortized and reported for VAT reporting purposes over the useful lives of the assets or 60 months, whichever is shorter. This also includes the non-current portion of deferred input VAT relating to the unpaid installments from the Company's purchase of land from a related party under common ownership (see Notes 9, 11.3 and 17.3).

Trademarks pertain to the capitalized costs of application and registration with the Intellectual Property Office and Bureau of Product Standards of the Company's logo and brand emblems used as identifying markers of the Company's products. The carrying values of trademarks were presented net of accumulated amortization amounting to both P0.2 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The amount of amortization relating to trademarks shown as part of Depreciation and amortization (see Notes 13 and 14) is allocated and presented in the statements of profit or loss under the following line items:

		2023		2022		2021
Cost of goods sold Other operating expense	P	- 65,803	P	- 65,593	P	8,285 56,205
	P	65,803	P	65,593	P	64,490

#### 11. LOANS AND PAYABLES

## 11.1 Trade and Other Payables

The composition of this account is shown below.

	Notes	2023	2022
Current:			
Trade payables	17.2	P 160,431,984	P 141,779,044
Advances from customers		73,477,946	47,717,250
Payable for acquisition			
of land	9, 17.3	31,860,000	-
Accrued expenses	11.2	7,162,077	8,786,696
Others		19,953,540	16,233,421
		292,885,547	214,516,411
Non-current –			
Payable for acquisition			
of land	9, 17.3	63,720,000	<del></del>
		P 356,605,547	P 214,516,411

Advances from customers pertain to advance payments received from customers to guarantee goods placed for order to the Company. Upon delivery of goods ordered by the customer, the Company sets off these advances to the total amount of receivable from the customer.

In 2023, the Company purchased a parcel of land from a related party under common ownership, which is payable in four equal annual installments starting July 2023 (see Notes 9 and 17.3). The first installment of 25% was accordingly paid in 2023. The outstanding liability due on July 1, 2024 is presented as Payable for acquisition of land under Trade and Other Payables account while the portions due on July 1, 2025 and 2026 are presented as Other Payables account under non-current liabilities section of the 2023 statement of financial position. The remaining unpaid balance is subject to 4% interest per annum on diminishing balance, which will be paid by the Company to the related party under common ownership on the same due dates. No interest expense was recognized from these liabilities in 2023.

Accrued expenses are liabilities arising from unpaid salaries, interest, utilities and other operating expenses.

Others include withholding taxes, government insurance and retention commissions payable withheld by the Company from its commission agents as security bond for any unliquidated cash advances.

## 11.2 Mortgage and Loan Payables

The composition of this account is shown below.

	<u>Note</u>	2023		2022	
Current Non-current		<b>P</b>	333,679	P	1,984,626 333,679
	9	P	333,679	P	2,318,305

In 2022, the Company entered into short-term loan agreements with various local banks for working capital purposes. The short-term loans obtained, which bear fixed annual interest ranging from 3.75% to 4.00%, have been settled in the same year. There was no collateral used for any of the Company's short-term loans. There were no similar loans obtained from local banks in 2023.

In 2019 and prior years, the Company entered into car loan agreements with various local banks for the acquisition of certain transportation equipment and motor vehicles, which are then mortgaged to the banks. The carrying value of these assets amounted to P1.4 million and P5.3 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 9). The car loans bear fixed annual effective interest which ranges from 7.25% to 9.95% and have terms of five years, payable monthly. The related outstanding balances are presented as Mortgage and Loan Payables in the statements of financial position.

There are no loan covenants on the Company's mortgage and loan payables as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Interest expense related to the short-term loans and mortgage payables amounted to P0.1 million, P0.7 million and P0.5 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is shown as part of Finance costs - net under Other Income in the statements of profit or loss. There were no borrowing costs capitalized in 2023, 2022 and 2021. Accrued interest amounting to both P0.03 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is presented as part of Accrued expenses under Trade and Other Payables in the statements of financial position (see Note 11.1).

A reconciliation of the Company's short-term loans and mortgage payables as required by PAS 7 is as follows:

	Short-term Loans		Aortgage Payables	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2023	Р -	P	2,318,305 P	2,318,305
Cash flows from financing activities: Payments made	-	(	1,984,626) (	1,984,626)
Interest paid	-	(	112,289) (	112,289)
Non-cash financing activity – Interest expense			112,289	112,289
Balance as of December 31, 2023	Р -	P	333,679 P	333,679

	Short-term Loans	Mortgage Payables	<u>Total</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2022 Cash flows from financing activities:	Р -	P 4,562,948	P 4,562,948
Additional borrowings	70,000,000	-	70,000,000
Payments made	( 70,000,000)	( 2,239,172)	( 72,239,172)
Interest paid	( 383,056)	( 294,898)	( 677,954)
Non-cash financing activity -			
Interest expense	383,056	289,427	672,483
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u>P</u> -	P 2,318,305	P 2,318,305
Balance as of January 1, 2021	Р -	P 7,042,228	P 7,042,228
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Payments made	-	( 2,477,127)	( 2,477,127)
Interest paid	-	( 474,923)	( 474,923)
Non-cash financing activity –			
Interest expense		472,770	<u>472,770</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2021	<u>P - </u>	P 4,562,948	<u>P 4,562,948</u>

#### 12. LEASES

The Company is a lessee under non-cancellable operating leases covering its warehouses and office spaces (see Note 17.5). The lease for warehouses has a term of three to 10 years, and includes annual escalation rate of 5% to 10%, while the leases for office space have terms of two to five years with annual escalation rates ranging from 5% to 10%. All leases have renewal options. Generally, termination of lease contracts shall be communicated to the lessee by the lessor 30 to 60 days prior to the termination or expiration of the lease contract. With the exception of short-term leases, each lease is reflected in the statement of financial position as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The Company classifies its right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as a separate line item in the statements of financial position.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Company to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Company. The Company must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their same and good condition less ordinary wear and tear at the end of the lease. Further, the Company must insure items of property and equipment and incur maintenance fees on such items in accordance with the lease contracts.

Refundable security deposits represent the lease deposits made for the lease of the Company's office and warehouse. Related security deposits for these leases amounted to both P1.1 million as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and is presented as part of Security deposits under Other Non-current Assets in the statements of financial position (see Note 10).

#### 12.1 Right-of-use Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's right-of-use assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 and the movements during the reporting periods are shown in the succeeding page.

	Warehouses	Office	<u>Total</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2023 Additions Depreciation	P 12,672,240 - ( <u>2,956,789</u> )	P 2,090,136 3,039,031 ( <u>1,422,508</u> )	P14,762,376 3,039,031 ( <u>4,379,297</u> )
Balance as of December 31, 2023	P 9,715,451	P 3,706,659	<u>P 13,422,110</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2022 Additions Depreciation	P 15,629,029 - ( <u>2,956,789</u> )	P 1,209,493 2,183,007 ( <u>1,302,364</u> )	P16,838,522 2,183,007 ( <u>4,259,153</u> )
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u>P 12,672,240</u>	<u>P 2,090,136</u>	<u>P 14,762,376</u>

The depreciation expense relating to right-of-use assets is presented as part of Depreciation and amortization under the Other Operating Expenses in the statements of profit or loss (see Note 14).

#### 12.2 Lease Liabilities

Total outstanding balance of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	_	2023		2022
Current Non-current	rent P 2,827,692 In-current 13,194,332	P 	4,332,370 13,088,724	
	<u>P</u>	16,022,024	<u>P</u>	17,421,094

The movements in the lease liabilities recognized in the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year	-,-,-	P	19,237,768
Additions	3,039,031		2,183,007
Repayments of lease liabilities	(5,628,624)	(	5,384,929)
Interest accretion	1,190,523		1,385,248
Balance at end of year	<u>P 16,022,024</u>	<u>P</u>	17,421,094

The use of termination option to certain lease contracts gives the Company added flexibility in the event it has identified more suitable premises in terms of cost and/or location. The future cash outflows to which the Company is potentially exposed to that are not reflected in the measurement of lease liabilities represent the amount of remaining utility bills until clearance from the contract, other damages to the premises, and the security deposits and advance rentals to be forfeited (if any). An option is only exercised when consistent with the Company's business strategy and the economic benefits of exercising such option exceeds the expected overall cost.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has no commitments for leases entered into which had not commenced.

The undiscounted maturity analysis of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 3 years	3 to 4 years	4 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
2023: Lease payments Finance charges	P 3,943,582 ( 1,115,890)	P 3,418,873 ( 911,295)	P 3,369,501 ( 717,354)	P 3,314,585 ( 512,678)	P 3,370,853 (	P 2,216,360 ( <u>67,703</u> )	P 19,633,754 (3,611,730)
Net present values	<u>P 2,827,692</u>	<u>P 2,507,578</u>	<u>P 2,652,147</u>	P 2,801,907	P 3,084,043	P 2,148,657	<u>P 16,022,024</u>
2022: Lease payments Finance charges	P 5,478,533 ( <u>1,146,163</u> )	P 3,164,183 (902,894)	P 2,600,504 (746,163)	P 2,584,677 (606,799)	P 2,713,911 (448,761)	P 5,065,966 (335,900)	P 21,607,774 (4,186,680)
Net present values	P 4,332,370	P 2,261,289	P 1,854,341	P 1,977,878	P 2,265,150	P 4,730,066	P 17,421,094

## 12.3 Lease Payments Not Recognized as Liabilities

The Company has elected not to recognize lease liability for short-term leases. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis. The expenses relating to short-term leases amounted to P0.4 million, P0.9 million and P1.2 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is presented as Rentals under Other Operating Expenses in the statements of profit or loss (see Note 14).

#### 12.4 Additional Profit or Loss and Cash Flow Information

The total cash outflow in respect of leases amounted to P5.6 million, P5.4 million and P5.0 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Interest expense in relation to lease liabilities amounted to P1.2 million, P1.4 million and P1.5 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is presented as part of Finance costs - net under Other Income in the statements of profit or loss.

## 13. COST OF GOODS SOLD

The details of cost of goods sold are shown below.

	Notes		2023	2022	2021
Finished goods at beginning of year	7	<u>P</u>	364,470,016	P 336,984,581	P 269,619,491
Cost of goods manufactured:					
Raw materials at beginning of year Net purchases during	7		328,211,873	351,782,791	187,587,769
the year			856,158,450	1,096,261,992	1,393,521,757
Direct labor	15.1		26,970,023	23,939,088	23,192,067
Manufacturing overhead	9, 10, 15.1		83,554,504	102,396,253	76,857,033
Raw materials at					
end of year	7	(	348,986,052)	( 328,211,873)	( 351,782,791)
Work-in-process at					
beginning of year	7		76,023	176,730	443,208
Work-in-process at end of year	7	(	76,023)	(76,023)	(176,730)
		_	945,908,798	1,246,268,958	1,329,642,313
Finished goods at end of year	7	(_	353,697,543)	( <u>364,470,016</u> )	(336,984,581)
	14	P	956,681,271	P1,218,783,523	P1,262,277,223

## 14. OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURE

The details of operating expenses by nature are shown below.

	Notes	_	2023	2022	2021
Materials used in production		P	835,384,271	P1,119,832,910	P1,229,326,735
Salaries and employee benefits	15.1		139,474,874	139,502,186	110,967,837
Depreciation and amortization	9, 10, 12.1		44,738,333	43,812,306	42,157,189
Utilities			34,969,383	46,379,314	34,386,085
Outside services			32,268,688	35,852,689	28,715,589
Transportation and travel			17,952,382	20,570,656	11,868,923
Taxes and licenses			11,867,576	11,978,197	10,841,498
Changes in finished goods			10,772,473	( 27,485,435)	(67,365,090)
Advertising and promotions			10,110,240	9,559,675	4,793,675
Professional fees	17.7		9,006,309	8,262,273	7,078,639
Supplies			8,135,637	9,114,833	7,268,305
Repairs and maintenance			7,562,300	10,931,493	6,499,748
Delivery			6,058,604	3,149,378	5,977,403
Impairment loss on receivables	6		2,736,835	43,833	1,292,709
Representation			2,578,839	2,081,617	1,699,407
Insurance			1,157,026	1,431,531	1,837,170
Rentals	12.3, 17.5		385,230	862,174	1,169,619
Changes in work-in-process			-	100,707	266,478
Miscellaneous		_	11,847,917	23,847,239	13,593,117
		<u>P</u>	<u>1,187,006,917</u>	P1,459,827,576	P1,452,375,036

These expenses are classified in the statements of profit or loss as follows:

	Note	2023	2022	2021
Cost of goods sold Other operating expenses	13	P 956,681,271 230,325,646	P1,218,783,523 241,044,053	P1,262,277,223 190,097,813
		P 1,187,006,917	P1,459,827,576	P1,452,375,036

## 15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

## 15.1 Salaries and Employee Benefits

Details of salaries and employee benefits are presented below.

	Notes	_	2023		2022		2021
Short-term employee benefits		P	137,563,205	P	136,237,984	P	112,714,037
Post-employment defined benefits expense (income)	15.2(b)		1,911,669		3,264,202	(	1,746,200)
	14	P	139,474,874	Р	139,502,186	Р	110,967,837

Salaries and employee benefits are allocated in the statements of profit or loss as follows:

	Notes		2023		2022		2021
Cost of goods sold Other operating expenses	13	P 	31,501,918 107,972,956	P	26,679,496 112,822,690	P	25,953,979 85,013,858
	14	P	139,474,874	Р	139,502,186	Р	110,967,837

## 15.2 Post-employment Defined Benefit Plan

## (a) Characteristics of Post-employment Defined Benefit Plan

The Company maintains a tax-qualified, fully funded and non-contributory post-employment defined benefit plan covering all regular full-time employees. The Company conforms with the minimum regulatory benefit of Republic Act 7641, *The Retirement Pay Law*, which is of a defined benefit type and provides for a lump sum retirement benefit equal to 22.5-day pay for every year of credited service. The normal retirement age is 60 with a minimum of five years of credited service. In 2021, the Company's BOD approved the amendment on the Company's post-employment defined benefit plan which resulted in the recognition of past service cost in the same year. There was no similar amendment approved in 2023 and 2022.

## (b) Explanation of Amounts Presented in the Financial Statements

Actuarial valuations are made annually to update the retirement benefit costs and the amount of contributions. All amounts presented below and in the succeeding pages are based on the actuarial valuation report obtained from an independent actuary in 2023 and 2022. The amounts of post-employment defined benefit asset recognized in the statements of financial position are determined as follows:

		2023		2022
Fair value of plan assets	P	36,661,153	Р	35,235,264
Present value of the obligation	(	33,275,251)	(	29,907,110)
<u> </u>	•	3,385,902	•	5,328,154
Effect of the asset ceiling	(	246,746)	(	657,021)
	<u>P</u>	3,139,156	<u>P</u>	4,671,133

The movements in the fair value of plan assets are presented below.

		2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year	P	35,235,264	P	37,366,391
Interest income		2,341,672		1,842,163
Remeasurement loss on				
return on plan assets	(	653,455)	(	3,973,290)
Benefits paid	(	262,328)	(	
Balance at end of year	<u>P</u>	36,661,153	<u>P</u>	35,235,264

The composition of the fair value of plan assets at the end of the reporting periods by category and risk characteristics is shown below.

		2023		2022
Cash and cash equivalents Debt securities:	P	897,965	P	395,907
Philippine government bonds		30,141,753		28,665,201
Other bonds		213,335		207,818
Unit investment trust funds (UITF)		5,073,322		5,629,191
Others		334,778		337,147
	<u>P</u>	36,661,153	<u>P</u>	35,235,264

Others comprise of accrued interest receivables, other receivables and accrued expenses.

The fair value of debt securities are determined based on quoted market prices in active markets (classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy). While UITF is classified as Level 2 on which the fair value was derived using the net asset value per unit (computed by dividing the net asset value of the fund by the number of outstanding units at the end of the reporting period), as published by banks and the Investment Company Association of the Philippines (see Note 23.1).

The movements in the effect of the asset ceiling are as follows:

	2023		2022		
Balance at beginning of year Remeasurement losses (gains) Interest cost	P (	657,021 457,712) 47,437	P	144,772 505,112 7,137	
Balance at end of year	<u>P</u>	246,746	<u>P</u>	657,021	

The movements in the present value of the post-employment defined benefit obligation recognized in the books are as follows:

		2023		2022
Balance at beginning of year	P	29,907,110	Р	34,285,063
Interest cost		2,159,293		1,690,254
Current service cost		1,911,669		3,264,202
Benefits paid	(	262,328)		-
Remeasurements –	•	•		
Actuarial losses (gains) arising from:				
Experience adjustments	(	2,458,961)	(	293,797)
Changes in financial assumptions	•	2,018,468	(	9,039,371)
Changes in demographic			,	ŕ
assumptions				759
Balance at end of year	P	33,275,251	<u>P</u>	29,907,110

The components of amounts recognized in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income in respect of the defined benefit post-employment plan are as follows:

		2023	2022	2021
Recognized in profit or loss:				
Current service cost	P	<b>1,911,669</b> P	3,264,202 P	3,158,316
Net interest expense (income)	(	134,942) (	144,772)	5,798
Past service cost				4,904,516)
	<u>P</u>	<b>1,776,727</b> P	3,119,430 (P	1,740,402)

		2023	2022	2021
Recognized in other comprehensive income:				
Actuarial losses (gains) arising from:	/D	2 459 0(1) (D	202 707) (D	( 152 254)
Experience adjustments Changes in financial assumptions	(P	<b>2,458,961)</b> (P <b>2,018,468</b> (	293,797) (P 9,039,371)	6,152,254) 1,615,090
Changes in demographic assumptions		-	759	26,740
Remeasurement losses (gains) arising from	n:			
Plan assets		653,455	3,973,290	3,120,642
Changes in the effect of the asset ceiling	(	457,712)	505,112	144,772
	( <u>P</u>	<b>244,750</b> ) (P	4,854,007) ( <u>P</u>	1,245,010)

The current service cost and past service cost are included as part of Salaries and employee benefits under Cost of Goods Sold and Other Operating Expenses in the statements of profit or loss (see Notes 13 and 14).

The net interest expense (income) is included as part of Finance costs - net under Other Income in the statements of profit or loss.

Amounts recognized in other comprehensive income were included within items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

In determining the amounts of the post-employment benefit obligation, the following significant assumptions were used:

	2023	2022	2021
Discount rate	6.37%	7.22%	4.93%
Salary increase rate	4.00%	4.00%	5.00%

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are based on published statistics and mortality tables. The average remaining working lives of an individual retiring at the age of 60 in 2023 and 2022 is 23.8 years and 23.6 years, respectively. These assumptions were developed by management with the assistance of an independent actuary. Discount factors are determined close to the end of each reporting period by reference to the interest rates of zero-coupon government bonds, with terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the post-employment obligation. Other assumptions are based on current actuarial benchmarks and management's historical experience.

#### (c) Risks Associated with the Retirement Plan

The plan exposes the Company to actuarial risks such as investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

## (i) Investment and Interest Risks

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields of government bonds. Generally, a decrease in the interest rate of a reference government bond will increase the plan obligation. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments in debt securities and other assets and if the return on plan assets falls below this rate, it will create a deficit in the plan.

## (ii) Longevity and Salary Risks

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of the plan participants both during and after their employment and to their future salaries. Consequently, increases in the life expectancy and salary of the plan participants will result in an increase in the plan obligation.

## (d) Other Information

The information on the sensitivity analysis for certain significant actuarial assumptions, the Company's asset-liability matching strategy, and the timing and uncertainty of future cash flows related to the post-employment defined benefit plan are described below and in the succeeding page.

## (i) Sensitivity Analysis

The following table summarizes the effects of changes in the significant actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the post-employment defined benefit obligation as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Impact	Impact on Post-Employment Defined Benefit Obligation						
	Change in Assumption	Iı	Increase in Assumption		Decrease in Assumption			
<u>December 31, 2023</u>								
Discount rate Salary growth rate	+/- 1.0% +/- 1.0%	(P	2,342,273) 2,881,255	P (	2,840,376 2,411,720)			
<u>December 31, 2022</u>								
Discount rate Salary growth rate	+/- 1.0% +/- 1.0%	(P	1,776,503) 2,199,008	P (	2,148,913 1,842,512)			

The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. This analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized in the statements of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous years.

## (ii) Asset-liability Matching Strategies

The retirement plan trustee has no specific matching strategy between the plan assets and the plan liabilities.

A large portion of the plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 consists of debt securities although the Company also has UITF for liquidity purposes.

There has been no significant change in the Company's strategies and/or practice to manage its risks from previous years.

## (iii) Funding Arrangements and Expected Contributions

The plan is currently overfunded by P3.4 million based on the latest actuarial valuation.

The Company has yet to decide the amount of contribution to the retirement plan for the succeeding year.

The Company is not required to pre-fund the future defined benefits payable under the plan assets before they become due. For this reason, the amount and timing of contributions to the plan assets are at the Company's discretion. However, in the event a benefit claim arises and the plan assets are insufficient to pay the claim, the shortfall will be due, demandable and payable from the Company to the plan assets.

The maturity profile of undiscounted expected benefit payments from the plan within the next ten years follow:

		2023		2022
Within one year to five years More than five years to ten years	P	12,601,359 10,762,212	P 	18,776,936 8,216,857
	<u>P</u>	23,363,571	<u>P</u>	26,993,793

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period is 9.3 years.

#### 16. CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXES

The components of tax expense as reported in profit or loss and other comprehensive income follow:

	2023	2022	2021
Reported in profit or loss:			
Current tax expense:			
Regular corporate income tax			
(RCIT) at 25%	P 81,833,707	P 78,546,963	P 73,922,178
Final tax at 20% and 15%	1,786,057	27,021	32,576
Effect of the change in		ŕ	ŕ
income tax rate			(4,342,844)
Balance carried forward	83,619,764	78,573,984	69,611,910

	<b>2023</b> 2022 2021
Balance forwarded	<u>P 83,619,764</u> <u>P 78,573,984</u> <u>P 69,611,910</u>
Deferred tax expense (income) arising from: Origination and reversal	
of temporary differences	<b>( 1,252,528)</b> ( 1,157,874) 556,163
Effect of the change in income tax rate	
	( <u>1,252,528</u> ) ( <u>1,157,874</u> ) <u>1,666,936</u>
	<u><b>P 82,367,236</b></u> <u>P 77,416,110</u> <u>P 71,278,846</u>
Reported in other comprehensive income –  Deferred tax expense arising from: Revaluation increment on land and remeasurements of	
post-employment defined benefit plan	<b>P 20,339,437</b> P 1,213,502 P 30,086,978
Effect of the change in income tax rate	(9,392,094)
	<u><b>P 20,339,437</b></u> <u>P 1,213,502</u> <u>P 20,694,884</u>

A reconciliation of tax on pre-tax profit computed at the applicable statutory rates to tax expense reported in profit or loss follows:

	<b>2023</b> 2022 2021	
Tax on pre-tax at 25% Tax effects of non-deductible expenses Adjustment for income	<b>P 82,554,249</b> P 76,579,105 P 73,896,251 <b>292,717</b> 843,800 622,978	
subjected to lower tax rates Effect of the change in income tax rate	( 479,730) ( 6,795) ( 8,312 - ( 3,232,071	/
Tax expense reported in profit or loss	<u><b>P 82,367,236</b></u> <u>P 77,416,110</u> <u>P 71,278,846</u>	

The net deferred tax liabilities relate to the following as of December 31:

	Statements of Financial Position				
		2023		2022	
Deferred tax assets:					
Impairment loss on receivables	P	4,751,404	P	4,067,196	
Effect of PFRS 16		730,978		745,679	
Unamortized past service cost		299,608		470,795	
-		5,781,990		5,283,670	
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Revaluation increment on land	(	96,155,413)	(	75,877,163)	
Post-employment defined benefit asset	(	784,789)	(	1,167,783)	
Unrealized foreign currency gains - net	(	34,071)	(	344,098)	
	(	96,974,273)	(	77,389,044)	
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	( <u>P</u>	91,192,283)	( <u>P</u>	72,105,374)	

	Statements of Profit or Loss and Sta						atements of Comprehensive Income					
	Profit or Loss					Other Comprehensive Income				ome		
_		2023		2022		2021	2023		2022		2021	
Deferred tax assets: Impairment loss on trade and other receivables	(P	684,208)	P	-	P	425,626 <b>P</b>	-	P	-	P	-	
Unamortized past service cost		171,187		317,093		606,436	-		-		-	
Effect of PFRS 16 Post-employment defined		14,701	(	64,868	)(	78,258)	-		-		-	
benefit obligation Unrealized foreign		-		-		1,045,497	-		-	(	1,030,840)	
currency losses - net			_		_				-	_		
	(	498,320)	· —	252,225	_	1,999,301	-		-	(	1,030,840)	
Deferred tax liabilities: Post-employment defined												
benefit asset Unrealized foreign	(	444,181)	(	779,858	)(	436,147)	61,187		1,213,502		1,170,286	
currency gains - net Revaluation increment on	(	310,027)	(	630,241	)	103,782	-		-		-	
land		_		-		-	20,278,250		-		20,555,438	
	(	754,208)	(	1,410,099	)(	332,365)	20,339,437		1,213,502	_	21,725,724	
Net Deferred												
Tax Expense (Income)	( <u>P</u>	1,252,528)	( <u>P</u>	1,157,874)	<u>P</u>	1,666,936 <b>P</b>	20,339,437	P	1,213,502	P	20,694,884	

The Company is subject to minimum corporation income tax (MCIT) which is computed at 1.5% in 2023, and 1% in 2022 and 2021 of gross income, as defined under the tax regulations, or to RCIT, which is computed at 25% of taxable income, net of allowable deductions, whichever is higher. No MCIT was recognized in 2023, 2022 and 2021 as the RCIT was higher than MCIT in those years.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company claimed itemized deductions in computing for its income tax due.

## 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's related parties include entities under common ownership, stockholders and key management personnel as described below and in the succeeding pages.

The summary of the Company's transactions with its related parties for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 and the outstanding balances as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Amounts of Transactions					
	Note		2023	2022		2021	
Related Parties Under Common Ownership:							
Sale of goods (sales return) - net	17.1	P	<b>1,699,971</b> (P	3,820,995)	Р	23,993,440	
Purchase of goods and services	17.2		117,700,063	111,003,901		103,143,913	
Acquisition of land	17.3		113,785,714	-		-	
Advances granted (obtained)	17.4	(	998)	10,274		1,784	
Sale of machinery							
and equipment	17.4		-	851,105		20,729,566	
Lease of properties	17.5		-	540,000		840,089	
Right-of-use asset	17.5		3,039,031	2,183,007		-	
Lease liabilities	17.5	(	<b>1,521,540)</b> (	623,337)		1,434,873	
Depreciation	17.5		1,422,508	1,302,364		1,224,713	
Interest expense	17.5		167,790	163,659		148,732	
Security deposit	17.5		27,842	20,679		19,654	
Consultation services	17.7		-	-		1,364,909	

		Amounts of Transactions					
	Note		2023		2022	_	2021
Stockholder – Write-off of advances obtained	17.4	P	-	Р	-	Р	46,057
Key Management Personnel – Compensation	17.6		75,971,669		79,110,392		47,203,746
	Note	_ =	Outstandin 2023	ng B	alances 2022		
Related Parties Under							
Common Ownership:							
Sale of goods	17.1	P	59,431	P	130,401		
Purchase of goods and services	17.2	(	764,606)	(	104,163)		
Acquisition of land	17.3	(	95,580,000)		-		
Advances granted	17.4		18,794		19,792		
Right-of-use assets	17.5		3,706,659		2,090,136		
Lease liabilities	17.5	(	3,850,772)	(	2,329,233)		
Security deposit	17.5		326,953		299,111		

The Company's outstanding receivables with related parties were subjected to impairment using the requirements of PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*. These receivables have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables. As such, the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for receivables from related parties. There were no impairment losses recognized for these receivables from related parties in 2023, 2022 and 2021 [see Note 21.2(b)].

#### 17.1 Sale of Goods

The Company sells finished goods to related parties under common ownership. Goods are sold on the basis of the price lists in force and terms that would be available to non-related parties. The outstanding receivables from sale of goods, which are generally noninterest-bearing, unsecured and settled through cash within three to six months, are presented as part of Trade receivables under Trade and Other Receivables in the statements of financial position (see Note 6).

#### 17.2 Purchase of Goods and Services

Goods and services are purchased on the basis of the price lists in force with non-related parties. The related outstanding payables for goods and services purchased in 2023 and 2022 are presented as part of Trade payables under Trade and Other Payables in the statements of financial position (see Note 11.1). The outstanding payables from purchase of goods and services are generally noninterest-bearing, unsecured and settled through cash within three months.

The Company acquires the services of a related party under common ownership for the conversion of its pipe fittings. The Company provides its own raw materials to such related party for processing into finished goods. Once the processing is completed, the Company records the amount incurred for the services of the related party as part of the finished goods based on the billings received. The basis of the price charged to the Company is in line with related party's prevailing market rates. The related outstanding payables for these services from the related party as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are presented as part of Trade payables under Trade and Other Payables in the statements of financial position (see Note 11.1). The outstanding payables from purchase of services are generally noninterest-bearing, unsecured and settled through cash within three months.

## 17.3 Acquisition of Land

In 2023, the Company purchased a parcel of land from a related party under common ownership with a total contract price of P113.8 million (VAT exclusive), which is payable in four equal annual installments starting July 2023 until July 2026 (see Notes 9 and 11.1). The title and ownership of the property shall remain with the related party under common ownership until the full payment of the balance of the contract price. The Company is prohibited from selling, transferring, conveying, and otherwise encumbering the subject property without the written consent of the related party under common ownership.

The outstanding liability, which is subject to 4% interest per annum on diminishing balance, due on July 1, 2024 is presented as Payable for acquisition of land under Trade and Other Payables account while the portions due on July 1, 2025 and 2026 are presented as Other Payables account under the non-current liabilities section of the 2023 statement of financial position (see Note 11.1).

### 17.4 Advances to/from Related Parties

The Company grants/obtains unsecured, noninterest-bearing advances to/from its related parties under common ownership and certain stockholders. These advances are repayable either in cash or through offsetting. The outstanding balance of receivable from related party advances is presented as part of Other receivables under Trade and Other Receivables in the statements of financial position (see Note 6).

In 2022, the Company sold certain machinery and equipment with a carrying amount of P0.8 million to a related party for P0.9 million. The recognized gain on this disposal amounting to P0.01 million is presented as part of Other income under Other Income account in the 2022 statement of profit or loss (see Note 9). There was no outstanding balance arising from this transaction as of December 31, 2022. There was no similar transaction in 2023.

Further, in 2021, the Company purchased certain machinery and equipment amounting to P20.1 million, which was directly paid to the supplier by a related party in favor of the Company. The same machinery and equipment were subsequently disposed of and sold directly to the same related party for P20.7 million (see Note 9), recognizing a gain on disposal of machinery and equipment amounting to P0.6 million, which was presented as part of Other income under Other Income account in the 2021 statement of profit or loss. The outstanding advances amounting to P20.1 million were applied against the Company's receivable from the sale of such asset. The outstanding balance of receivable arising from this transaction was collected in 2022. There was no similar transaction in 2023 and 2022.

Also, in 2021, the Company directly wrote-off the outstanding balance of payable to a stockholder as of December 31, 2020 as such w no longer to be paid. The amount directly written-off representing a gain on derecognition of a financial liability is presented as part of Other income under Other Income account in the 2021 statement of profit or loss. There was no similar transaction in 2023 and 2022.

#### 17.5 Lease of Properties

The Company entered into in lease contracts with certain related parties under common ownership covering its office spaces and vehicles with lease terms ranging from one to five years. Renewals of lease contracts in 2023 and 2022 resulted to additional right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to both P3.0 million and P2.2 million, respectively (see Note 12.1).

The Company incurred depreciation expenses amounting to P1.4 million, P1.3 million and P1.2 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company also incurred interest expense amounting to P0.2 million, P0.2 million and P0.1 million in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The depreciation expense and interest expense incurred were recognized in the statements of profit or loss (see Note 14).

The related deposit as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, which is refundable at the termination of the lease term, is presented as part of Security deposits under Other Non-current Assets in the statements of financial position (see Note 10).

Further, the Company incurred rental expense for short-term vehicle leases with a related party under common ownership amounting to P0.5 million and P0.8 million in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and is shown as part of Rentals under Other Operating Expenses in the 2022 and 2021 statements of profit or loss (see Note 14). There was no similar transaction in 2023.

## 17.6 Key Management Personnel Compensation

The total compensation of key management personnel, which include all managers and executives, is shown below.

	2023	2022	2021
Short-term benefits Post-employment defined benefits	P 74,746,347	P 76,722,226	P 48,299,902
expense (income)	1,225,322	2,388,166	(1,096,156)
	P 75,971,669	P 79,110,392	<u>P 47,203,746</u>

There was no outstanding balance arising from key management personnel compensation as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

#### 17.7 Others

In 2021, the Company entered into a consulting service agreement with a stockholder relating to employee trainings amounting to P1.4 million, which is presented as part of Professional fees under Other Operating Expenses in the 2021 statement of profit or loss (see Note 14). There was no similar transaction in 2022 and 2023.

The Company's retirement fund for its post-employment benefit plan is administered and managed by a trustee bank. The retirement fund neither provides any guarantee or surety for any obligation of the Company nor its investments covered by any restrictions or liens. The fair value of the plan assets and the composition of the plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are shown in Note 15.2.

## 18. EQUITY

## 18.1 Capital Stock

The Company's authorized capital stock is 1,300,000,000 shares at P1.00 par value per share. The issued and outstanding capital stock as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of 630,800,000 shares equivalent to P630.8 million.

On September 5, 2014, the BOD and the stockholders approved the Company's application for the registration of 630.8 million of its common shares with the SEC and apply for the listing thereof in the PSE. The BOD's approval covered the planned initial public offering of 158.0 million unissued common shares of the Company at an offer price of P1.41 per share. The Company's shares were listed in the PSE on April 27, 2015 (see Note 1.1).

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's number of shares registered totaled 630,800,000 with par value of P1.00 per share and closed at a price of P1.56 and P1.55 on the last trading day of 2023 and 2022, respectively. The total number of stockholders is 65 and 66 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The public float lodged with Philippine Central Depositary Nominee Corporation is counted only as one stockholder.

### 18.2 Additional Paid-in Capital

Additional paid-in capital consists of P52.3 million from the initial public offering in 2015, net of P12.5 million stock issuance costs incurred such as underwriting fees and commissions, taxes and filing fees (see Note 1.1).

## 18.3 Retained Earnings

## (a) Unappropriated Retained Earnings

The information of cash dividends, which are all regular dividends, are summarized below.

Date of Declaration	Date of Record	Date of Payment		Amount		ridends r share
March 9, 2023	April 05, 2023	May 3, 2023	P	30,531,950	P	0.05
March 9, 2023	August 31, 2023	September 25, 2023	Р	24,425,560	P	0.04
March 9, 2022	June 28, 2022	July 19, 2022	P	30,531,950	P	0.05
March 9, 2022	March 25, 2022	April 19, 2022	P	30,531,950	P	0.05
May 7, 2021	May 25, 2021	June 15, 2021	P	13,739,378	P	0.0225

As at December 31, 2023, the Company's unappropriated retained earnings exceeded its paid-in capital due to the net profit realized in 2023.

#### (b) Appropriated Retained Earnings

On March 9, 2023, the Company's BOD approved the appropriation of P150.0 million and P70.0 million from the unrestricted retained earnings as of December 31, 2022, to fund the acquisition of real property and machinery, respectively, within the next two years.

Subsequent to the reporting period, on March 4, 2024, the Company's BOD approved the additional appropriation of P120.0 million from the unrestricted retained earnings as of December 31, 2023, for capital expenditures within the next two years (see Note 25).

There were no appropriations nor reversals made in 2022.

## 18.4 Share Buyback Program

On December 5, 2018, the Company's BOD approved the adoption of a Share Buyback Program (SBP) whereby the Company is authorized to reacquire its capital stock from the public for an aggregate acquisition price of P100.0 million. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the cumulative number of shares repurchased consists of 20,161,000 treasury shares aggregating to an acquisition cost of P41.1 million. The SBP has already concluded on December 5, 2020.

#### 18.5 Revaluation Reserves

The components and reconciliation of items of other comprehensive income presented in the statements of changes in equity under Revaluation Reserves account, are shown below.

	Actuarial	
	Revaluation Gains on	
	Increment Post-employment	
	on Land Benefit Plan	
	(see Note 9) (see Note 15.2)	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2023 Revaluation increment on land	P 227,631,489 P 7,151,363 81,113,000 -	P 234,782,852 81,113,000
Remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit plan	244,750	,
Tax expense	(20,278,250) (61,187	) (20,339,437)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	<u>P 288,466,239</u> <u>P 7,334,926</u>	P 295,801,165
Balance as of January 1, 2022	P 227,631,489 P 3,510,858	P 231,142,347
Remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit plan	- 4,854,007	4,854,007
Tax expense	- ( 1,213,502	
Balance as of December 31, 2022	<u>P 227,631,489</u> <u>P 7,151,363</u>	<u>P 234,782,852</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2021	P 129,084,027 P 2,405,294	P 131,489,321
Revaluation increment on land	119,102,900 -	119,102,900
Remeasurements of post-employment defined benefit plan	- 1,245,010	1,245,010
Tax expense (including effect of change income tax rate)	n ( <u>20,555,438</u> ) ( <u>139,446</u>	) (20,694,884)
Balance as of December 31, 2021	<u>P 227,631,489</u> <u>P 3,510,858</u>	<u>P 231,142,347</u>

## 19. EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic and diluted EPS is computed as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Net profit Divided by weighted average number of	P247,849,760	P 228,900,310	P 224,306,159
outstanding common shares (considering the effect of treasury shares)	610,639,000	610,639,000	610,639,000
Basic and diluted EPS	<u>P 0.41</u>	<u>P 0.37</u>	<u>P 0.37</u>

The Company does not have dilutive potential common shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021; hence, diluted EPS is equal to the basic EPS.

#### 20. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The following are the significant commitments and contingencies involving the Company:

#### 20.1 Unused Credit Lines

The Company has P420.0 million of unused credit lines of the approved Omnibus Line of Credit from local banks granted as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

## 20.2 Capital Commitments

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has commitments amounting to P0.3 million and P2.3 million, respectively, for the acquisition of certain transportation equipment and motor vehicles, which are mortgaged to the banks (see Notes 9 and 11.2). Also, as of December 31, 2023, the Company has another commitment relating to the unpaid portion of its purchase of land from a related party under common ownership (see Notes 9, 11.1 and 17.3).

#### 20.3 Others

There are other commitments and contingent liabilities that arise in the normal course of the Company's operations which are not reflected in the financial statements. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, management and its legal counsel are of the opinion that losses, if any, from these items will not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

## 21. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks in relation to financial instruments. The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities by category are summarized in Note 22. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's risk management is coordinated by its BOD, and focuses on actively securing the Company's closely short-to-medium term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial markets.

The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to are described below and in the succeeding pages.

#### 21.1 Market Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk which result from both its operating, investing and financing activities.

#### (a) Foreign Currency Risk

Most of the Company's transactions are carried out in Philippine pesos, its functional currency. Exposures to currency exchange rates arise from the Company's overseas sales and purchases, which are primarily denominated in United States (U.S.) dollars. The Company also holds U.S. dollar-denominated cash and cash equivalents.

To mitigate the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-Philippine peso cash flows are monitored.

Foreign currency-denominated financial assets, translated into Philippine pesos at the closing rate, amounted to P49.0 million and P43.7 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The sensitivity of the Company's profit before tax is based on the Company's financial assets denominated in U.S. dollars and the U.S. dollar – Philippine peso exchange rate.

These percentages have been determined based on the average market volatility in exchange rates, using standard deviation, in the previous 12 months at a 99% confidence level. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Company's foreign currency financial instruments held at the end of each reporting period.

If the Philippine peso had strengthened against the U.S. dollar by 16.02% and 15.77% at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased by P7.9 million and P6.9 million, respectively. Conversely, if the Philippine peso had weakened against the U.S. dollar by the same percentages at December 31, 2023 and 2022, profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased by the same amounts.

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the period depending on the volume of foreign currency denominated transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Company's currency risk.

Unrealized foreign currency exchange gains - net amount to P0.1 million in 2023, P1.4 million in 2022, and P3.9 million in 2021. These are presented as part of Foreign currency gains - net in the statements of profit or loss.

#### (b) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's policy is to minimize interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. When applicable, long-term borrowings are therefore usually made at fixed rates. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through its cash and cash equivalents and other short-term placements, which are subject to variable interest rates (see Notes 5 and 8). All other financial assets and liabilities have fixed rates.

The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the Company's profit before tax and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +/- 2.46% and +/- 1.40% in 2023 and 2022, respectively. These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate for each period, and the financial instruments held at the end of each reporting period that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. All other variables are held constant.

		Increase			Decrease		
		2023		2022	2023	2022	
		2.46%		1.40%	2.46%	1.40%	
Effect in profit before tax Effect in equity	P	10,670,507 8,002,880	Р	3,627,848 <b>(P</b> 2,720,886 <b>(</b>	10,670,507) (I 8,002,880) (	3,627,848) 2,720,886)	

#### 21.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty may fail to discharge an obligation to the Company. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown in the statements of financial position (or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to financial statements), as summarized below.

	Notes	2023		2022
Cash and cash equivalents	5	P 374,244,448	Р	255,027,375
Trade receivables - net	6	335,081,302		280,732,283
Security deposits	10	3,517,590		3,472,104
Other current assets*	8	<u>59,516,000</u>		4,104,651
		P 772,359,340	<u>P</u>	543,336,413

<sup>\*</sup>Pertains to short-term placements presented under Prepayments and Other Current Assets account

None of the financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements except for cash and cash equivalents, other short-term placements and certain trade receivables with entrusted and on hand post-dated checks issued by the customers (see Note 6).

## (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Short-term Placements

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other short-term placements are considered negligible, since bank deposits are only maintained with reputable financial institutions, as a matter of Company's policy. Included in cash and cash equivalents and other short-term placements are cash in banks and short-term placements which are insured by the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a maximum coverage of P0.5 million for every depositor per banking institution.

## (b) Trade and Other Receivables

The Company applies the PFRS 9 simplified approach in measuring ECL which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and other receivables.

To measure the ECL, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due (age buckets). The Company also concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the other receivables as it shares the same credit risk characteristics.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment and aging profiles over a period of 36 months before December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within such period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Company has identified that the inflation rate in 2023 and 2022 was the most relevant factor, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in this factor.

The Company identifies a default when the receivables become credit impaired or when the customer has not able to settle the receivables within the normal credit terms of 30 to 90 days, depending on the terms with customers; hence, these receivables were already considered as past due on its contractual payment. In addition, the Company considers qualitative assessment in determining default such as in instances where the customer is unlikely to pay its obligations and is deemed to be in significant financial difficulty.

The loss allowance for trade receivables as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to P19.0 million and P16.3 million, respectively, which was determined based on months past due of more than three months but not more than four months, and more than four months aging buckets with expected loss rate of 100% during the reporting periods.

## (c) Security Deposits

With respect to refundable security deposits, management assessed that these financial assets have low probability of default since the Company has utility contract and operating lease contracts as lessee with the counterparties. The Company can apply such deposits to future payments in case it defaults.

#### 21.3 Liquidity Risk

The Company manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments, if any, for long-term financial liabilities as well as cash outflows due in a day-to-day business. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a six-month and one-year period are identified monthly.

The Company maintains cash to meet its liquidity requirements for up to 60-day periods. Excess cash is invested in short-term placements. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities (see Note 21.2). As at December 31, the Company's financial liabilities (except lease liabilities – see Note 12.2) have contractual maturities which are presented below and in the succeeding page.

		Current				Non-current	
		Within Six Months		Six to 12 Months		One to Five Years	
Trade and other payables (except Advances from customers and tax-related payables) Mortgage payables	P	185,613,564 342,946	Р	31,860,000	P	63,720,000	
	<u>P</u>	185,956,510	<u>P</u>	31,860,000	P	63,720,000	

		2022					
		Current				Non-current	
		Within Six Months		Six to 12 Months		One to Five Years	
Trade and other payables (except Advances from customers							
and tax-related payables) Mortgage payables	P 	163,121,339 1,224,318	P	870,712	P	342,944	
	<u>P</u>	164,345,657	P	870,712	P	342,944	

The contractual maturities reflect the gross cash flows, which may differ from the carrying values of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting periods.

# 22. CATEGORIES AND OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

## 22.1 Carrying Amounts and Fair Values by Category

The carrying amounts and fair values of the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities presented in the statements of financial position at amortized cost are shown below.

		2023		2022			
	Notes	Carrying Values	Fair Values	Carrying Values Fair Values			
Financial Assets  Financial assets at amortized cost: Cash and cash equivalents Short-term placements Trade receivables - net Security deposits	5 8 6 10	P 374,244,448 59,516,000 335,081,302 3,517,590 P 772,359,340	P 374,244,448 59,516,000 335,081,302 3,517,590 P 772,359,340	P 255,027,375 P 255,027,375 4,104,651 4,104,651 280,732,283 280,732,283 3,472,104 3,472,104  P 543,336,413 P 543,336,413			
Financial Liabilities Financial liabilities at amortized cost: Trade and other payables (except Advances from customers and tax-related payables) Lease liabilities Mortgage payables	11.1 12.2 11.2	P 281,193,564 16,022,024 333,679 P 297,549,267	P 281,193,564 16,022,024 333,679 P 297 549 267	P 163,121,339 P 163,121,339 17,421,094 17,421,094 2,318,305 2,318,305 P 182,860,738 P 182,860,738			
		<u>P 297,549,267</u>	P 297,549,267	<u>P 182,860,738</u> <u>P 182,860,738</u>			

The Company's management considers that the carrying values of the foregoing financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values either because these instruments are short-term in nature or the effect of discounting for those with maturities of more than one year is not material.

A description of the Company's risk management objectives and policies for financial instruments is provided in Note 21.

## 22.2 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

For financial assets and financial liabilities subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar arrangements above, each agreement between the Company and counterparties (i.e., related parties) allows for net settlement of the relevant financial assets and financial liabilities when both elect to settle on a net basis (see Note 17). In the absence of such an election, financial assets and liabilities will be settled on a gross basis; however, each party to the master netting agreement or similar agreement will have the option to settle all such amounts on a net basis in the event of default of the other party.

By default, the Company does not elect to settle financial assets and financial liabilities with counterparties through offsetting. Gross settlement is generally practiced.

#### 23. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

## 23.1 Fair Value Hierarchy

In accordance with PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities and non-financial assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis and those assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed in accordance with other relevant PFRS, are categorized into three levels based on the significance of inputs used to measure the fair value. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and,
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within the asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

For purposes of determining the market value at Level 1, a market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

For investments which do not have quoted market price, the fair value is determined by using generally acceptable pricing models and valuation techniques or by reference to the current market of another instrument which is substantially the same after taking into account the related credit risk of counterparties, or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the instrument.

When the Company uses valuation technique, it maximizes the use of observable market data where it is available and relies as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. Otherwise, it is included in Level 3.

The Company has no financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair values.

## 23.2 Financial Instruments Measured at Amortized Cost for which Fair Value is Disclosed

The table below summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities which are not measured at fair value in the statements of financial position but for which fair value is disclosed (see Note 22.1).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
December 31, 2023				
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	P374,244,448	P -	P -	P 374,244,448
Short-term placements	59,516,000	-	-	59,516,000
Trade receivables - net	-	-	335,081,302	335,081,302
Security deposits			3,517,590	3,517,590
	P433,760,448	<u>P - </u>	P338,598,892	P772,359,340
Financial liabilities:				
Trade and other payables	P -	P -	P 281,193,564	P 281,193,564
Lease liabilities	-	-	16,022,024	16,022,024
Mortgage payables			333,679	333,679
	<u>P -                                   </u>	<u>P -                                   </u>	P297,549,267	<u>P 297,549,267</u>
December 31, 2022				
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	P255,027,375	P -	P -	P 255,027,375
Short-term placements	4,104,651	-	-	4,104,651
Trade receivables - net	-	-	280,732,283	280,732,283
Security deposits	-		3,472,104	3,472,104
	P259,132,026	<u>P</u> -	P284,204,387	<u>P 543,336,413</u>
Financial liabilities:				
Trade and other payables	P -	P -	P 163,121,339	P 163,121,339
Lease liabilities	-	-	17,421,094	17,421,094
Mortgage payables			2,318,305	2,318,305
	<u>P</u> -	<u>P</u> -	<u>P 182,860,738</u>	<u>P182,860,738</u>

## 23.3 Fair Value Measurement for Non-financial Assets

The fair value of the Company's land amounting to P642.8 million and P447.9 million as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, is classified under Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy (see Note 9). The Level 3 fair value of land was derived using market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar properties in nearby locations, adjusted for key attributes such as property size, age, condition and accessibility of the land. The most significant input into this valuation approach is the price per square meter; hence, the higher the price per square meter, the higher the fair value.

There has been no change to the valuation techniques used by the Company during the year for its non-financial assets. Also, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value hierarchy in 2023 and 2022.

## 24. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to stockholders by pricing products and services commensurate with the level of risk.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity as presented in the statements of financial position. Capital for the reporting periods under review is summarized as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Total liabilities Total equity	, ,	<b>36</b> P 315,568,274	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.23:1.	0.18:1.00	0.26:1.00

There were no internally and externally imposed capital requirements to be complied with as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to stockholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

### 25. EVENT AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the reporting period, on March 4, 2024, the Company's BOD approved the additional appropriation of P120.0 million from the unrestricted retained earnings as of December 31, 2023, for capital expenditures within the next two years (see Note 18.3).

## 26. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE BIR

Presented in the succeeding pages is the supplementary information which is required by the BIR under Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 15-2010 to be disclosed as part of the notes to financial statements. This supplementary information is not a required disclosure under PFRS.

The information on taxes, duties and license fees paid or accrued during the taxable year required under RR No.15-2010 are as follows:

# (a) Output VAT

In 2023, the Company declared output VAT as follows:

	Tax Base	Output VAT
Sale of goods: Taxable sales Zero-rated sales	P1,253,785,755 252,910,243	P 150,454,291
	P1,506,695,998	P 150,454,291

The Company's zero-rated receipts from sale of goods were determined pursuant to Section 106 (A), *VAT on Sale of Goods or Properties*, of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended.

The tax bases are presented as Revenues in the 2023 statement of profit or loss.

# (b) Input VAT

The movements in input VAT in 2023 are presented below.

Balance at beginning of year	P 108,363,277
Goods other than capital goods	68,930,002
VAT on importation of goods	32,172,058
Services lodged under other accounts	20,654,115
Capital goods subject to amortization	1,421,585
Amortization of deferred input VAT	1,853,125
Applied against output VAT	( <u>150,454,291</u> )
Balance at end of year	P 82,939,871

The outstanding balance of input VAT is presented under Prepayments and Other Current Assets in the 2023 statement of financial position.

Deferred input VAT amounting to P2,645,195 pertains to the unamortized input VAT on previous years' purchases of capital goods exceeding P1.0 million. Prior to January 1, 2022, deferred input VAT is amortized and credited against output tax evenly over 60 months or the life of the asset, whichever is shorter. The remaining deferred input VAT pertains to the Company's purchase of land from a related party under common ownership. The current portion of deferred input VAT amounting to P3,413,571 is presented under Prepayments and Other Current Assets, while the non-current portion amounting to P9,472,338 is presented as part of Other Non-current Assets in the 2023 statement of financial position.

#### (c) Taxes on Importation

In 2023, the total landed cost of the Company's importations for use in business amounted to P268,100,484. This also includes customs duties and tariff fees totalling to P3,258,820 which are capitalized as part of the cost of the raw materials inventory and machineries, factory and other equipment.

# (d) Excise Tax

The Company paid P379,792 for excise taxes during the year for the importation of lubricants.

# (e) Documentary Stamp Tax

Documentary stamp taxes (DST) paid and accrued in 2023 is presented below.

Bank transactions	P	1,374,568
Others		127,417

P 1,501,985

# (f) Taxes and Licenses

The composition of Taxes and licenses in 2023 is shown below.

Registration and license fees	P	6,889,044
Real property tax		3,219,957
DST		1,501,985
Residence tax		29,164
Miscellaneous		227,426

P 11,867,576

The amount of Taxes and licenses is presented as part of Other Operating Expenses in the 2023 statement of profit or loss.

# (g) Withholding Taxes

The details of total withholding taxes in 2023 are shown below.

Compensation and benefits	Р	17,115,642
Expanded		11,497,356
Final tax on dividends		5,427,414

P 34,040,412

# (h) Deficiency Tax Assessments

In 2023, the Company paid final deficiency tax assessments pertaining to VAT for the taxable year 2022 amounting to P850,335. The details of deficiency tax assessments paid in 2023 are shown below.

Basic	P	761,501
Interest		58,834
Compromise penalty		30,000

P 850,335

The related expense is presented as part of Miscellaneous under Other Operating Expenses in the 2023 statement of profit or loss.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company does not have any other final deficiency tax assessments from the BIR nor does it have tax cases outstanding or pending in courts or bodies outside of the BIR in any of the open taxable years.



# Report of Independent Auditors to Accompany Supplementary Information Required by the Securities and Exchange Commission Filed Separately from the Basic Financial Statements

Punongbayan & Araullo

20<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 1 The Enterprise Center 6766 Ayala Avenue 1200 Makati City Philippines

T+63 2 8988 2288

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation

Km. 33, McArthur Highway Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto Bulacan

We have audited, in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2023, on which we have rendered our report dated March 4, 2024. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The applicable supplementary information (see List of Supplementary Information) is presented for purposes of additional analysis in compliance with the requirements of the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of the Company's management. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### **PUNONGBAYAN & ARAULLO**

By: John Endel S. Mata

Partner

CPA Reg. No. 0121347
TIN 257-622-627
PTR No. 10076144, January 3, 2024, Makati City
SEC Group A Accreditation
Partner - No. 121347-SEC (until financial period 2023)
Firm - No. 0002 (until financial period 2024)
BIR AN 08-002551-040-2023 (until Jan. 24, 2026)
Firm's BOA/PRC Cert. of Reg. No. 0002 (until Aug. 27, 2024)

March 4, 2024

# List of Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

Schedule	Content	Page No.
Schedules Re	equired under Annex 68-J of the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68	
A	Financial Assets Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	N/A
В	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	1
С	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	N/A
D	Long-term Debt	2
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	3
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	N/A
G	Capital Stock	4
Other Requir	red Information	
	Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration	5
	Map Showing the Relationship Between the Company and its Related Entities	N/A

#### Schedule B

#### Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties) December 31, 2023

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

Name	В	alance at		Additions			De	ductions				Ending	Balanc	e	Bala	nce at End of
Tvaine	Beginn	ning of Period		Additions	S	ales returns	Amou	nts Collected	7	Written Off		Current	N	on-current		Period
Asean Timber Corp.	P	-	P	1,603,324	P	-	P	1,603,324	P	-	P	-	P	-	P	-
Husky Plastics Corp.		130,401		96,647		-		167,617		-		59,431		-		59,431
Guiguinto Integrated Woods Industry Corp.		19,792		103,599		-		104,597		-		18,794		-		18,794
Total Accounts Receivable	P	150,193	P	1,803,570	P		P	1,875,538	<u>P</u>		P	78,225	P		P	78,225
W.T. Derrick Realty Corporation	р	299,111	Р	27,842	р	_	р	_	Р	_	р	326,953	р	_	р	326,953
Total Security Deposit	P	299,111	P	27,842	P	-	P	-	P	-	P	326,953	P	-	P	326,953

Schedule D
Long-Term Debt
December 31, 2023
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

Title of Issue and Type of Obligation	Amount Authorized by	Amount Shown Under Caption "Mortgage Payables" in Related Statement of Financial Position
Car loans	P 333,679	P 333,679

# Supplementary information on Long-term Debt -

The Company entered into car loan agreements with local banks for the acquisition of certain transportation equipment and motor vehicles, which are then mortgaged to the banks.

# Schedule E Indebtedness to Related Parties December 31, 2023 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

Name of Related Party		Balance at Beginning of Period		Balance at End of Period			
Related parties under common ownership:							
Husky Plastics Corp.	P	10,340	P	688,992			
Asean Timber Corp.		93,823		95,655,614			
-	P	104,163	P	96,344,606			

Schedule G Capital Stock December 31, 2023

	Number of Shares Issued and	Number of Shares	Number of Shares Held By				
Title of Issue	Number of Shares Authorized	Outstanding as Shown Under the Related Statement of Financial Postion Caption	Reserved for Options, Warrants,	Related Parties	Directors, Officers and Employees	Others	
Common	1,300,000,000	610,639,000	-	4,780,000	257,643,433	348,215,567	

Km. 33, McArthur Highway, Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto, Bulacan Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration December 31, 2023 (Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

Unappropriated Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year 836,864,807 Less: Items that are directly debited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings 54,957,510) Dividend declaration during the year 220,000,000) Retained earnings appropriated during the year 274,957,510) Subtotal 561,907,297 Unappropriated Retained Earnings at Beginning of Year, as adjusted Net Income for the Current Year 247,849,760 Less: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss during the year (net of tax) Unrealized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents 267,826) Add: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss in the prior years but realized in the current year (net of tax) Realized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents 4,099 247,586,033 Adjusted Net Income Add/ Less: Other items that should be excluded from the determination of the amount of available for Net movement in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liabilities related to right-of-use assets 14,701 Net movement in deferred tax asset not considered in the reconciling items under the 513,021) previous categories

#### Supplemental Information on Retained Earnings -

Unappropriated Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Distribution at End of Year

As at December 31, 2023, the Company's unappropriated retained earnings exceeded its paid-in capital due to the net profit earned in 2023. Subsequent to the reporting period, on March 4, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved the additional appropriation of P120.0 million from the unrestricted retained earnings as of December 31, 2023, for capital expenditures within the next two years.

808,995,010



# Report of Independent Auditors on Components of Financial Soundness Indicators

Punongbayan & Araullo

20<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 1 The Enterprise Center 6766 Ayala Avenue 1200 Makati City Philippines

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The Board of Directors and the Stockholders Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation

Km. 33, McArthur Highway Bo. Tuktukan, Guiguinto Bulacan

We have audited, in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Crown Asia Chemicals Corporation (the Company) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, on which we have rendered our report dated March 4, 2024. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Supplemental Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Company's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. This schedule is presented for the purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements prepared in accordance with PFRS. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Company's financial statements as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for the years then ended and no material exceptions were noted.

#### **PUNONGBAYAN & ARAULLO**

By: John Endel S. Mata

Partner

CPA Reg. No. 0121347 TIN 257-622-627

PTR No. 10076144, January 3, 2024, Makati City

SEC Group A Accreditation

Partner - No. 121347-SEC (until financial period 2023)

Firm - No. 0002 (until financial period 2024) BIR AN 08-002551-040-2023 (until Jan. 24, 2026)

Firm's BOA/PRC Cert. of Reg. No. 0002 (until Aug. 27, 2024)

March 4, 2024

# Supplemental Schedule of Financial Soundness Indicators December 31, 2023 and 2022

Ratio	Formula	2023	Formula	2022
Current ratio	Total Current Assets divided by Total Current Liabilities	5.20	Total Current Assets divided by Total Current Liabilities	5.96
	Total Current Assets P 1,586,154,000 Divide by: Total Current Liabilities 304,814,021 Current ratio 5.20	-	Total Current Assets P 1,371,719,276 Divide by: Total Current Liabilities 230,040,497 Current ratio 5.96	
Acid test ratio	Quick assets (Total Current Assets less Inventories and Other Current Assets) divided by Total Current Liabilities	2.55	Quick assets (Total Current Assets less Inventories and Other Current Assets) divided by Total Current Liabilities	2.41
	Total Current Assets         P         1,586,154,000           Less: Inventories         (         716,917,605)           Other Current Assets* (         91,551,824)           Quick Assets         777,684,571           Divide by: Total Current         Liabilities         304,814,021           Acid test ratio         2.55		Total Current Assets         P         1,371,719,276           Less: Inventories         (         705,687,384)           Other Current Assets* (         112,477,785)           Quick Assets         553,554,107           Divide by: Total Current         Liabilities         230,040,497           Acid test ratio         2.41	
Solvency ratio	Total Liabilities divided by Total Assets	0.19	Total Liabilities divided by Total Assets	0.15
	Total Liabilities P 472,920,636 Divide by: Total Assets 2,487,188,845 Solvency ratio 0.19	-	Total Liabilities P 315,568,274 Divide by: Total Assets 2,075,925,920 Solvency ratio 0.15	
Debt-to-equity	Total Liabilities divided by Total Equity	0.23	Total Liabilities divided by Total Equity	0.18
ratio	Total Liabilities P 472,920,636 Divide by: Total Equity 2,014,268,209 Debt-to-equity ratio 0.23	-	Total Liabilities P 315,568,274 Divide by: Total Equity 1,760,357,646 Debt-to-equity ratio 0.18	
Assets-to- equity ratio	Total Assets divided by Total Equity	1.23	Total Assets divided by Total Equity	1.18
	Total Assets Divide by: Total Equity Assets-to-equity ratio  P 2,487,188,845 2,014,268,209 1.23	-	Total Assets P 2,075,925,920 Divide by: Total Equity 1,760,357,646 Assets-to-equity ratio 1.18	
Interest rate coverage ratio	Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) divided by Interest expense	283.75	Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) divided by Interest expense	161.13
	EBIT P 331,384,866 Divide by: Interest expense 1,167,870 Interest rate coverage ratio 283.75	-	EBIT P 308,229,379 Divide by: Interest expense 1,912,959 Interest rate coverage ratio 161.13	
Return on equity	Net Profit divided by Total Equity	0.12	Net Profit divided by Total Equity	0.13
	Net Profit P 247,849,760 Divide by: Total Equity 2,014,268,209 Return on equity 0.12	-	Net Profit         P         228,900,310           Divide by: Total Equity         1,760,357,646           Return on equity         0.13	
Return on assets	Net Profit divided by Total Assets	0.10	Net Profit divided by Total Assets	0.11
	Net Profit P 247,849,760 Divide by: Total Assets 2,487,188,845 Return on assets 0.10	-	Net Profit         P         228,900,310           Divide by: Total Assets         2,075,925,920           Return on assets         0.11	
Net profit margin	Net Profit divided by Total Revenue	0.16	Net Profit divided by Total Revenue	0.13
	Net Profit P 247,849,760 Divide by: Total Revenue 1,506,695,998 Net profit margin 0.16	-	Net Profit         P         228,900,310           Divide by: Total Revenue         1,760,815,265           Net profit margin         0.13	

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding short-term placements

Ratio	Formula	2023	Formula	2022
Gross profit margin	Gross Profit divided by Total Revenue	0.37	Gross Profit divided by Total Revenue	0.31
O	Gross Profit P 550,014,727		Gross Profit P 542,031,742	
	Divide by: Total Revenue 1,506,695,998		Divide by: Total Revenue 1,760,815,265	
	Gross profit margin 0.37		Gross profit margin 0.31	
Book value per share			Total Equity divided by Outstanding Shares	2.88
	Total Equity P 2,014,268,209		Total Equity P 1,760,357,646	
	Divide by: Outstanding		Divide by: Outstanding	
	Shares 610,639,000		Shares 610,639,000	
	Book value per share 3.30		Book value per share 2.88	
Earnings per share Net Profit divided by Average Outstanding 0.41 Net Profit divided by Average Outst Shares Outst		Net Profit divided by Average Outstanding Shares	0.37	
	Net Profit P 247,849,760		Net Profit P 228,900,310	
	Divide by: Average		Divide by: Average	
	Outstanding Shares 610,639,000		Outstanding Shares 610,639,000	
	Earnings per share 0.41		Earnings per share 0.37	
Price to book	Stock Price divided by Book Value per Share	0.47	47 Stock Price divided by Book Value per Share	
value per ratio				
	Stock Price P 1.56		Stock Price P 1.55	
	Divide by: Book Value per		Divide by: Book Value per	
	Share 3.30		Share 2.88	
	Price to book value per ratio 0.47		Price to book value per ratio 0.54	
Price to earnings ratio	Stock Price divided by Earnings per Share	3.80	Stock Price divided by Earnings per Share	4.19
6	Stock Price P 1.56		Stock Price P 1.55	
	Divide by: Earnings per		Divide by: Earnings per	
	Share 0.41		Share 0.37	
	Price to earnings ratio 3.80		Price to earnings ratio 4.19	

#### MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF

#### **CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS INCORPORATION**

Held on 11 May 2023 at 3:00 P.M.
via videoconferencing
(in accordance with SEC regulations on Meetings by Remote Communication)

TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	610,639,000
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES PRESENT/REPRESENTED	497,771,000
AND ENTITLED TO VOTE	(81.52%)

Before the start of the meeting, the following members of the Board of Directors present were introduced:

WALTER H. VILLANUEVA
EUGENE H. LEE VILLANUEVA
TITA P. VILLANUEVA
NICASIO T. PEREZ
DERRICK P. VILLANUEVA
HANS JOSEPH T. PEREZ
MARIE THERESE G. SANTOS
ERNESTO R. ALBERTO
FERNANDO S. LOPEZ

The following officers of the Corporation were likewise in attendance at the shareholders' meeting:

JASON C. NALUPTA (Corporate Secretary)
ANN MARGARET K. LORENZO (Assistant Corporate Secretary)
MARIE GRACE N. DALUPAN (Assistant Vice President – Finance / Chief Compliance Officer)

Other Executive Officers of the Corporation, as well as representatives of Punongbayan & Araullo<sup>1</sup>, the Corporation's External Auditor, were likewise in attendance.

# **CALL TO ORDER**

The Chairman, Mr. Walter H. Villanueva, called the meeting to order and presided over the same. The Chairman explained that while restrictions on mass gatherings have been lifted, for the safety of the attendees, the Corporation's Management resolved to still hold the meeting in a virtual format. The Chairman then thanked those who have taken time to participate in the shareholders' meeting online and the shareholders who appointed him as their proxy for the meeting.

The Corporate Secretary, Mr. Jason C. Nalupta, recorded the minutes of the proceedings.

# CERTIFICATION OF NOTICE AND QUORUM

Upon the request of the Chairman, the Corporate Secretary certified that notices of the meeting were sent to all shareholders of record as of 31 March 2023 in accordance with the provisions of the By-Laws. The Corporate Secretary then presented the Certification of Sending Notices. The Chairman instructed the Secretary to append the Certificate attesting to the mailing of notices to the original minutes of the meeting.

The Corporate Secretary next certified that, based on the register of attendees and of the proxies received as tabulated with the assistance of the stock transfer agent, out of Six Hundred Ten Million Six Hundred Thirty-Nine Thousand (610,639,000) shares of the total outstanding

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mr. John Endel Mata, Mr. Romualdo Murcia, and Ms. Ronalyn Valle.

capital stock of the Corporation as of record date, Four Hundred Ninety-Seven Million Seven Hundred Seventy-One Thousand (497,771,000) shares, representing 81.52% of the total outstanding capital stock of the Corporation were present in person or otherwise represented by proxy. Accordingly, the Corporate Secretary certified that a quorum existed for the transaction of business at hand.

#### RULES OF CONDUCT AND VOTING PROCEDURES

The Chairman then informed the Body that while the Corporation was again holding its annual stockholders' meeting online to ensure the safety of all the attendees, the Corporation has endeavored to afford shareholders every opportunity to be able to actively participate in the meeting by sending their questions on the agenda items. He then requested the attendees to watch the brief presentation on the rules of conduct and the voting procedures, which were explained as follows:

- 1. The rules of conduct and procedures were set forth in the Information Statement and in the Notice of Annual Stockholders' Meeting, in accordance with the rules of the SEC.
- 2. Because the Management of the Corporation welcomes all opportunities to engage with its stockholders, the Corporation has set up facilities to afford all stockholders the opportunity to be heard.
- 3. Stockholders' questions on matters to be taken up during the meeting were sent to the email address set up for the purpose. Questions can still be sent over the course of the meeting via the chat function, which can be found at the bottom of the screen of the attendees.
- 4. As the time dedicated for the meeting is not unlimited, the questions and comments which will not be read out and responded to during the meeting will be answered via email.
- 5. Stockholders' questions on matters to be taken up during the meeting were sent to corporatesecretary@crownpvc.com.ph.
- 6. Some of the questions or comments received would be addressed during the Question and Answer period after Other Matters.
- 7. Management will reply via e-mail to questions and comments received but not taken up during the meeting.

# APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF THE LAST STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

The Chairman informed the Body that the first item on the agenda was the approval of the minutes of the previous annual stockholders' meeting held on 12 May 2022. As requested by the Chairman, the Secretary advised the Body that the minutes of the last stockholders' meeting held on 12 May 2022 was immediately made available for the stockholders to view soon after the last meeting when it was posted on the Corporation's website. A link to the said Minutes was likewise included in the Information Statement sent to the stockholders prior to the meeting.

The Secretary then presented the proposed resolution on the approval of the Minutes of the last stockholders' meeting held on 12 May 2022, and based on the votes received, reported the unanimous approval by the stockholders of the following Resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the Minutes of the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION held on 12 May 2022 is hereby approved."

The votes for the approval of the Minutes of the 2022 Annual Stockholders' Meeting are as follows:

AGENDA ITEM	VOTES IN FAVOR	VOTES AGAINST	ABSTAIN
Approval of the Minutes of the Last Stockholders' Meeting	497,771,000 (81.52% of total voting shares)	0	0

#### REPORT ON 2022 OPERATIONS AND RESULTS

The next item on the agenda is the approval of the operations and results for the Year 2022, as summarized in the President's Report presented by the Chairman & President, as follows:

"Dear shareholders.

It is my pleasure to report on the company's financial conditions & results of operating for the ended 31 December 2022.

We had positive developments in our financial performance, with significant growth in our current assets, which increased by 6.62%. We saw a decrease in our current liabilities by 28.71%.

Our total equity grew by 10.79%.

Our revenue for the year 2022 reached ₱1.760 Billion, representing an increase of 1.15% compared to the previous year. Gross profit rose by 13.26% or ₱542.03 Million.

Although our operating expenses increased by 26.80%, our operating income went up by 4.34%, at ₱300.99 Million. We also had a net profit after tax of ₱228.90 Million, which increased by 2.05% compared to 2021.

We also want to inform you that our earnings per share as of 31 December 2022, was  $\clubsuit 0.37$ .

We are grateful for your continued support, and we remain committed to providing good returns.

For more detailed information, please visit our company website at www.crownpvc.com.ph, where you can access the rest of our financial highlights report."

The Chairman then explained that questions raised on the President's Report, including the financial reports and results for 2022, if any, will be read and answered in the latter part of the meeting.

Upon request of the Chairman, the Corporate Secretary presented the proposed resolution on the approval of the Corporation's Annual Report on Operations, together with the Audited Financial Statements for 2022, and based on the votes received, reported the unanimous approval by the stockholders of the following Resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the 2022 Annual Report on the operations of CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION together with the Audited Financial Statements and accompanying notes thereto for the year ended 31 December 2022, be approved."

The votes for the approval of the Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2022, together with the Audited Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year ended 31 December 2022, are as follows:

AGENDA ITEM	VOTES IN FAVOR	VOTES AGAINST	ABSTAIN
Approval of 202 Operations and Results	2 497,771,000 (81.52% of total voting	0	0
1	shares)		

# RATIFICATION OF CORPORATE ACTS

The next item in the agenda was the ratification of corporate acts of the Board of Directors and Management from the date of the last stockholders' meeting up to the present.

The Corporate Secretary explained that these acts and resolutions are mostly reflected in the Minutes of last year's meeting and includes the corporate acts, as follows:

- 1. Membership in different committees of the Board of Directors;
- 2. Designation of authorized signatories for day-to-day transactions;
- 3. Designation of authorized representatives for transactions with various companies and entities;
- 4. Approval of 2022 Audited Financial Statements;
- 5. Declaration of cash dividend;
- 6. Opening of accounts and credit facilities with various banks;
- 7. Designation of officers;
- 8. Review of policies; and
- 9. Purchase or sale of motor vehicles.

At the request of the Chairman, the Corporate Secretary advised the Body that the acts of the Board of Directors and Officers of the Corporation being presented for ratification by the shareholders are those entered into in the ordinary course of business, with those of significance having been covered by appropriate disclosures. Ratification is also sought for all acts of Management performed in accordance with the resolutions of the Board and the By-Laws from 12 May 2022 to present.

The Corporate Secretary then presented the proposed resolution on the ratification of all the acts of the Board, the different Board Committees, and of the officers of the Corporation from the last stockholders' meeting on 12 May 2022 up to the present, and based on the votes received, reported the approval by the stockholders of the following Resolution:

"RESOLVED, that all acts of the Board of Directors and Officers of CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION from the date of the last stockholders' meeting on 12 May 2022 up to the date of this meeting, are hereby confirmed, ratified and approved."

The votes for the ratification of all the acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors, the different Board Committees, and Officers of the Corporation are as follows:

AGENDA ITEM	VOTES IN FAVOR	VOTES AGAINST	ABSTAIN
Ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors and Officers from the date of the last meeting up to the date of the present meeting.	497,771,000 (81.52% of total voting shares)	0	0

#### **ELECTION OF DIRECTORS**

The Chairman announced that the next item in the agenda is the election of the members of the Board of Directors for the ensuing year. He then requested the Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee, Mr. Ernesto R. Alberto, to present the nominees.

Mr. Alberto noted that the profiles of those nominated for election as members of the Board were included in the Company's Information Statement. He then announced the names of those nominated for election as members of the Board all of whom have been found to possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications for election as directors of a listed company.

The Chairman then requested the Corporate Secretary to present the results of the election. The Corporate Secretary presented the votes received by each of the nominees which, he noted, were sufficient to elect them as Director. He then presented the proposed resolution on

the election of the nominees to the Board, and based on the votes received, reported the approval of the following Resolution:

"RESOLVED, to elect the following nominees, receiving the votes indicated opposite their names, as directors of CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION for the year 2023-2024, to serve as such until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified:

	NO. OF VOTES RECEIVED	NO. OF NEGATIVE VOTES/ABSTENTIONS
Walter H. Villanueva	497,771,000	Nil
Eugene H. Lee Villanueva	497,771,000	Nil
Tita P. Villanueva	497,771,000	Nil
Nicasio T. Perez	497,771,000	Nil
Derrick P. Villanueva	497,771,000	Nil
Hans Joseph T. Perez	497,771,000	Nil
Marie Therese G. Santos	497,771,000	Nil
Ernesto R. Alberto	497,771,000	Nil
Fernando S. Lopez	497,771,000	Nil

Ms. Santos, Mr. Alberto and Mr. Lopez were elected to serve as the Corporation's Independent Directors.

# APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR

The Body next considered the appointment of the Corporation's external auditor for the Year 2023. The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Fernando S. Lopez, was requested to explain the item.

Mr. Lopez announced that the Audit Committee has recommended, and the Board of Directors has endorsed for the consideration of the stockholders, the re-appointment of Punongbayan & Araullo as the Corporation's external auditor for Year 2023.

The Corporate Secretary, upon the request of the Chairman, presented the proposed resolution on the appointment of Punongbayan & Araulllo as the Corporation's external auditors, and based on the votes received, reported the approval by the stockholders of the following Resolution:

"RESOLVED, that CROWN ASIA CHEMICALS CORPORATION (the 'Corporation') hereby approves the re-appointment of Punongbayan & Araullo as the Corporation's external auditor for Year 2023."

AGENDA ITEM	VOTES IN FAVOR	VOTES AGAINST	ABSTAIN
Appointment of Punongbayan & Araullo as External Auditor for 2023	497,771,000 (81.52% of total voting shares)	0	0

# OTHER MATTERS

After confirming with the Corporate Secretary that there are no other remaining matters on the agenda, the Chairman opened the floor for some of the questions received from the shareholders to be addressed.

The first question was from Mr. Kyle Henley Ong who asked: "In light of the gradual returning to the new normal, what is the outlook for the year 2023?". The Chairman answered that the Company's outlook is cautiously optimistic as what was experienced in 2022 performance was pretty much the same as 2021. In 2023, unless headwinds like inflation rates, interest rates, peso volatility and fuel prices, stabilize, there would still be challenges ahead.

FOR APPROVAL

The second question was from Ms. Denise Marconato. She asked "Do you consider 2022 another good year in terms of revenues and earnings?". The Chairman answered that humbly, he has to say that it was another good year, but definitely not as hoped by Management.

Next. Mr. Chryzler Barinos requested for the Corporation's focus in relation to the current global attention to sustainability. The Chairman explained that firstly, the Corporation ensures that it does not contribute to air pollution. Second, the Corporation prioritizes inclusiveness through livelihood and food security, such as enabling indigenous people to be able to generate income.

The fourth question from Mr. Kevin Chua was "As a listed company, there are many compliance requirements, how does the company handle this?". The Chairman answered that since the Corporation's listing in the Philippine Stock Exchange, it has engaged an Investor Relations Officer supported by an assistant and a team of technical personnel. They are constantly up to date on compliance requirements and ensure the Corporation's compliance obligations are met.

The last question was from Ms. Sheila Gomez who asked how the Corporation would describe the manner by which it has expanded. The Chairman responded the Corporation has been expanding throughout its existence in terms of revenues, profits, employee size, production capacity, operational sites and facilities. He noted that throughout this time, the Corporation has garnered awards and recognitions, both locally and internationally.

#### **ADJOURNMENT**

There being no other business to transact, the meeting was thereupon adjourned.

Attested by:

WALTER H. VILLANUEVA Chairman and President

JASON C. NALUPTA Corporate Secretary

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